



Low Voltage Distributed Generation Online Event

November 2020

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Morning

Overview of
Generation
Connections
Process

EREC G5-5
Policy Update

ICE Update

Questions

Afternoon

Update on
Transition to
DSO

RIIO ED2
Update

Net Zero
Update

Questions

Meet the Team



Mark Williamson



Energy Solutions Director

Martin Edmundson



Head of Business Connections

Dominic Allen



Planning Engineer

Matt Savka



Business Connections Delivery
Manager

Keith Evans



DSO Transition and Smart Grid
Engineering Manager

Peter Twomey



Policy Manager

Lynn Tracey



Decarbonisation Officer

Meet the Team – ICE Team



Ami Mathieson



ICE Manager

Hannah Sharratt



**Connections Stakeholder
Engagement & Regulation Manager**

Brian Hoy



Head of Market Regulation

We want to hear your feedback from today's session, please email

ice@enwl.co.uk



End to end Generation Connection Process

Dominic Allen

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LV Generation End to End Process



Types of generation at LV

Application – G98, Integrated Micro-Generation, G99, Required Information

Study Process – LV, HV

Outcomes and Options – Ok to connect, Tap Change, Export limitation, Service upgrade

Commissioning

Opportunity for questions

Types of LV Generation



➤ Photovoltaic (PV)



➤ Battery Storage



➤ Combined Heat and Power (CHP)



➤ V2G chargers (Using an EV Car as a Battery)



Application

G98

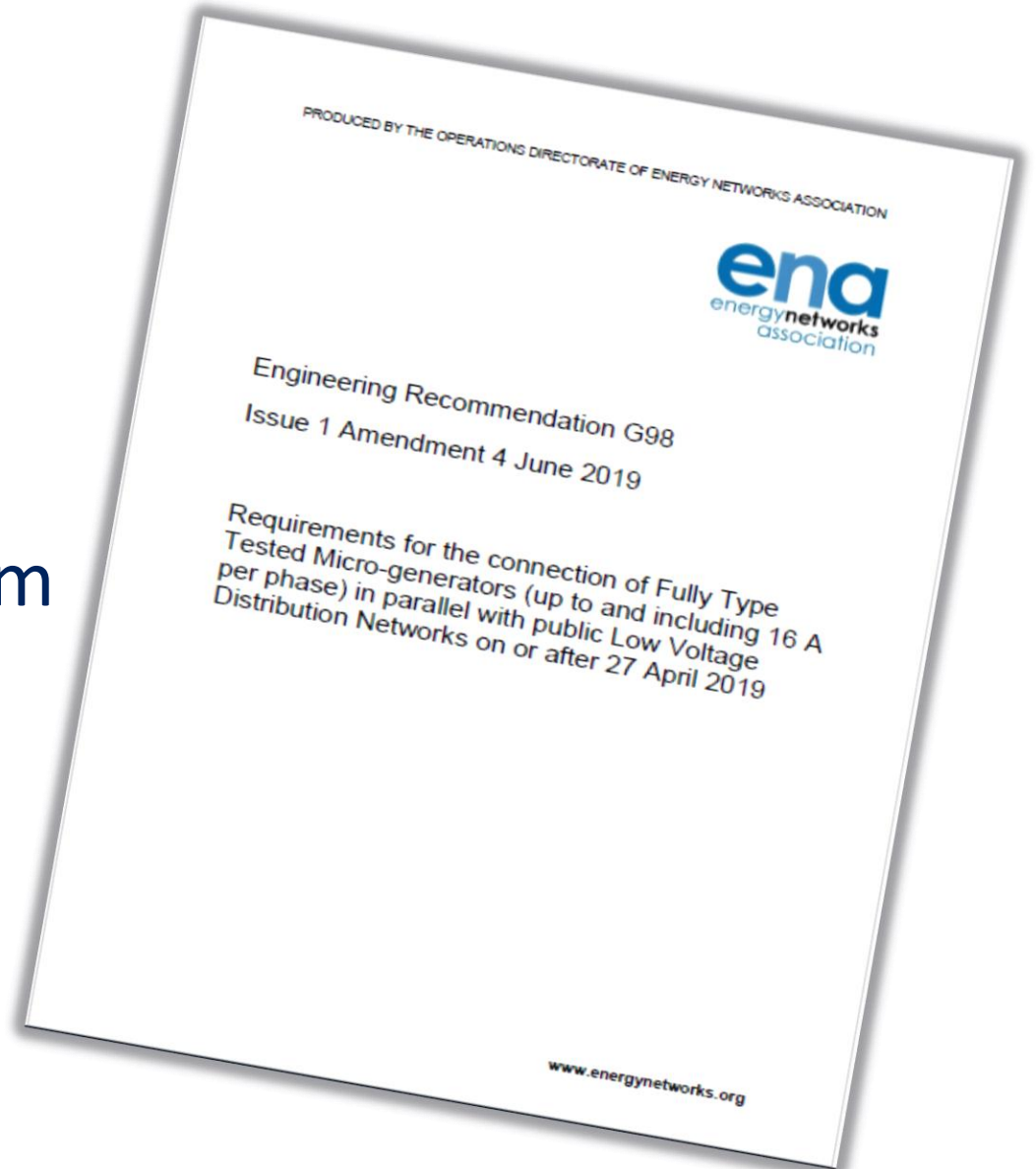
Integrated Micro-Generation

G99





ENA Engineering Recommendation G98 (Formerly G83) is for the connection of generation to the network for any system up to and including 3.68kW (16A) per phase.





Background

- ENA Engineering Recommendation G98 (formerly known as G83) is for the connection of generation systems up to an including 3.68kW (16A) per phase.
- A G98 system does not require a study as it is deemed that the impact on the network is negligible.
- A single phase G98 system will consist of one type of generation with a maximum capacity of 3.68kW.
- A three phase G98 system can either be 3 x single phase 3.68kW, each connected per phase or up to 11.04kW as a single, three phase system.

In the case of a G98 application, the customer may connect and notify

Application – G98



Summary of G98 and G99 Forms

| | Single premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Multiple premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Less than 50kW | Integrated Micro- generation & storage (each up to & including 16 A per phase) | Greater than 50kW & less than 1MW Type A | 1MW to less than 10MW Type B | 10MW to less than 50MW Type C | Greater than or equal to 50MW or >110kV Type D |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| Applicable Standard | G98 | G98 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 |
| Application | | Form A | Form A1-1 | Form A1-2 | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* |
| Notification | Form B | Form B | Form A3-1 | Form A3-2 | Form A3-1 | | | |
| Evidence | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested- Form A2-2 synchronous Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | PGMD** Form B2-1 | PGMD** Form C2-1 | |
| Site Compliance and Commissioning Checks | | | | | Form A2-4 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form B2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form C2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | |
| Installation | | | | | | Form B3 | Form C3 | |

A G98
notification
should be made
by submitting
the G98 'Form
B' to Electricity
North West

*Standard Application Form

**Power Generating Module Document

Application – G98 Required Information



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| Form B: Installation Document for connection under G98 | |
|--|----------------|
| Please complete and provide this document for each premises, once Micro-generator installation is complete. | |
| To ABC electricity distribution | DNO |
| 99 West St, Imaginary Town, ZZ99 9AA | abcde@wxyz.com |
| Customer Details: | |
| Customer (name) | |
| Address | |
| Post Code | |
| Contact person (if different from Customer) | |
| Telephone number | |
| E-mail address | |
| Customer signature | |
| Installer Details: | |
| Installer | |
| Accreditation / Qualification | |
| Address | |
| Post Code | |
| Contact person | |
| Telephone Number | |
| E-mail address | |
| Installer signature | |
| Installation details | |
| Address | |
| Post Code | |
| MPAN(s) | |
| Location within Customer's Installation | |

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| Location of Lockable Isolation Switch | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|-----|--------------|
| Details of Micro-generators. Use a separate line for new and existing installations and for different technology type. Use PH 1 column for single phase supply. | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | Date of Installation | Technology Type / Primary Energy Source please enter code from table below | Manufacturer's Ref No (this number should be registered on the ENA Type Test Verification Report Register as Product ID) | Micro-generator Registered Capacity in kW | | | Power Factor |
| | | | | 3-Phase Units | Single Phase Units | | |
| | | | | PH1 | PH2 | PH3 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Declaration – to be completed by Installer for Micro-generators Tested to EREC G98 | | | | | | | |
| I declare that the relevant Micro-generators and the installation which together form a Micro-generating Plant within the scope of EREC G98 at the above address, conform to the requirements of EREC G98. This declaration of compliance is confined to Micro-generating Plant tested to EREC G98 or EREC G83 as applicable at the time of commissioning. | | | | | | | |
| Signature: | | | | Date: | | | |

| Primary Energy Source | Code | Primary Energy Source | Code |
|-----------------------|------|---------------------------|------|
| Solar PV | 1 | Wind | 2 |
| Hydro (run of river) | 3 | Hydro (reservoir) | 4 |
| Biomass | 5 | Other Renewable | 6 |
| Fossil gas | 7 | Waste | 8 |
| Fossil coal gas | 9 | Fossil oil | 10 |
| Fossil oil shale | 11 | Fossil peat | 12 |
| Geothermal | 13 | Fossil brown coal/lignite | 14 |
| Fossil hard coal | 15 | Hydro pumped storage | 16 |

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| | | | |
|-------------------------|----|-------------------------------|----|
| Marine | 17 | Nuclear | 18 |
| Offshore wind | 19 | Other | 20 |
| Other – battery storage | 21 | Other – storage - not battery | 22 |



As a study is not required, the G98 notification can be sent to the below mailbox. This will be checked by the team and added onto our network records.

G98notifications@enwl.co.uk



Background

- Integrated Micro-Generation, formerly known as 'Fast track' is a part of the ENA G99 Engineering Recommendation.
- It covers systems up to a maximum installation capacity of 7.36kW (32 Amps) limited via a G100 export limitation scheme (ELS) to 3.68kW (16 Amps) of export.
- The main way this is utilised is by installing a 3.68kW PV system, alongside a 3.68kW battery storage unit. The full system is then limited to a maximum export capacity of 3.68kW (16 Amps).

Application – Integrated Micro-Generation Required Information



Summary of G98 and G99 Forms

| | Single premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Multiple premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Less than 50kW | Integrated Micro-generation & storage (each up to & including 16 A per phase) | Greater than 50kW & less than 1MW Type A | 1MW to less than 10MW Type B | 10MW to less than 50MW Type C | Greater than or equal to 50MW or >110kV Type D |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| Applicable Standard | G98 | G98 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | |
| Application | | Form A | Form A1-1 | Form A1-2 | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* | |
| Notification | Form B | Form B | Form A3-1 | Form A3-2 | Form A3-1 | | | |
| Evidence | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested- Form A2-2 synchronous Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | PGMD** Form B2-1 | PGMD** Form C2-1 | |
| Site Compliance and Commissioning Checks | | | | | Form A2-4 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form B2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form C2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | |
| Installation | | | | | | Form B3 | Form C3 | |

*Standard Application Form

**Power Generating Module Document

A G99 Integrated Micro-Generation application should be made by submitting the G99 'Form A1-2' Electricity North West

Application – Integrated Micro-Generation Required Information



Required information for an Integrated Micro-Generation Application:

- G99 Form A1-2
- Site Plan
- MPAN number
- Inverter details (Data sheets)
- Inverter compliance certificates/type test reports
- Battery Storage details
- G100 Export Limitation Scheme (ELS) evidence/report
- A single line diagram of the full system including the G100 ELS

Type A

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Form A1-2: Application for connection of Fully Type Tested Integrated Micro Generation and Storage installations

For Integrated Micro Generation and Storage installations, this simplified application form can be used where all of the following eligibility criteria apply:

- The Power Generating Modules are located in a single Generator's Installation;
- The total aggregate capacity of the Power Generating Modules (including Electricity Storage devices) is between 16 A and 32 A per phase;
- The total aggregate capacity of the Power Generating Modules that are Electricity Storage devices do not exceed 16 A per phase and the total aggregate capacity of the Power Generating Modules that are not Electricity Storage devices do not exceed 16 A per phase. Note that if the total aggregated capacity of Electricity Storage and non-Electricity Storage devices is no greater than 16 A per phase, the single premises procedure described in EREC G98 applies;
- All of the Power Generating Modules (including Electricity Storage units) are connected via EREC G98 Type Tested Inverters (or EREC G83 Type Tested Inverters, where the Power Generating Module was installed prior to 27 April 2019)
- An EREC G100 compliant export limitation scheme is present that limits the export from the Generator's Installation to the Distribution Network to 16 A per phase; and
- The Power Generating Modules will not operate when there is a loss of mains situation.

DNOs may have their own forms; refer to the DNO's websites and online application tools. If the Power Generating Module is registered with the ENA Type Test Verification Report Register, the application should include the Manufacturer's reference number (the Product ID).

If all the eligibility criteria apply the DNO will confirm that the installation can proceed. The planned commissioning date stated on the application shall be within 10 working days and 3 months from the date the application is submitted.

On completion of the installation the Installer shall submit the commissioning sheets, as required in EREC G100 alongside the EREC G99 forms.

To: ABC electricity distribution
99 West St, Imaginary Town, ZZ99 9AA

DNO
abcd@wxyz.com

Generator Details:

| | |
|--|--|
| Generator (name) | |
| Address | |
| Post Code | |
| Contact person (if different from Generator) | |
| Telephone number | |
| E-mail address | |

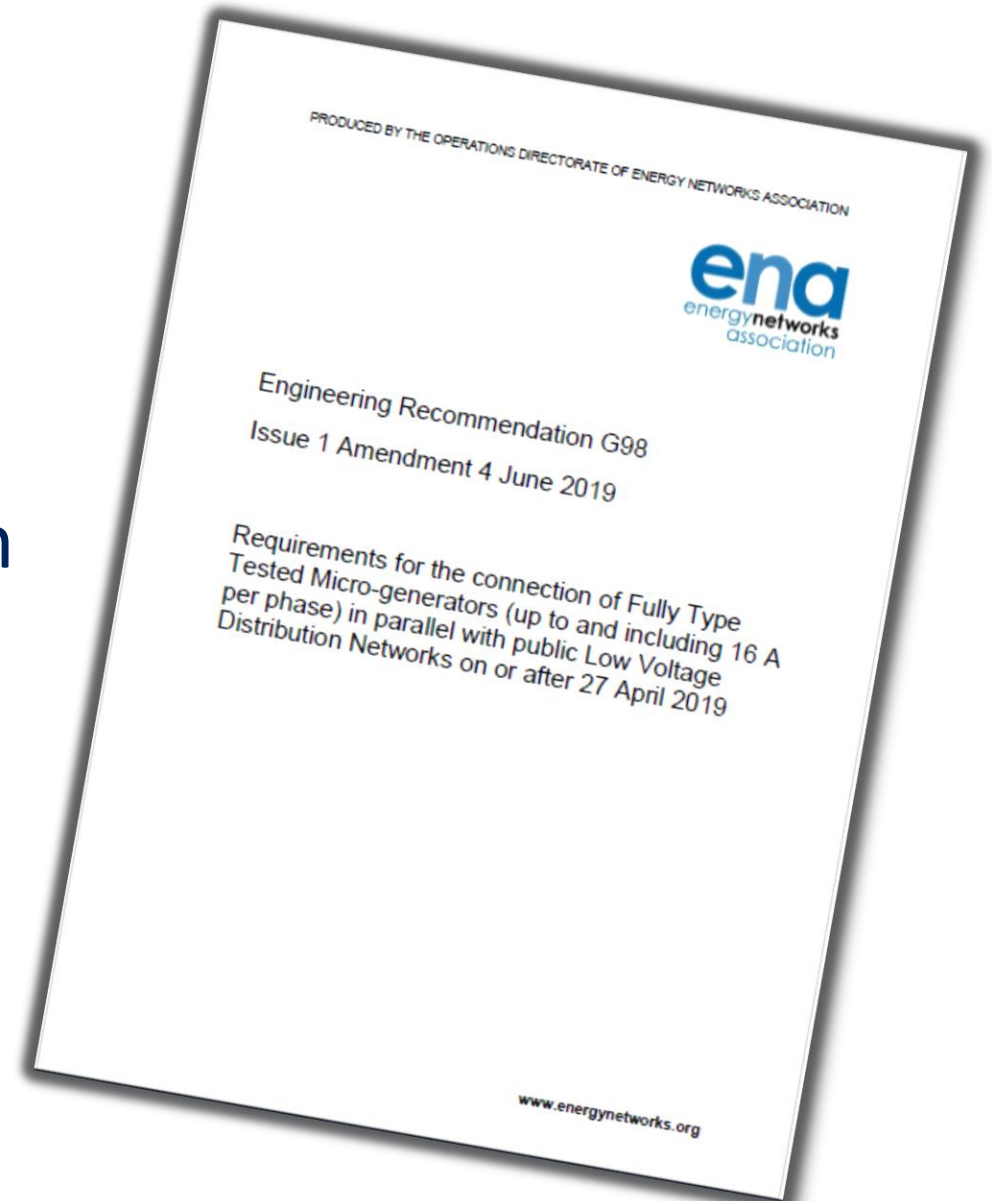


The application is to be sent to the below mailbox. This will be raised by our registrations team and a quote letter will be provided to you by one of our engineers.

connectionapplications@enwl.co.uk



ENA Engineering Recommendation G99 (Formerly G59) is for the connection of generation to the network for any system above 3.68kW (16A) per phase.





Background

ENA Engineering Recommendation G99 (formerly known as G59) is for the connection of generation systems above 3.68kW (16A) per phase.

Above G98 and Integrated Micro-Generation, G99 can be split into two types of applications. This is dependant on the capacity and size of the proposed system:

- A G99 Form A1-1 Application – This is for single phase systems up to and including 17kW, and for three phase systems up to and including 50kW.
- A G99 Standard Application Form (SAF) – This is for single phase systems above 17kW, and for three phase systems above 50kW.

Application – G99 up to 17kW 1ph or 50kW 3ph



Summary of G98 and G99 Forms

| | Single premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Multiple premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Less than 50kW | Integrated Micro-generation & storage (each up to & including 16 A per phase) | Greater than 50kW & less than 1MW Type A | 1MW to less than 10MW Type B | 10MW to less than 50MW Type C | Greater than or equal to 50MW or >110kV Type D |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Applicable Standard | G98 | G98 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | |
| Application | | Form A | Form A1-1 | Form A1-2 | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* | |
| Notification | Form B | Form B | Form A3-1 | Form A3-2 | Form A3-1 | | | |
| Evidence | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested- Form A2-2 synchronous Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | PGMD** Form B2-1 | PGMD** Form C2-1 | |
| Site Compliance and Commissioning Checks | | | | | Form A2-4 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form B2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form C2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | |
| Installation | | | | | | Form B3 | Form C3 | |

A G99 application for systems up to 17kW on a single phase service, or up to 50kW on a three phase service should be made by submitting the G99 'Form A1-1' to Electricity North West

*Standard Application Form

**Power Generating Module Document

Application – G99 up to 17kW 1ph or 50kW 3ph



Required information for a G99 Form A1-1 Application:

- G99 Form A1-1
- Site Plan
- MPAN number
- Inverter/Relay details (Data sheets)
- Inverter/Relay compliance certificates/type test reports
- Battery Storage details (if required)
- G100 Export Limitation Scheme (ELS) evidence/report (if required)
- A single line diagram of the full system including the G100 ELS

Type A

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**A.1 Connection Application Forms for Type A Power Generating Facility
(< 50 kW) (Form A1-1) and Integrated Micro Generation and Storage (Form A1-2)**

**Form A1-1: Application for connection of Power Generating Module(s) with
Total Aggregate Capacity < 50 kW 3-phase or 17 kW single phase**

For Power Generating Modules with an aggregate capacity < 50 kW 3-phase or 17 kW single-phase, this simplified application form can be used. For Power Generating Modules with an aggregate capacity > 50 kW 3-phase, the connection application should be made using the Standard Application Form (generally available from the DNO website).

If the Power Generating Module is Fully Type Tested and registered in the EN A Type Test Verification Report Register, this application form should include the Manufacturer's reference number (the Product ID).

If part of the Power Generating Module is Type Tested and registered with the EN A Type Test Verification Report Register, this application form should include the Manufacturer's reference number (the Product ID) and Form A2-1 or A2-2 or A2-3 (as appropriate) should be submitted to the DNO with this form.

If the Power Generating Module is neither Fully Type Tested or Type Tested then and Form A2-1 or A2-2 or A2-3 should be submitted to the DNO with this form. Alternatively the Standard Application Form should be submitted instead of this form.

To: ABC electricity distribution
99 West St, Imaginary Town, ZZ99 9AA

DNO
abcd@wxyz.com

Generator Details:

| | |
|--|--|
| Generator (name) | |
| Address | |
| Post Code | |
| Contact person (if different from Generator) | |
| Telephone number | |
| E-mail address | |
| MPAN(s) | |

Installer Details:

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Installer | |
| Accreditation / Qualification | |
| Address | |

Application – G99 above 17kW 1ph or 50kW 3ph



Summary of G98 and G99 Forms

| | Single premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Multiple premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Less than 50kW | Integrated Micro-generation & storage (each up to & including 16 A per phase) | Greater than 50kW & less than 1MW Type A | 1MW to less than 10MW Type B | 10MW to less than 50MW Type C | Greater than or equal to 50MW or >110kV Type D |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| Applicable Standard | G98 | G98 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | |
| Application | | Form A | Form A1-1 | Form A1-2 | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* | |
| Notification | Form B | Form B | Form A3-1 | Form A3-2 | Form A3-1 | | | |
| Evidence | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested- Form A2-2 synchronous Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | PGMD** Form B2-1 | PGMD** Form C2-1 | |
| Site Compliance and Commissioning Checks | | | | | Form A2-4 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form B2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form C2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | |
| Installation | | | | | | Form B3 | Form C3 | |

A G99 application for systems above 17kW on a single phase service, or up to 50kW on a three phase service should be made by submitting the G99 'SAF (Standard Application Form)' to Electricity North West

*Standard Application Form

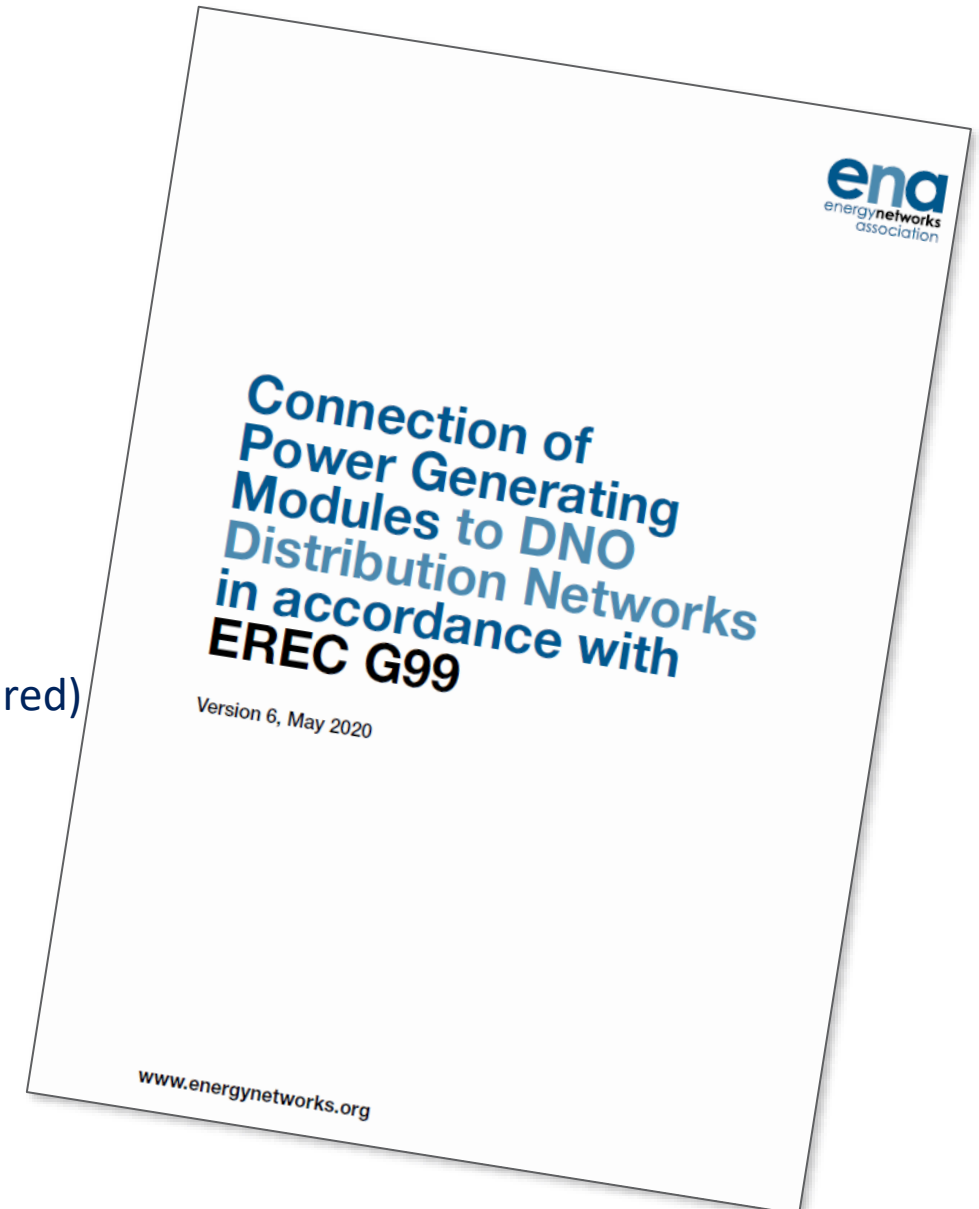
**Power Generating Module Document

Application – G99 above 17kW 1ph or 50kW 3ph



Required information for a G99 SAF Application:

- G99 SAF (Standard Application Form)
- Site Plan
- MPAN number
- Inverter/Relay details (Data sheets)
- Inverter/Relay compliance certificates/type test reports
- Battery Storage details (if required)
- G100 Export Limitation Scheme (ELS) evidence/report (if required)
- A single line diagram of the full system including the G100 ELS



Application – G99 above 17kW 1ph or 50kW 3ph



4 Introduction

The following section provides an overview of the information required to complete each part of the application form, which is divided into the following sections:

| | | |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Part 1 | Contact details, location and operational information | Initial submission |
| Part 1a | Supplementary contact details | Initial submission |
| Part 2 | Power Generating Facility general data | Initial submission |
| Part 3 | Power Generating Module model data | Initial submission |
| Part 3 Section 1a | Summary of the new Generating Units that comprise the Power Generating Module | Initial submission |
| Part 3 Section 1b | Summary of the existing Generating Units that comprise the Power Generating Module | Initial submission |
| Part 3 Section 2 | Generating Unit data | Initial submission |
| Part 4a | Synchronous Power Generating Modules | Prior to synchronising |
| Part 4b | Power Park Module model data: Fixed speed induction Generating Units | Prior to synchronising |
| Part 4c | Power Park Module model data: Doubly fed induction Generating Units | Prior to synchronising |
| Part 4d | Power Park Module model data: Series inverter connected Generating Units | Prior to synchronising |
| Part 4e | Power Park Module model data: Electricity Storage plant | Prior to synchronising |
| Part 4f | Transformer information | Prior to synchronising |
| Part 5 | Additional data which may be required by the DNO | Prior to synchronising |

Main areas to fill in for a
G99 SAF Application:



The application is to be sent to the below mailbox. This will be raised by our registrations team and a quote letter will be provided to you by one of our engineers.

connectionapplications@enwl.co.uk

Study Process

LV & HV





Electricity North West, as the DNO, have a responsibility to ensure the network is safe. With regards to adding generation to the network, the network becomes stretched to the limits, and in cases becomes un-safe should there be no action taken.

Generation systems, when exporting, may increase the network voltage above the statutory limit of 253V. Should this be the case, Electricity North West are required to amend the network to ensure its safety.

The statutory voltage limits as governed by OFGEM is to keep the network between 230V +10%, -6%.

Therefore this means the safe voltage values we can operate between is 253V (230V +10%) and 216.2V (230V -6%).



- The study process begins with modelling the LV network using our network analysis tool.
- We trace the network from your generation location (i.e. the house) back to the feeding substation.
- The network fed from the substation is then modelled in full to provide the full load details of that section.
- We can then use this tool to model the proposed generation.

Study Process - LV



Study Process - LV



The following example is of a 30kW generation system added to a three phase supply

LV AFFIRM - Network Design Calculator - For detailed instructions, see CP226. Version 6.3

Project Name/Number: 5500123456 - Example Generation Project Designer: M Savka Date:
Substation Data: Name: Substation 123456 HV 3- Fault Level: 50 MVA Transformer Description: 3- 750kVA
Loss of Diversity: 8 kW JMD - Type A: 1.0 kW Type B: 1.4 kW Type C: 3.4 kW

| Line Sect'n | Up-stream Section | Length (m) | Description | Section of | No of | Dist'd House s Type A | End House s Type A | Dist'd House s Type B | End House s Type B | Dist'd House s Type C | End House s Type C | Poly End Load (kVA) | 1 End Load (kVA) | Volt Drop at End Node (%) | Cumulative Mains only Impedance (Ω) | S/S + Mains Impedance (Ω) | Earth Fault current |
|-------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| A | X | 24 | 3c 300 Waveform | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | 0.11 | 0.007 | 0.0177 | 11498 |
| B | A | 35 | 3c 185 Waveform | 3 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | 0.30 | 0.020 | 0.0283 | 7198 |
| C | A | 59 | 4c 0.2 SAC (SNE) | 3 | 3 | 7 | | | | | | | | 0.20 | 0.045 | 0.0510 | 4001 |
| D | B | 89 | 3c 185 Waveform | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 6 | | | | | | 0.71 | 0.052 | 0.0591 | 3450 |
| E | D | 29 | 4c 0.2 SAC (SNE) | 3 | 3 | 10 | | | | | | | | 0.84 | 0.070 | 0.0769 | 2651 |
| F | E | 48 | 0.1Cu PILC (SNE) | 3 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | 1.06 | 0.112 | 0.1174 | 1737 |
| G | F | 13 | 0.1Cu PILC (SNE) | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | 1.11 | 0.123 | 0.1285 | 1587 |
| H | G | 42 | 3c 95 Waveform | 3 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | 1.30 | 0.152 | 0.1573 | 1297 |
| J | H | 16 | 25 SAC XC Service | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | 10 | | 1.41 | 0.194 | 0.1990 | 1297 |
| K | H | 24 | 3c 95 Waveform | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | 1.35 | 0.169 | 0.1738 | 1174 |
| L | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| M | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| Q | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| R | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| T | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |
| V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | |

Total Distributor Load (A) 84

| Service Section | (m) | Description | Total Volt Drop | total Loop Impedance (incl S/S) (Ω) | Substation Fuses (A) |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Type A | | | | | Max Fuse for Transformer 630 |
| Type B | | | | | Fuse for Section A Rating 630 |
| Type C | | | | | Max Fuse for Mains Protection 315 |
| | | | | | Min Fuse for Load 100 |

The image shown is of a section of network inputted into the network modelling tool.

Section J is where the new generation will be added to. A 3 phase service cable is feeding the building.

Study Process – LV



LV AFFIRM - Network Design Calculator - For detailed instructions, see CP226.

Version 6.3

electricity
northwest

Project Name/Number 5500123456 - Example Generation Project

Designer

M Savka

Date

Substation Details Name Substation 123456

HV Fault Level

50 MVA

Transformer Description

3 ϕ 750kVA

Loss of Diversity 8 kW

JMD - Type A

1.0 kW

Type B

1.4 kW

Type C

3.4 kW

| Line Sect'n | Up-stream Section | Length (m) | Description | Section of ϕ s | No of ϕ s | Dist'd House s Type A | End House s Type A | Dist'd House s Type B | End House s Type B | Dist'd House s Type C | End House s Type C | Poly ϕ End Load (kVA) | 1 ϕ End Load (kVA) | Volt Drop at End Node (%) | Cumulative Results Mains only Impedance (Ω) | S/S + Mains Impedance (Ω) | Earth Fault current |
|-------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| A | X | 24 | 3c 300 Waveform | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 0.11 | 0.007 | 0.0177 | 11498 |
| B | A | 35 | 3c 185 Waveform | | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | 0.30 | 0.020 | 0.0283 | 7198 |
| C | A | 59 | 4c 0.2 SAC (SNE) | | 3 | 7 | | | | | | | | 0.20 | 0.045 | 0.0510 | 4001 |
| D | B | 89 | 3c 185 Waveform | | 3 | 3 | | 6 | | | | | | 0.71 | 0.052 | 0.0591 | 3450 |
| E | D | 29 | 4c 0.2 SAC (SNE) | | 3 | 10 | | | | | | | | 0.84 | 0.070 | 0.0769 | 2651 |
| F | E | 48 | 0.1Cu PILC (SNE) | | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | 1.06 | 0.112 | 0.1174 | 1737 |
| G | F | 13 | 0.1Cu PILC (SNE) | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | 1.11 | 0.123 | 0.1285 | 1587 |
| H | G | 42 | 3c 95 Waveform | | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | 1.30 | 0.152 | 0.1573 | 1297 |
| J | H | 16 | 25 SAC XC Service | | 3 | | | | | | | 10 | | 1.41 | 0.194 | 0.1990 | 1297 |
| K | H | 24 | 3c 95 Waveform | | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | 1.35 | 0.169 | 0.1738 | 1174 |
| L | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| M | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| Q | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| R | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| T | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |
| V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0132 | | |

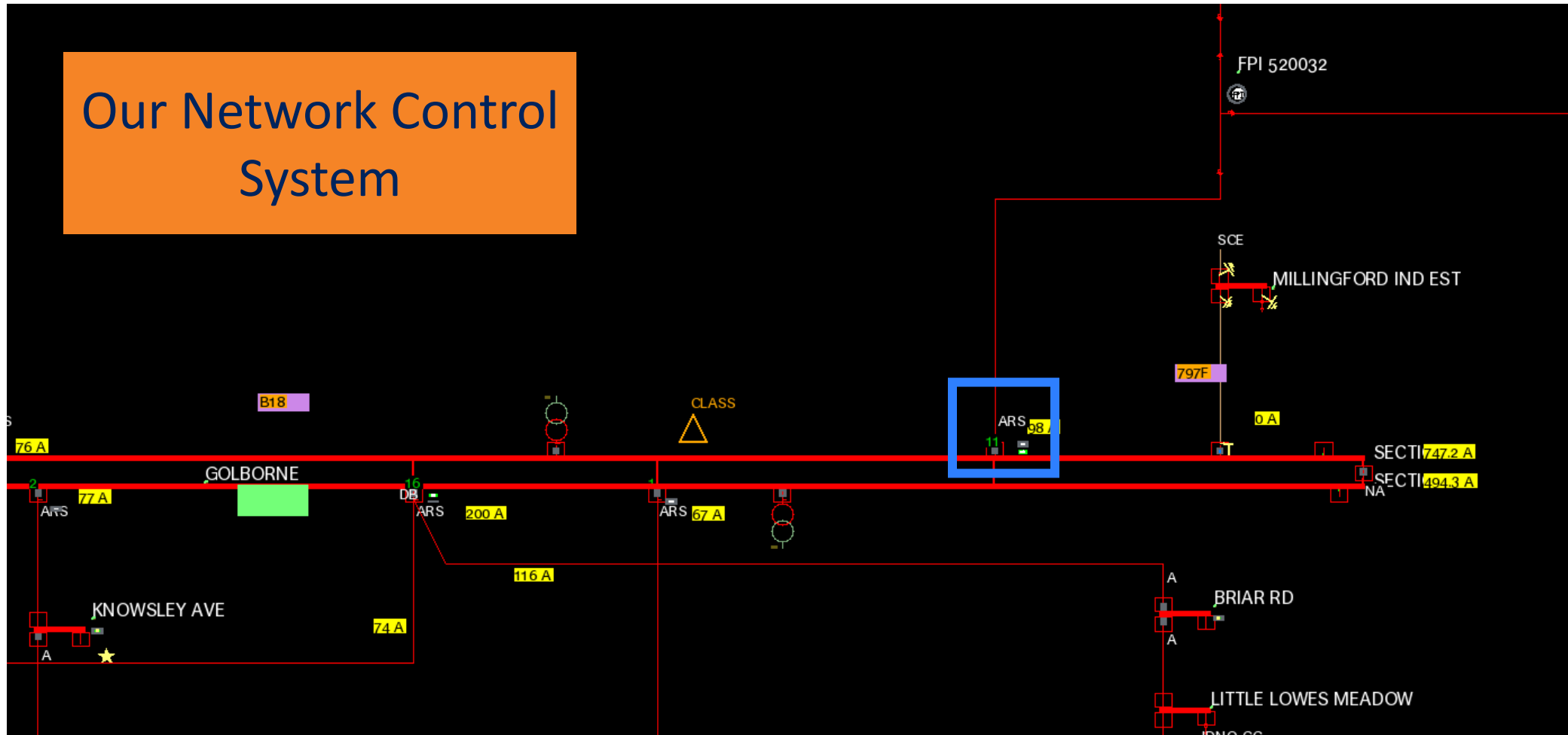
A split is made within the network study. This allows us to model that exact point on the network.

| Service Section | (m) | Description | Total Volt Drop | Total Loop Impedance (incl S/S) (Ω) | Substation Fuses (A) |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|-----------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Type A | | | | | Max Fuse for Transformer 630 |
| Type B | | | | | Fuse for Section A Rating 630 |
| Type C | | | | | Max Fuse for Mains Protection 315 |
| | | | | | Min Fuse for Load 100 |



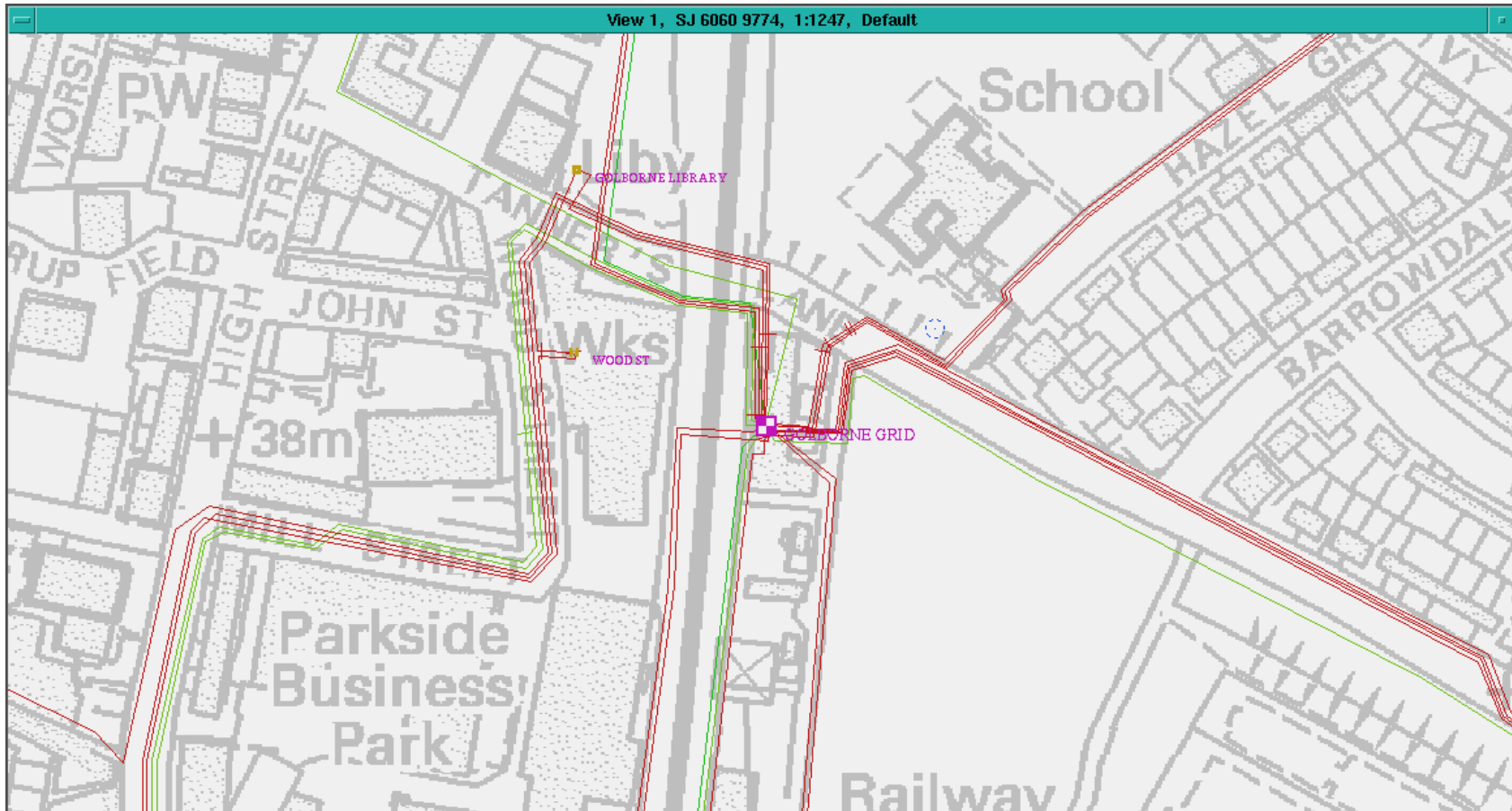
- Once we have the LV network modelled, we look at our HV network.
- For the HV network, we are obtaining 'voltage drop values' this allows us to accurately assess the voltage that is feeding the distribution substation.
- The higher the HV voltage drop, the lower the LV voltage will be. From a generation perspective, this allows further room for export back onto the network.

Primary substation.



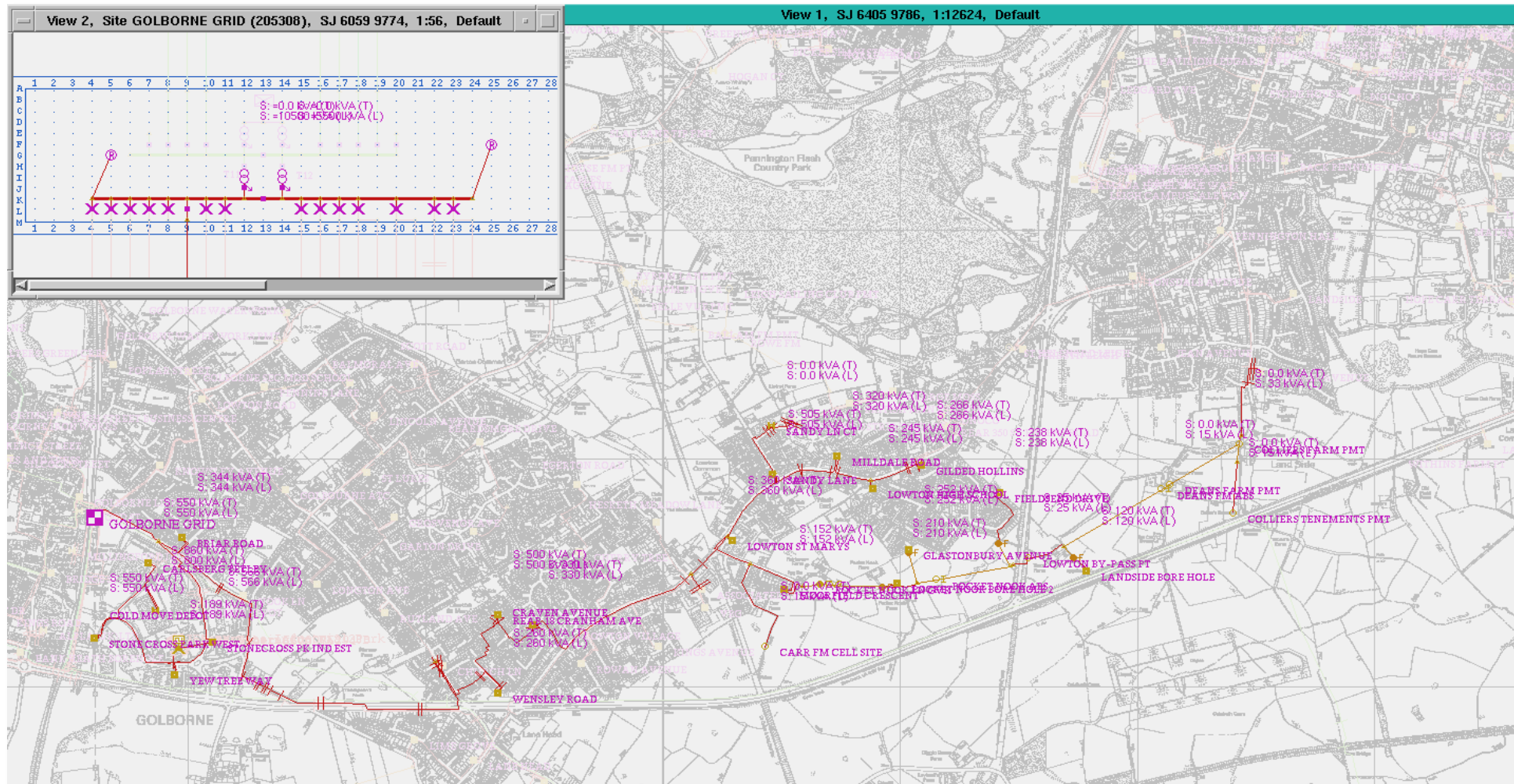


With these values, we can create a load profile on the HV network. Using a model of the HV network, the current value will provide a volt drop at each distribution substation





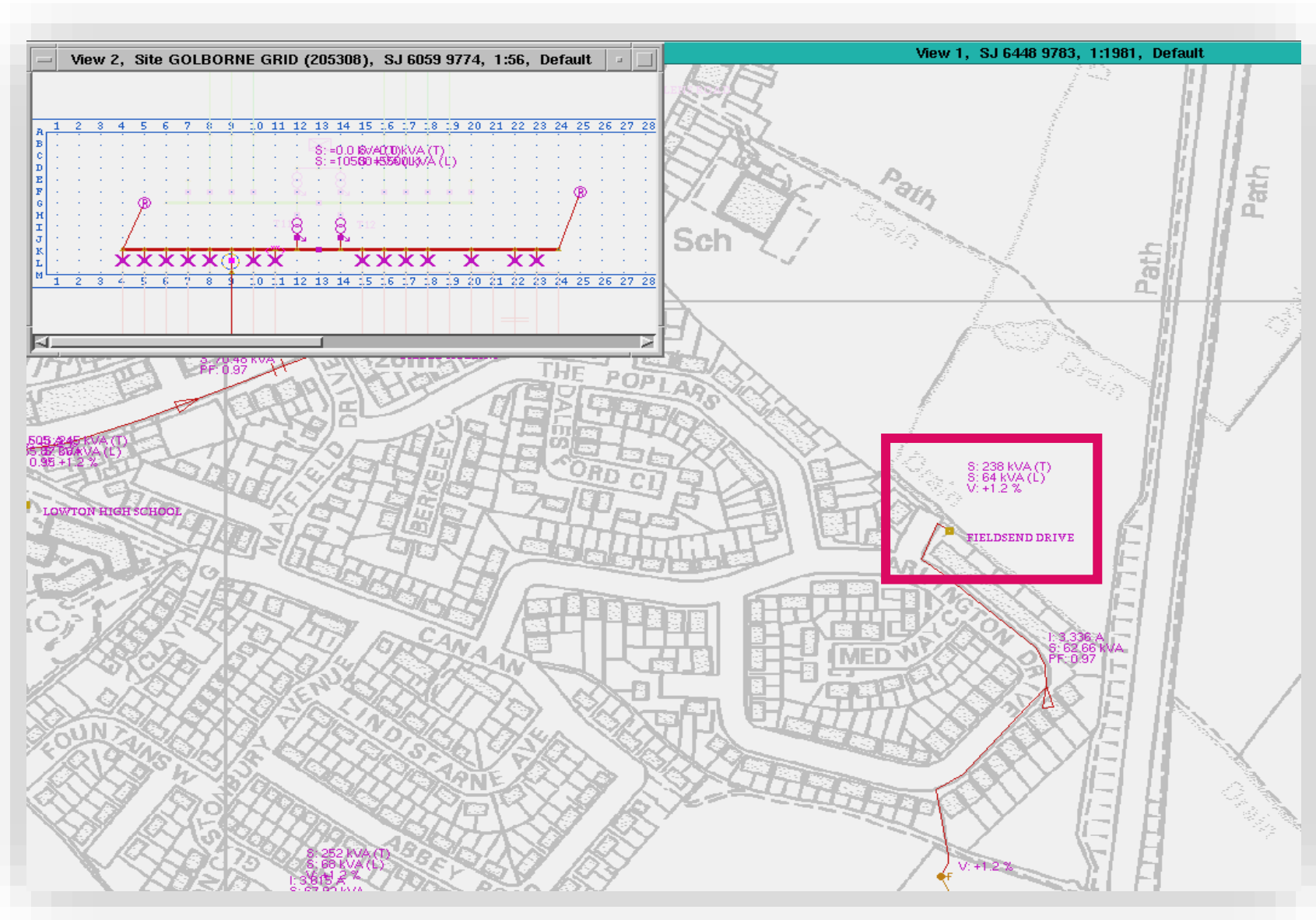
Isolating the HV feeder, we then model the current flow through that section of network.



Study Process - HV



A voltage drop value is given on each distribution substation



Study Process – End result



With all of the gathered information from both of the studies. Our network modelling tool provides an end voltage figure and a Pass/Fail result.

LV AFFIRM - Network Design Calculator - Microgeneration

Version 6.3

electricity
northwest

Project Name/Number 5500123456 - Example Generation Project

Designer M Savka

Date

| | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|--|------|
| HV System (kV) | 11 | Distribution Substation and Network | |
| Actual High from FLA (kV) | 11.132 | Transformer Tap No | 3 |
| Actual Low from FLA (kV) | 11 | Power Factor of Transformer power flow | 1.00 |
| Low Load HV Drop (%) | | Total Gen on Other Distrib'rs (kW per ϕ) | |
| High Load HV Drop (%) | 1.2 | Unbalance Factor | 1.00 |

| Single-Phase Connections | MAD (kW) | Gen (kW) | Others on S/S |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Type A | 0.31 | | |
| Type B | 0.31 | | |
| Type C | 0.31 | | |

| Results | | |
|---------|-------|-----------|
| High V | Low V | Pass/Fail |
| 259.1 | 246.4 | |

| Line Sect'n | 3 ϕ End MAD (kW) | 3 ϕ End Gen (kW) | 1 ϕ End Node MAD | 1 ϕ End Node Gen (kW) | Dist'd MAD (kW) | End Node MAD (kW) | High V at End Node (V) |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| A | | | | | | | 253.4 |
| B | | | | | 0.413 | | 253.8 |
| C | | | | | 0.723 | | 253.3 |
| D | | | | | 0.93 | | 255.2 |
| E | | | | | 1.033 | | 255.8 |
| F | | | | 3.68 | 0.103 | | 257.2 |
| G | | | | | 0.31 | | 257.4 |
| H | | | | | 0.207 | | 258.4 |
| J | 3.21 | 30 | | | | 1.07 | 259.1 |
| K | | | | | 0.31 | | 258.4 |
| L | | | | | | | |
| M | | | | | | | |

| Line Sect'n | 3 ϕ End MAD (kW) | 3 ϕ End Gen (kW) | 1 ϕ End Node MAD | 1 ϕ End Node Gen | Dist'd MAD (kW) | End Node MAD (kW) | High V at End Node (V) |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| ZA | | | | | | | |
| ZB | | | | | | | |
| ZC | | | | | | | |
| ZD | | | | | | | |
| ZE | | | | | | | |
| ZF | | | | | | | |
| ZG | | | | | | | |
| ZH | | | | | | | |
| ZJ | | | | | | | |
| ZK | | | | | | | |
| ZL | | | | | | | |
| ZM | | | | | | | |

Outcomes and Options

Ok to connect
Tap Change
Export limitation
Service upgrade





Ok to connect

Tap Change

Export limitation

Service Upgrade



If there is no alteration needed to the network, the generation system can be added straight away.

Once the acceptance is returned, the commissioning documents should be returned within 10 days of that date.

The commissioning paperwork is then sent to our compliance team.



- The transformers tap allows us to alter the windings of the transformer, this reduces the output voltage by a 2.5% decrease/increase.
- A transformers nominal tap position is '3'. This provides an output voltage of 230/400V should the network be running at nominal. To reduce the output, we can amend the tap position to tap '2'. This will provide more 'room' for generation capacity on the network.
- As generation increases the voltage of the network, by reducing the tap position, and therefore the voltage this provides more availability to add the generation to the network.
- We do not charge for tap changes whereby if the feeding primary HV network was operating at "nominal" voltage the proposed generation would be able to connect without causing "disturbance" to the Low Voltage network.



- After a Tap change, should the network voltage still be above statutory limits, a G100 export limitation scheme can be used to limit the amount of export below the statutory voltage value of 253V.
- However with this, the maximum total generation installed regardless of the export limitation can't exceed 255.3V (253V+1%). This is due to protecting the network should the export limitation fail or not operate correctly.
- The export limitation can also be used to avoid the cost of a tap change should it be chargeable.



As a last resort, we can look into further options to upgrade the service cable.

For example this may be a case of upgrading from a single phase service to a three phase service.

Service upgrades are rare, and only used once all of the other options have been exhausted.

Commissioning





Once you have sent your acceptance in to Electricity North West we will require the commissioning paper work for the generation system.

Should the scheme require a Tap Change, there will be a waiting period whilst we carry out these works before you are able to commission and turn on the system.

There are different commissioning forms dependant on the type of application.

Commissioning – Integrated Micro-Generation



Summary of G98 and G99 Forms

| | Single premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Multiple premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Less than 50kW | Integrated Micro-generation & storage (each up to & including 16 A per phase) | Greater than 50kW & less than 1MW Type A | 1MW to less than 10MW Type B | 10MW to less than 50MW Type C | Greater than or equal to 50MW or >110kV Type D |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Applicable Standard | G98 | G98 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | |
| Application | | Form A | Form A1-1 | Form A1-2 | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* | |
| Notification | Form B | Form B | Form A3-1 | Form A3-2 | Form A3-1 | | | |
| Evidence | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested- Form A2-2 synchronous Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | PGMD** Form B2-1 | PGMD** Form C2-1 | |
| Site Compliance and Commissioning Checks | | | | | Form A2-4 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form B2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form C2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | |
| Installation | | | | | | Form B3 | Form C3 | |

*Standard Application Form

**Power Generating Module Document

For applications under the Integrated Micro-Generation Application.

The commissioning form required is:

Form A3-2

Commissioning – Less than 50kW



Summary of G98 and G99 Forms

| | Single premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Multiple premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Less than 50kW | Integrated Micro-generation & storage (each up to & including 16 A per phase) | Greater than 50kW & less than 1MW Type A | 1MW to less than 10MW Type B | 10MW to less than 50MW Type C | Greater than or equal to 50MW or >110kV Type D |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| Applicable Standard | G98 | G98 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | |
| Application | | Form A | Form A1-1 | Form A1-2 | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* | |
| Notification | Form B | Form B | Form A3-1 | Form A3-2 | Form A3-1 | | | |
| Evidence | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested- Form A2-2 synchronous Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | PGMD** Form B2-1 | PGMD** Form C2-1 | |
| Site Compliance and Commissioning Checks | | | | | Form A2-4 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form B2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form C2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | |
| Installation | | | | | | Form B3 | Form C3 | |

*Standard Application Form

**Power Generating Module Document

For applications under the G99 Form A1-1, up to 17kW 1ph or 50kW 3ph.

The commissioning form required is:
Form A3-1

Commissioning – Above 50kW



Summary of G98 and G99 Forms

| | Single premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Multiple premises Up to and including 16 A per phase | Less than 50kW | Integrated Micro-generation & storage (each up to & including 16 A per phase) | Greater than 50kW & less than 1MW Type A | 1MW to less than 10MW Type B | 10MW to less than 50MW Type C | Greater than or equal to 50MW or >110kV Type D |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Applicable Standard | G98 | G98 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | G99 | |
| Application | | Form A | Form A1-1 | Form A1-2 | SAF* | SAF* | SAF* | |
| Notification | Form B | Form B | Form A3-1 | Form A3-2 | Form A3-1 | | | |
| Evidence | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If fully type tested but not registered with the ENA- Form C | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested – Form A2-1 synchronous <50kW, Form A2-2 synchronous >50kW or Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | If not type tested- Form A2-2 synchronous Form A2-3 inverter connected gen | PGMD** Form B2-1 | PGMD** Form C2-1 | |
| Site Compliance and Commissioning Checks | | | | | Form A2-4 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form B2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | Form C2-2 if the Interface Protection is not Type Tested or for other site compliance tests | |
| Installation | | | | | | Form B3 | Form C3 | |

*Standard Application Form

**Power Generating Module Document

For applications under the G99 Form A1-1, up to 17kW 1ph or 50kW 3ph.

The commissioning form required is:
Form A3-1



Commissioning paperwork should be sent to the below mailbox.
This will be checked by the compliance team.

G98G99ComplianceCheck@enwl.co.uk

Useful Links





All of the correct forms can be found within the ENA Resource Library.

ENA Resource Library - <https://www.energynetworks.org/industry-hub/resource-library/>

Inverter details can be found using the ENA Type Test Register, however we may still require further information for them.

ENA Type Test Register - <https://www.ena-eng.org/gen-ttr/>

Any questions?





G5/5 for LV DG

Peter Twomey

Stay connected...



www.enwl.co.uk

Agenda



1

Introduction to Engineering
Recommendation G5

5

Stage 2 – information
requirements

2

Reminder of the structure of G5

6

Approximately 10 minutes

3

Stage 1 – differences between
G5/4 and G5/5

7

Summary of changes

4

Stage 1 – information
requirements

8

Changes to limits in G5/5



Engineering Recommendation G5

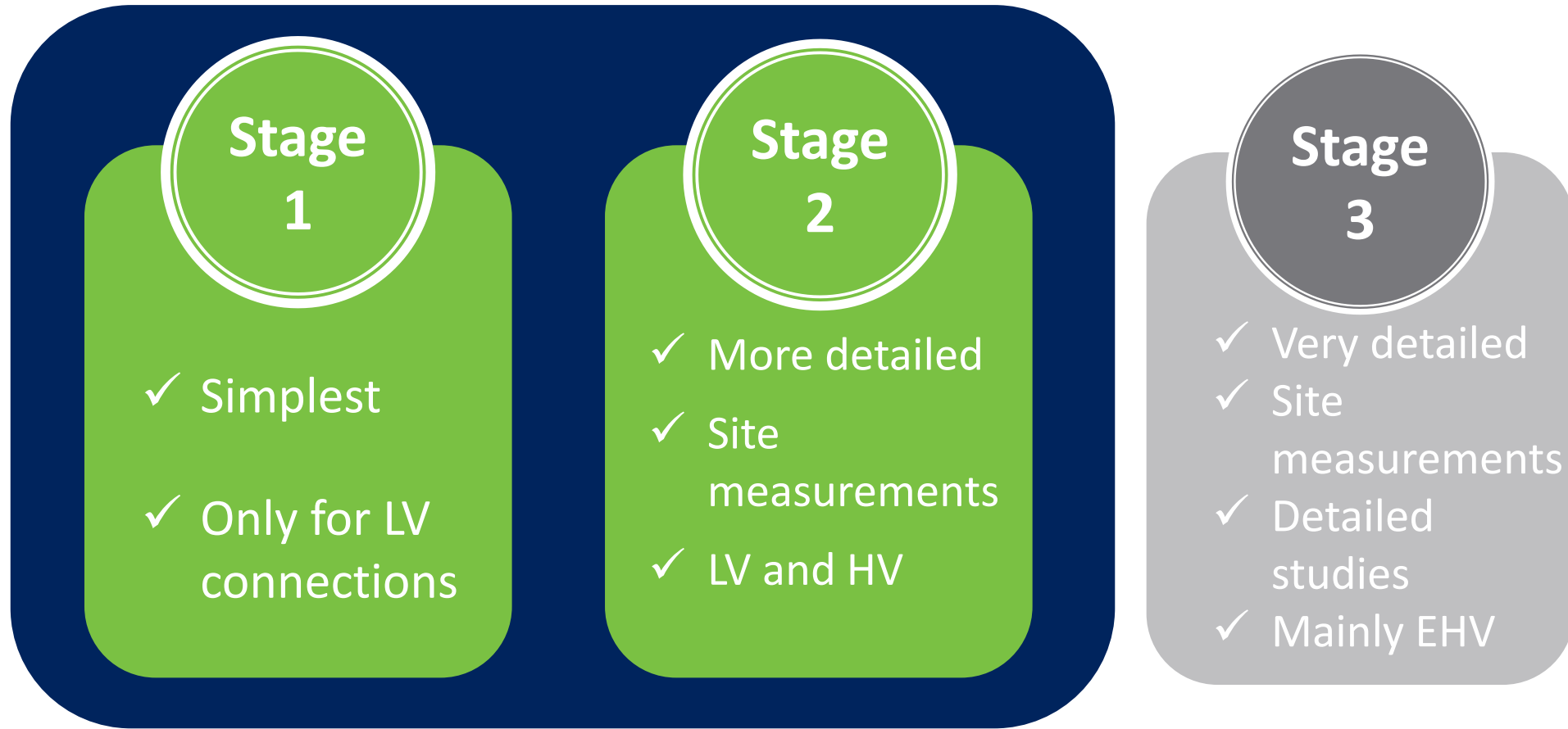
Issue 5 2020

Harmonic voltage distortion and the connection of harmonic sources and/or resonant plant to transmission systems and distribution networks in the United Kingdom

Implementation – 17th June 2020

There are major changes affecting Electricity North West and our customers

Reminder: G5 assessment have 3 Stages:



Today's webinar considers Stage 1 and Stage 2 only

It gives an overview and summarises information required. It is not intended to demonstrate the detailed workings of G5.



Stage 1 and 2 split into substages

Up to 100th Harmonic

Generic equipment type introduced

Other G5/4 requirements remain

Stage 1- new process



LV only

Substages 1A, 1B, 1C and 1D

ONLY:

Three-phase six-pulse converters

Three-phase active-front-end converters

Three-phase twelve-pulse converters

Single-phase rectifiers

1A

Assessment by compliance with IEC 61000-3-2
Less than 16Amps

1B

Assessment by compliance with IEC 61000-3-12
Less than 75Amps

1C

Assessment based on aggregate equipment rated power, short-circuit power at the PCC and technology type

1D

Assessment based on aggregate equipment rated power, short-circuit power at the PCC, technology type and background harmonic level



Stage 1A information

- Declaration of conformity with IEC 61000-3-2
- Unconditional connection – no network information needed
- Applies to equipment <16A

Stage 1B information

Declaration of conformity with IEC 61000-3-12, either:

1. 'Compliant with IEC 61000-3-12', or
2. 'Compliant with IEC 61000-3-12 if short circuit power $S_{sc\ pcc}$ is greater or equal to xx'

Conditional connection – needs network assessment

This is not new – this approach has been used for many years



Stage 1C information

Confirmation of equipment type:

- 3 phase 6 pulse converter
- 3 phase 12 pulse converter
- Single phase rectifiers

3 phase active front end converter

Assessment is based on **equipment type** rather than harmonic current emissions of each device

Stage 1D

- Very similar to Stage 1C
- Based on the same equipment type categories
- Uses **measured background harmonic voltages** rather than assumed

Stage 2



Substages 2A, 2B and 2C

HV and those connections failing to comply via Stage 1

2A

Assessment based on aggregate equipment rated power, short-circuit power at the PCC and technology type

HV Only

2B

Assessment based on aggregate equipment rated power, short-circuit power at the PCC, technology type and measured harmonic emissions

HV Only

2C

Prediction of the harmonic voltage distortion post-connection based on current emissions and a simple reactance model for the source with a multiplication factor to allow for any low-order harmonic resonance



| Stage | Substage | Information required | Site Background measurements? | Voltage |
|-------|----------|---|-------------------------------|---------|
| 1 | 1A | Compliance statement IEC61000-3-2 | ✗ | LV |
| | 1B | Compliance statement IEC61000-3-12 | ✗ | LV |
| | 1C | Equipment Type (3 phase 6 pulse etc) | ✗ | LV |
| | 1D | Equipment Type | ✓ | LV |
| 2 | 2A | Equipment Type | ✗ | HV |
| | 2B | Equipment Type | ✓ | HV |
| | 2C | Harmonic current emissions | ✓ | LV & HV |
| 3 | - | Impedance profile, limits for incremental harmonic voltages and total harmonic voltages | ✓ | EHV |



Planning and Compatibility limits are now defined using voltages aligned to GB system

| For us... | THD Planning Limit %FDN | Comment on G5/5 planning limits |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| LV | 5% | Slight increase to some higher orders |
| HV: 11kV & 6.6kV | 4.5% (previously 4%) | Slight increase to some higher orders |

There have been some increases in planning and compatibility limits to match international standards. G5/ 5 now allows assessment up to the 100th harmonic:
ENWL will only use up to the 50th of stage 1 and 2.



Incentive on Connections Engagement (ICE) Update

Ami Mathieson

Stay connected...



www.enwl.co.uk

ICE 2020-21 Workplan Performance



| | |
|--|---|
| ➤ We will provide guidance on the application process. | ✓ On track ✓ Online event November 2020 |
| ➤ We will communicate with our stakeholders on Engineering Recommendation G98 & G99 requirements for the connection of generation equipment. | ✓ Online event November 2020 |
| ➤ We will continue to target improved customer satisfaction. | ✓ 95% average customer satisfaction obtained by Q2 |
| ➤ We will provide updates on activity to support the transition to green energy and the wider green economy | ✓ Online event November 2020 |
| ➤ We will provide stakeholders with the opportunity to receive detailed briefings on industry level changes | ✓ G5-5 Policy briefing |
| ➤ We will improve access to Network Information | ✓ Complete – training material available on website |
| ➤ We will improve information available on battery storage. | ✓ Improvements to webpage |



| | |
|---|--|
| ➤ We will clarify the process followed when connecting LV generation. | ✓ Online workshop November 2020 |
| ➤ We will keep stakeholders informed on the transition of Distribution Network Operators (DNO) to carrying out enhanced Distribution System Operation (DSO) functionality | ✓ Online workshop November 2020 |
| ➤ We will endeavour to offer alternative flexible connections solutions to customers where it is appropriate to do so. | ✓ On track |
| ➤ We aim to outperform the regulatory standard by providing quotes on average in 22 working days (compared to the guaranteed standard of 35 working days) | ➤ Year to date average of 18 working days |
| ➤ We will strive to improve our Time to Connect for DG LV connections where on site works are required. | ➤ No applicable projects so far this year. |



- | | |
|---|---|
| ➤ We will continue to offer opportunities for stakeholders to engage with us. | ➤ Online workshop November 2020, plus specific webinars hosted and more to come. |
| ➤ We will engage with community & local energy stakeholders. | ➤ 2 online events delivered – more to come. |
| ➤ We will continue to communicate with our stakeholders. | ➤ 2 x quarterly newsletters plus specific communications delivered to our distribution list |

Any comments please contact ice@enwl.co.uk

We would love to hear your feedback, please get in touch with either Ami or Hannah should you have anything to discuss after the session.



Lunch Break

11:45 – 12:30





Update on Transition to DSO

Keith Evans

Stay connected...



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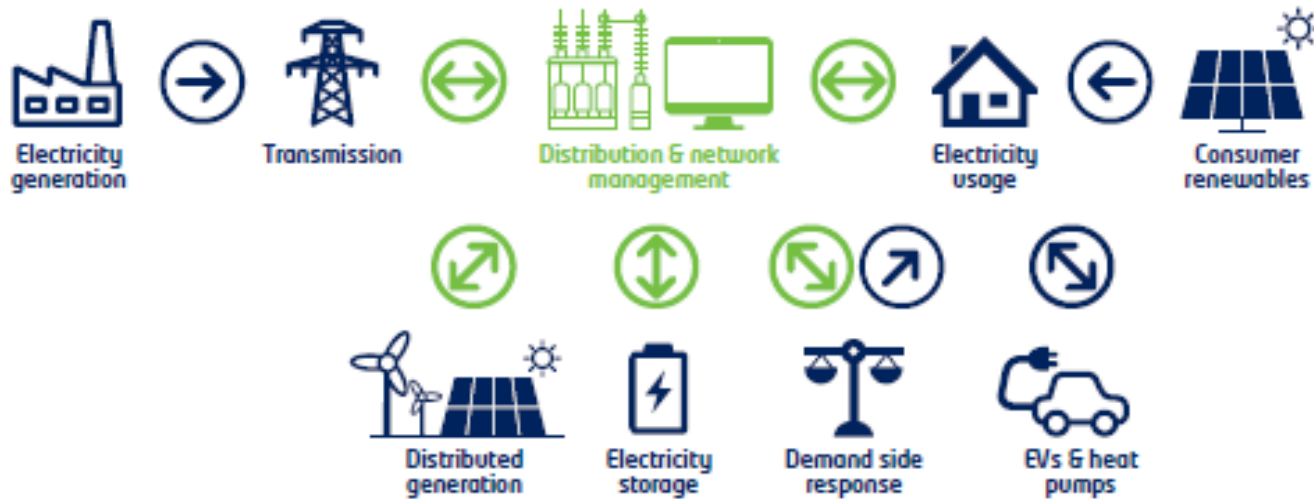
Electricity distribution has changed



What used to be relatively simple...



...is becoming far more complex and multi-directional



- Electricity - historically a centralised model that changed little
- Now more complicated and multi-directional
- Encouraging and enabling low carbon technologies to connect
- Electricity demand set to double by 2050
- All customers need cleaner, greener energy to enable and enhance 21st century living

Benefits of DSO transition



Improved customer experience

- Improved customer experience through sharing of best practice within the ENA Open Networks project



Efficiency savings

- Increase utilisation of networks assets allowing for efficiency savings



Whole system investment

- Improved whole system investment decisions through closer working relationships with other network providers



Low carbon economy

- Facilitating the transition to a low carbon economy.



Increased flexibility

- Allowing all customers the ability, independent of size, to participate in energy trading and balancing



Increased productivity

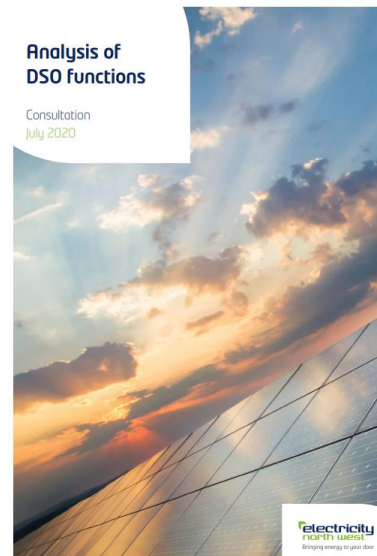
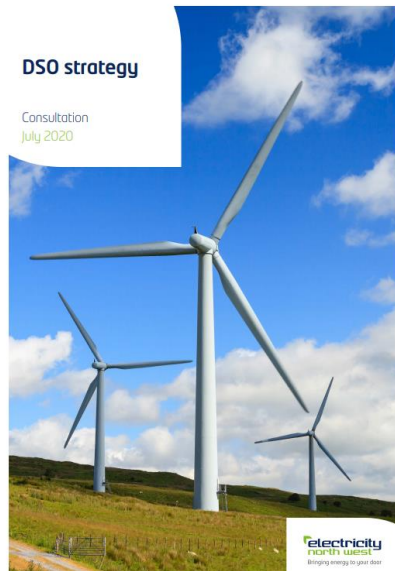
- Increased productivity as a result of developing new modelling tools, implementing new systems, and improved automation



ENWL DSO consultations

- In May 2020 we launched 3 DSO related consultations.
- The feedback was broadly supportive of our DSO strategies
- We will now review the plans based upon feedback and re-publish
- The feedback will also be used to inform our ED2 business plans
- We are still open to more feedback

<https://www.enwl.co.uk/go-net-zero/our-plans-to-go-net-zero/dso/>



What have we done to so far



Distribution Future Electricity Scenarios Documents

- 2 years of DFES publications
- The data is now available in an excel workbook
- In July 2020 we consulted on our DFES inputs
<https://www.enwl.co.uk/get-connected/network-information/dfes/>



Requests of Flexible Services

- 19 Requirements published
- 6 Tenders undertaken
- 68.85MW asked for
<https://www.enwl.co.uk/go-net-zero/flexible-services/>



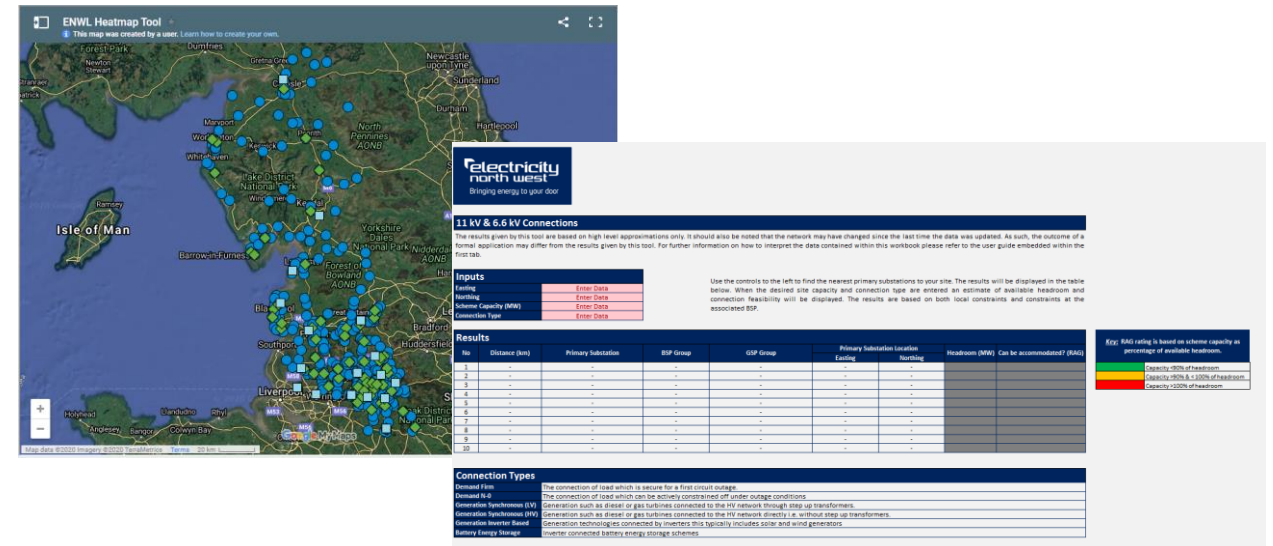
What have we done to so far



Heat Mapping Tools

- Available in geographical and tabular formats.
- Regular updates to reflect the most up to date information

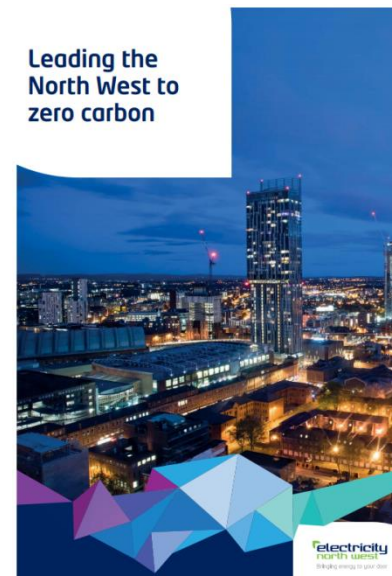
<https://www.enwl.co.uk/get-connected/network-information/heatmap-tool/>



Carbon Plan

- Publication of the carbon plan in 2019
- Maps out how we intend to reduce emissions 10% year on year.

<https://www.enwl.co.uk/go-net-zero/our-plans-to-go-net-zero/leading-the-north-west-to-net-zero/>



What have we done to so far



Open Networks Project

- Standardised flexible services agreements and product naming
- Developed joint FES methodologies
- Developed and consulted upon new interactivity and queue management processes
- Developed heat mapping good practice
- Created a [DSO roadmap](https://www.energynetworks.org/creating-tomorrows-networks/open-networks) for UK's transition to DSO (including DNOs, TOs, ESO, ENA, BEIS, and Ofgem)

<https://www.energynetworks.org/creating-tomorrows-networks/open-networks>



ENA DSO Implementation Plan

Purpose:

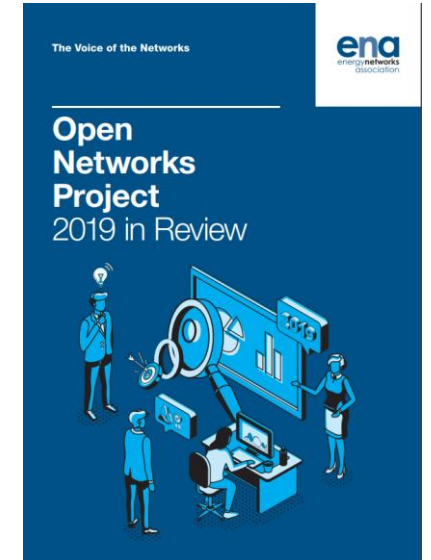
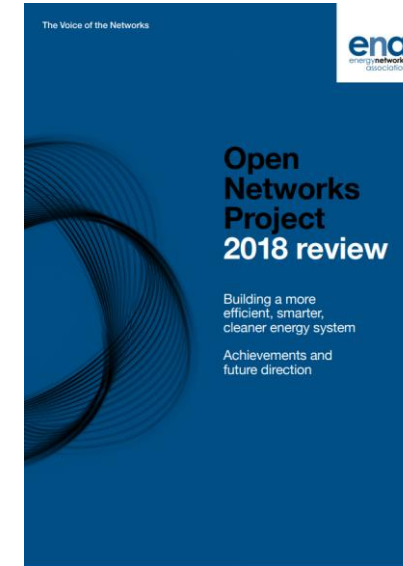
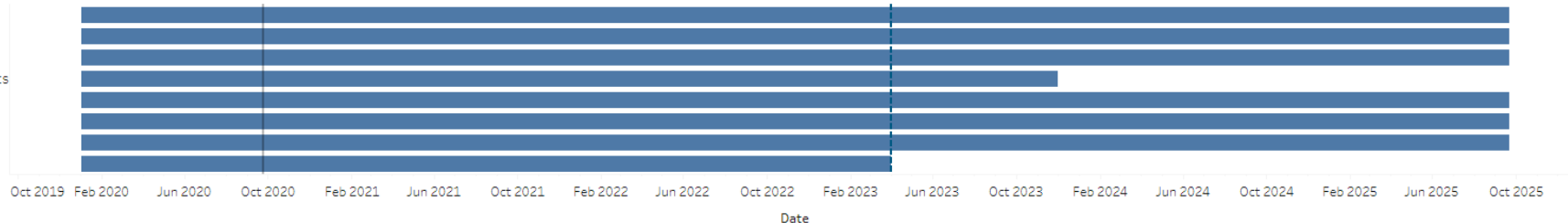
The aim of the DSO Implementation Plan visualisation is to provide visibility of actions and implementation of change for all electricity network and system operators that are required to progress the least regrets pathway to Distribution System Operation (DSO).

Time frame

Medium term

Function

1. System Coordination
2. Network Operation
3. Investment Planning
4. Connections and Connection Rights
5. System Defence and Restoration
6. Services and Market Facilitation
7. Service Optimisation
8. Charging





Flexible Connections

- ENWL offer a range of flexible connections options:
 - **System Normal Connection** - A system normal connection is disconnected or constrained when there is a First Circuit Outage affecting the circuit dedicated to supplying the customer or the local Distribution System. This connection could be managed either remotely or via an intertripping scheme.
 - **Export Limited Connection** - A connection where the installed generation equipment has a greater export capability than that which has been agreed to be exported onto the Electricity North West distribution system.
- We are also offering limited trials of:
 - **Timed Connection** - A connection arrangement where connection capacity is subject to restrictions within specific time periods.
 - **Import Limited Connection** - A connection where the installed equipment has a greater import capability than that which has been agreed to be imported from the Electricity North West distribution system.

It is not always possible to technically or financially facilitate a flexible connection to all sites. Your designer will be able to advise on a site by site basis.

<https://www.enwl.co.uk/get-connected/apply-for-a-new-connection/flexible-connections/>

Highlights of current work



- The development of operational IT systems for managing power flows (ANM)
- Establishment of a neutral market trading system to facilitate trading of flexible services in near real time.
- Establishment of a DSO control desk within the existing control centre
- Improving the quality and quantity of information available to stakeholders
- Reducing ENWLs carbon emissions and encouraging others to do the same
- Offering a greater range of connections options with a range of flexibility
- Updating of policies and procedures
- Improving forecasting techniques, and publishing our data in the form of heat maps, DFES, and flexible services requests
- Developing enhanced modelling tools and techniques and introducing automated connections processes.



Accelerated Loss of Mains Change Programme (ALoMCP)

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G59 requires UK Generation owners to install loss of mains (LoM) protection at their generation sites. This is to ensure that, following a fault that isolates sections of the distribution system to which they are connected from the rest of the electricity system, distributed generation does not form an autonomous power island with the remaining local demand.

The two most common forms of LoM protection are rate of change of frequency (RoCoF) relays and vector shift (VS) relays.

By September 2022 to comply with the latest requirements, it will be necessary to revise the LoM protection settings for all the existing non-type tested embedded generation fleet to:

Ensure that where rate of change of frequency (RoCoF) protection relays are used, as part of Loss of Mains protection, the applied setting should be 1Hz/s with a definite time delay of 500ms.

Ensure that vector shift (VS) protection technique should be removed where it is in use

Remove LoM protection from all generation except synchronous and DFIG where a suitable RoCoF setting cannot be made without additional investment.

Progress

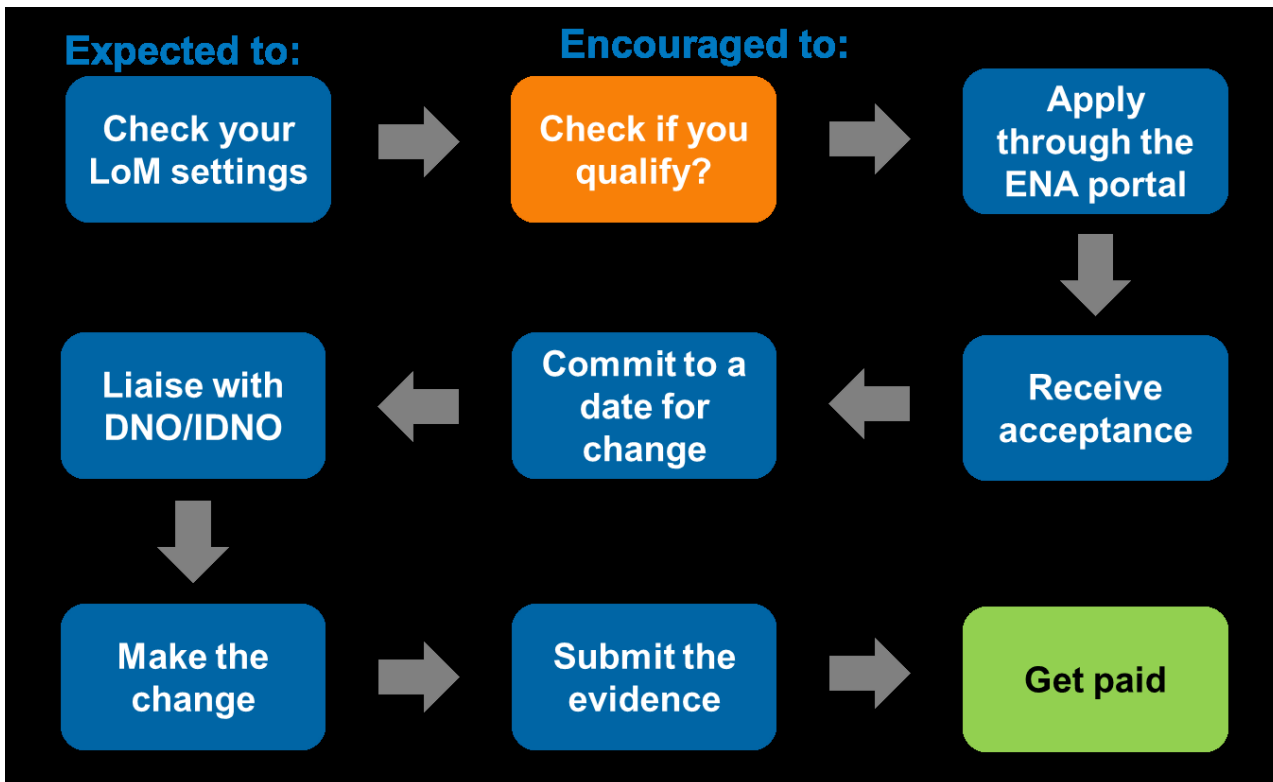


| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | |
| 4/6 | 224 | 178 | 224MW | £570k |
| application windows complete | accepted applications | confirmed changes to protection | generation capacity updated | In payments made |



Percentage of generators on our network with updated protection

Get involved



Window 6 opened on 11/11/20 and will run for 3 calendar months.

Applications can be made at:
<https://www.ena-eng.org/ALoMCP/>

For help and assistance please contact:
ALoMCP@enwl.co.uk

Further information can be found at:
<https://www.enwl.co.uk/get-connected/network-information/accelerated-loss-of-mains-change-programme/>



RIIO ED2 – Ofgem Proposals for Connections

Hannah Sharratt / Brian Hoy

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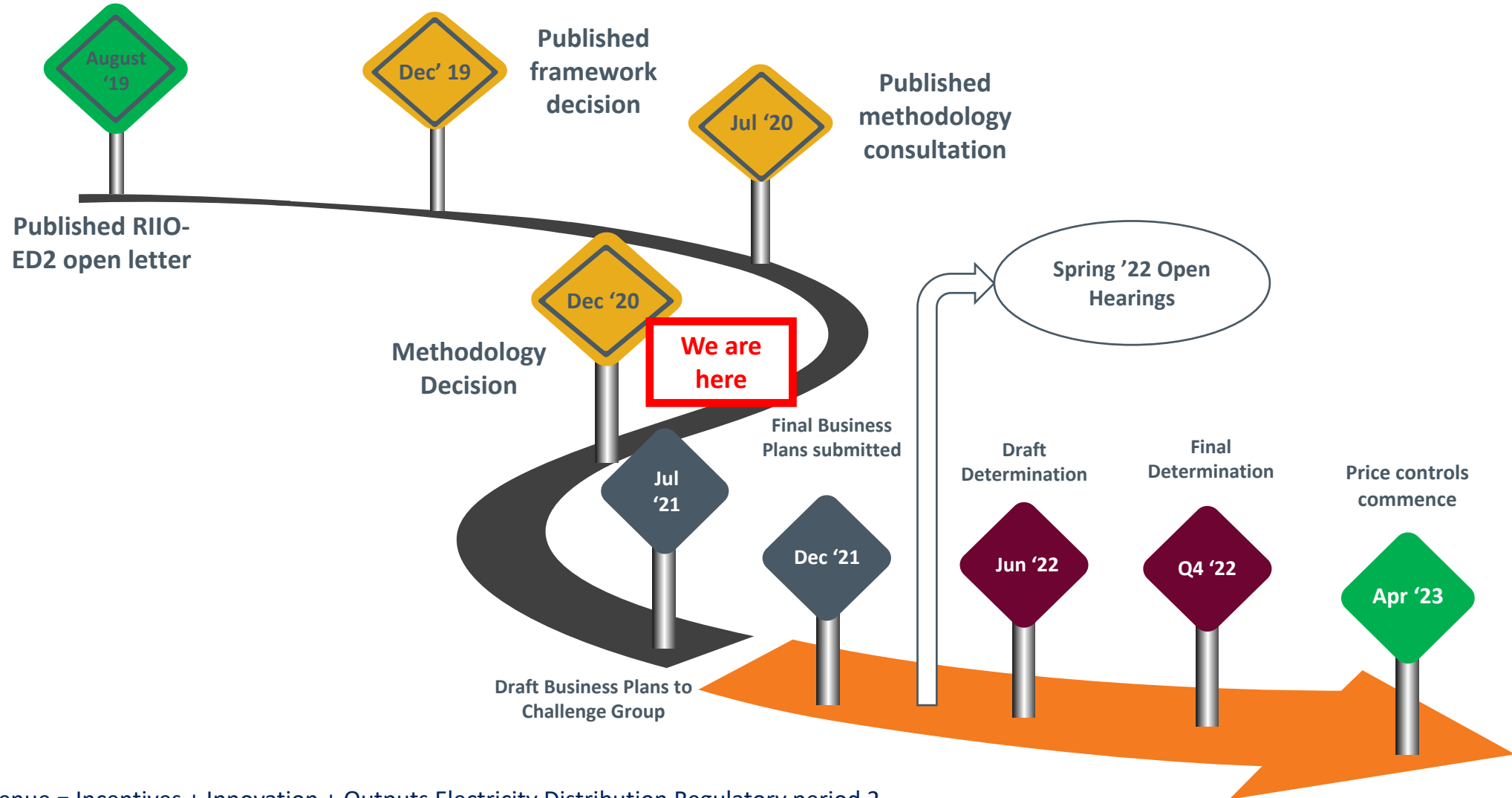


- RIIO-ED2 Timeline
- The Ofgem Proposals for Major Connections
- Discussion
 - Key priorities
 - Baseline Standards
- Summary & Next Steps

RIIO-ED2 timeline



RIIO-ED2* is the next regulatory period (2023-2028).



*RIIO-ED2 : Revenue = Incentives + Innovation + Outputs Electricity Distribution Regulatory period 2



As part of its **Sector Specific Methodology Consultation (SSMC)** Ofgem consulted on removing ICE and replacing with new mechanism.

- Details sections 5.37 to 5.61 of Annex 1

https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2020/07/ed2_ssmc_annex_1_delivering_value_for_money_services_for_customers.pdf

Ofgem proposal :

- New framework that doesn't apply to market segments that passed Competition Tests
- Based on connections strategies in Business Plan
 - Potential for penalty or reward through Business Plan Incentive
- Ex post assessment of performance
 - Potential for penalties & rewards
- Incentive 0.1% base revenue per market segment in scope



Connections strategies

- DNO's vision for meeting customers needs aligned to three high level principles
- Tangible links between deliverables, outcomes/benefits & comparison to existing provision
- Encourage common metrics
- Funded through baseline allowances to deliver strategies

Ex post assessment

- Hold to account for delivery of strategies
- Assess delivery of strategies and met performance targets
- Assessed once in price control & at end
- Potential for reward and penalties



- Whist Ofgem hasn't yet decided on the framework for ED2 we are keen to get your input to develop our thinking
- We expect to have to submit a Business Plan next summer which will include our Connections Strategy for the DG LV market segment
- We would like to understand:
 - Your priorities
 - Your feedback on the key stages of the connections process



To help us get feedback from everyone, please open
www.menti.com
on your phone or your desktop and to answer these questions.

Enter code 26 13 88 4

Your responses will form the basis for group discussion.



- Over the next 5-10 years...

What are your
3 biggest
challenges?

What areas for
improvement
in performance
are most
important?

As a DSO, how
should we
enable Net Zero
Carbon for DG
LV connections?



Discussion – Minimum Requirements





| Baseline Standard | Reported Evidence |
|--|--|
| Provide access to graphical network records that show the location, size and type of assets | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Description of how access is gained eg, online, registration process etc• Description of information provided |
| Provide information on capacity that is available | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Transparent, good quality and frequency of updates |
| Communicate a clear and simple connections process that includes clarity of DNO, customer and third party responsibilities | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clear information on how to apply etc for infrequent customers |
| Provide access to support via relevant experts | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Make various platforms available for customers to contact |

How important / relevant is this to you? (1-10)

How would you rate ENWL's current performance? (1-10)



| Baseline Standard | Reported Evidence |
|---|--|
| Clearly communicate the range of options available for customers to apply for new connections | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Easy online access to application forms and technical standards• Online application process |
| Discuss the customer needs to ensure accurate quotation and design | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Number of times options discussed• Volume of requotes due to design errors |
| Provide quotes in a timely manner | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Measure and report on average time to quote• Performance against Guaranteed Standards |
| Provide and appropriate level of cost breakdowns in quotes | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clear breakdown of itemised costings and assumptions/caveats |

How important / relevant is this to you? (1-10)

How would you rate ENWL's current performance? (1-10)



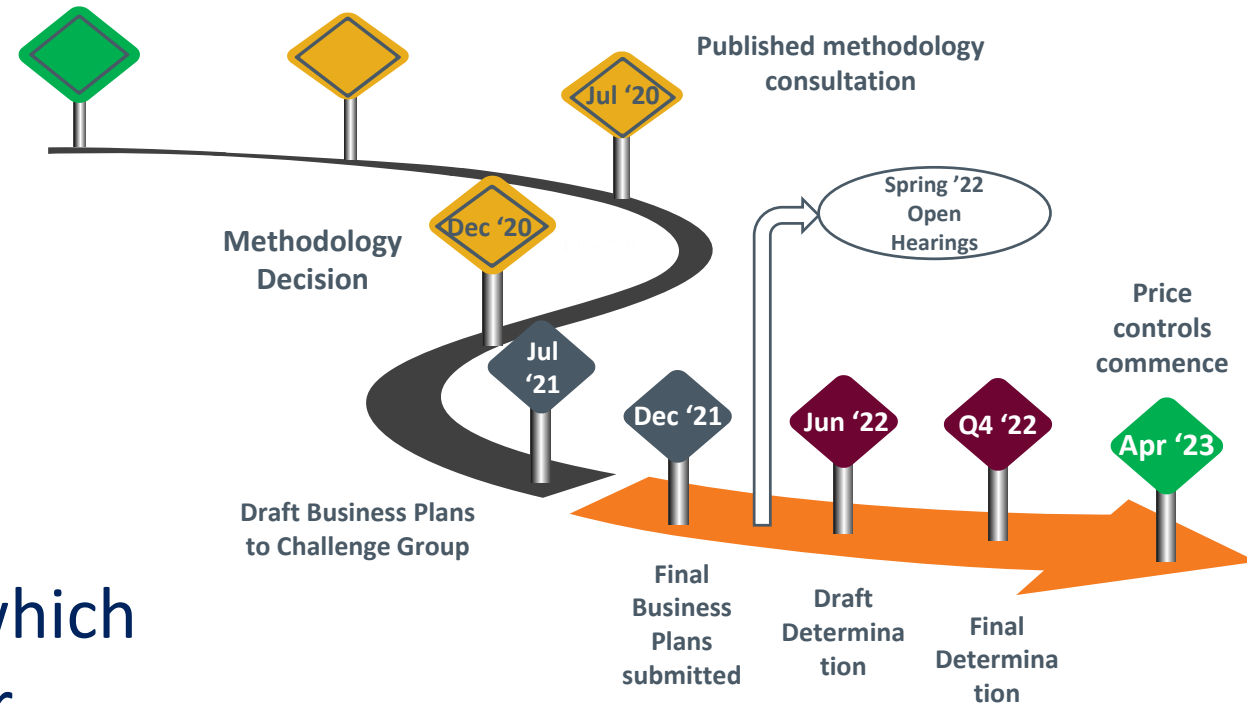
| Baseline Standard | Reported Evidence |
|---|--|
| Provide connection in a timely manner | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Variance from the agreed delivery programme• Timescales for witness testing |
| Provide clear communication of G98 & G99 requirements | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clear communication of requirements• Provide FAQ, training, access to experts etc |
| Provide timely updates on the progress of connections | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Details of frequency of updates (may only be for account/portfolio) |
| Provide updates on any changes that impact on the costs or timescales of the connection | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prompt discussion and visibility of changes required to cost/timescales/design |

How important / relevant is this to you?

How would you rate ENWL's current performance? (1-10)



- Collate feedback
 - Summarise results
 - Develop draft strategy
 - Review & validate outcomes
-
- Write Connection Strategies which feed into our Business Plan for 2023-2028.





The road to Net Zero

Lynn Tracey

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Leading the way to the zero carbon future



Carbon literacy training to SLT & WLT

Two net-zero carbon depots

Four electric mini diggers

Two net-zero carbon subs

Lighting replaced with LEDs

Electric Vehicles (EVs)

Smart Street

Launched our Leading the North West to zero carbon plan in March 2019

- Presenting how we'll spend £63.5m decarbonising our own operations and helping businesses, colleagues and customers to do the same

Strategic investment for low carbon techs (LCTs)

Trialling Mobile Asset Assessment vehicle (MAAV)

Renewable energy tariff



DELIVERING REGIONAL NET ZERO CARBON

Stimulate LCT adoption

Facilitate LCT adoption

Efficient and timely
capacity provision

Carbon Plan
Exemplars
trusted information
stakeholder engagement

DSO
Long term planning
strategic infrastructure
Markets
Visibility

Rolling ED2
engagement plan

Strategic
infrastructure, ENW
carbon footprint

DSO transition plan,
Digital and Data strategy,
ED2 Capacity Plan



Energy master plans

Collaborating with Cadent to provide Energy Master Plans for GM, Lancs and Cumbria

Energy blueprints

Pathways to net zero

Provides certainty to others to invest now

Dfes

Forecasts the network capacity requirements arising from the growth of LCTs
Gathering stakeholders' views for Dfes 2020

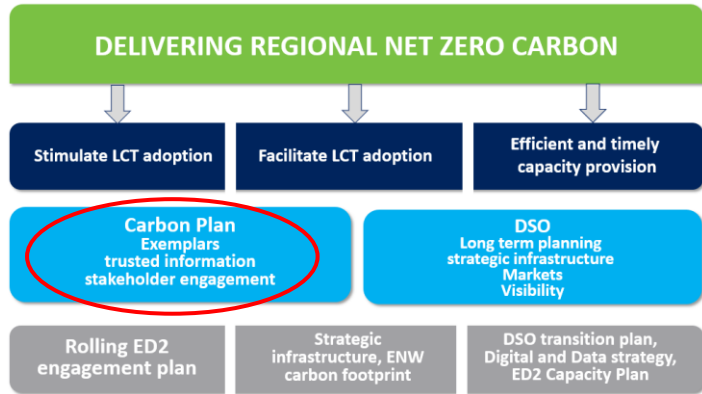
Informs our investment plans and provides visibility of flexibility opportunities

DSO transition document

Implementation plan for Ofgem approved DSO functions.
Sets out the commercial framework to allow others to participate in the flexibility market

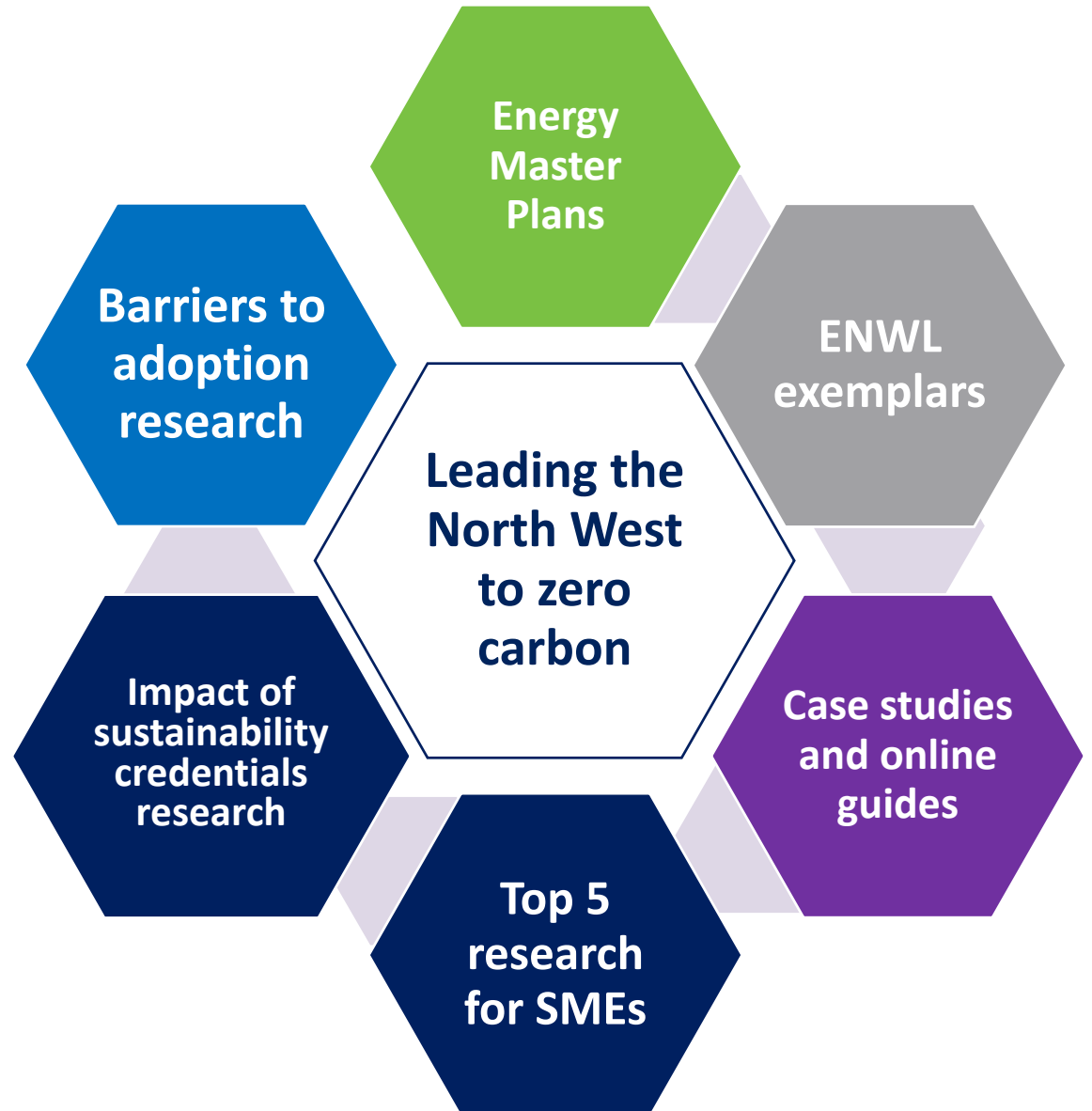
Digital and data strategy
ED2 capacity plan £

Stimulating LCT adoption

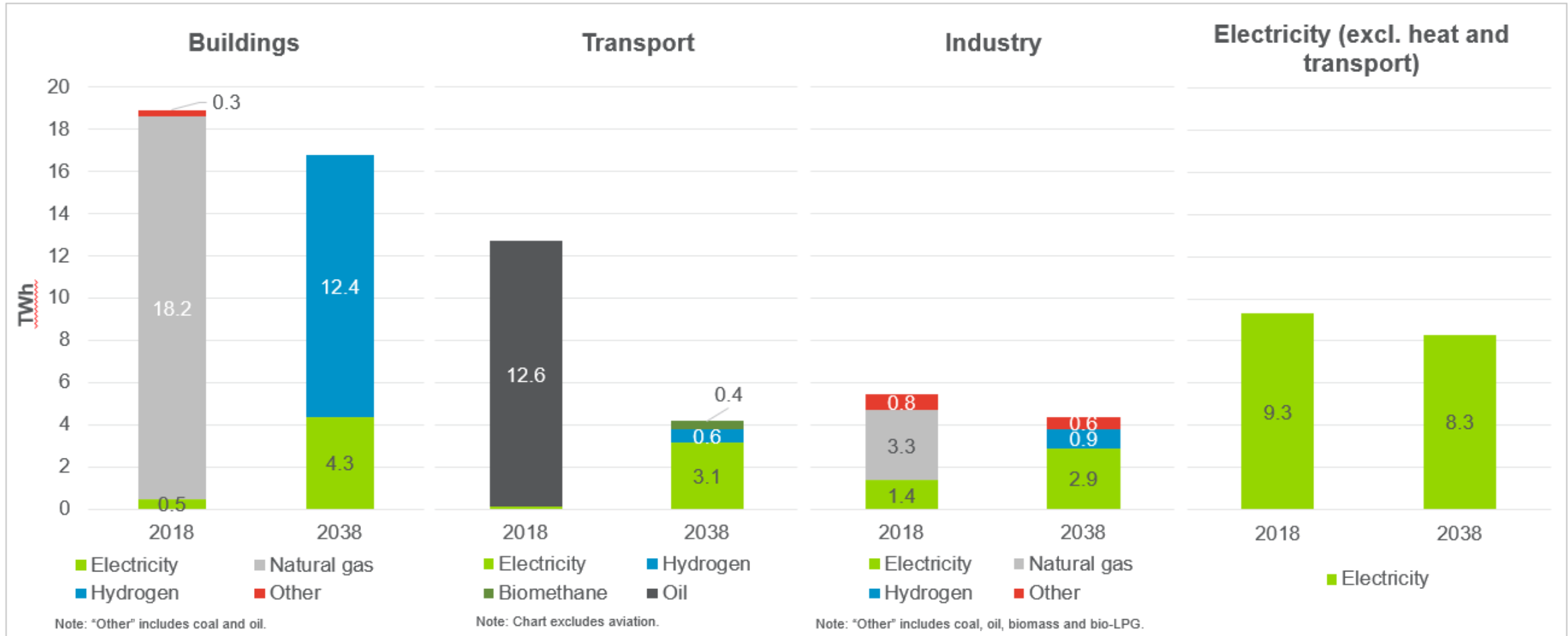


Responding to what we heard from stakeholders:

- Exemplars – trusted case studies
- What businesses can and should do now and why?
- Building independent trusted advisor brand



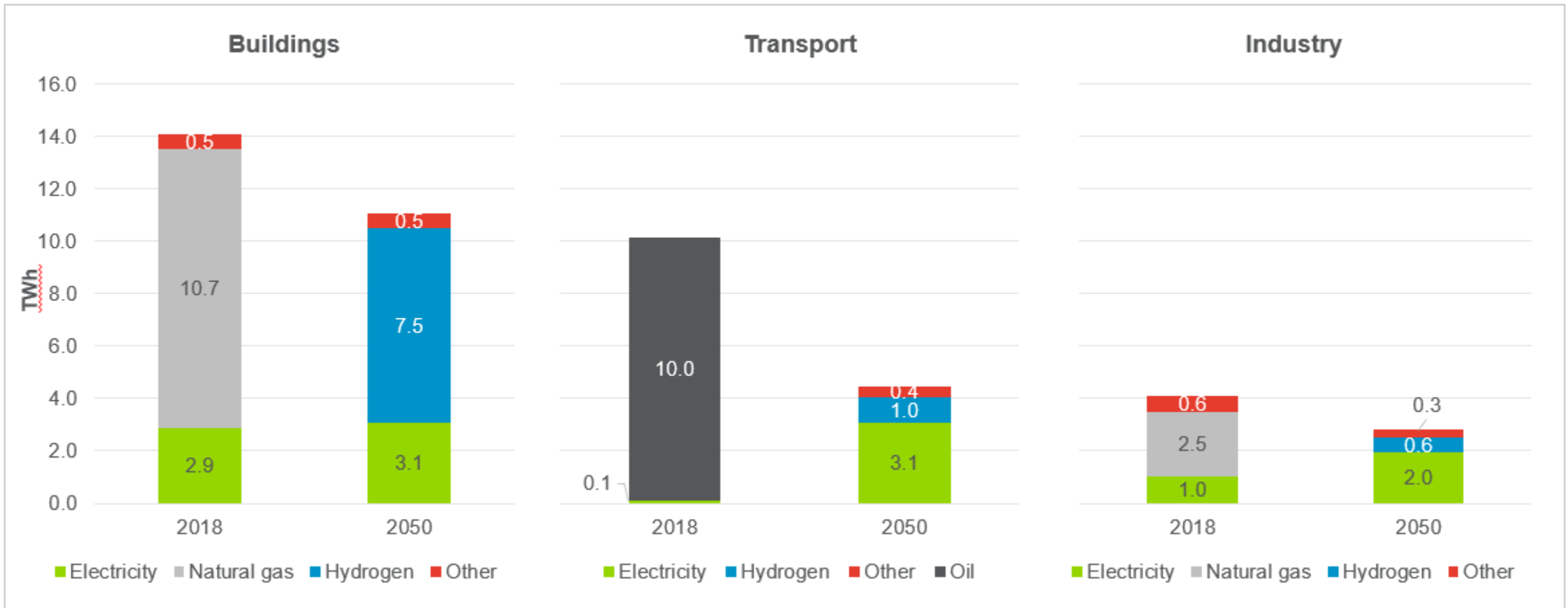
Greater Manchester energy master plan



- Total demand drops from 51 to 39TWh
- Elec demand increases from 11 to 18.6TWh
- Hybrid heating and hydrogen boilers will be dominant tech

- Transport electrifies. Role for hydrogen in HGVs
- Low temp industrial processes electrify
- Hydrogen becomes viable from 2025

Lancashire energy master plan



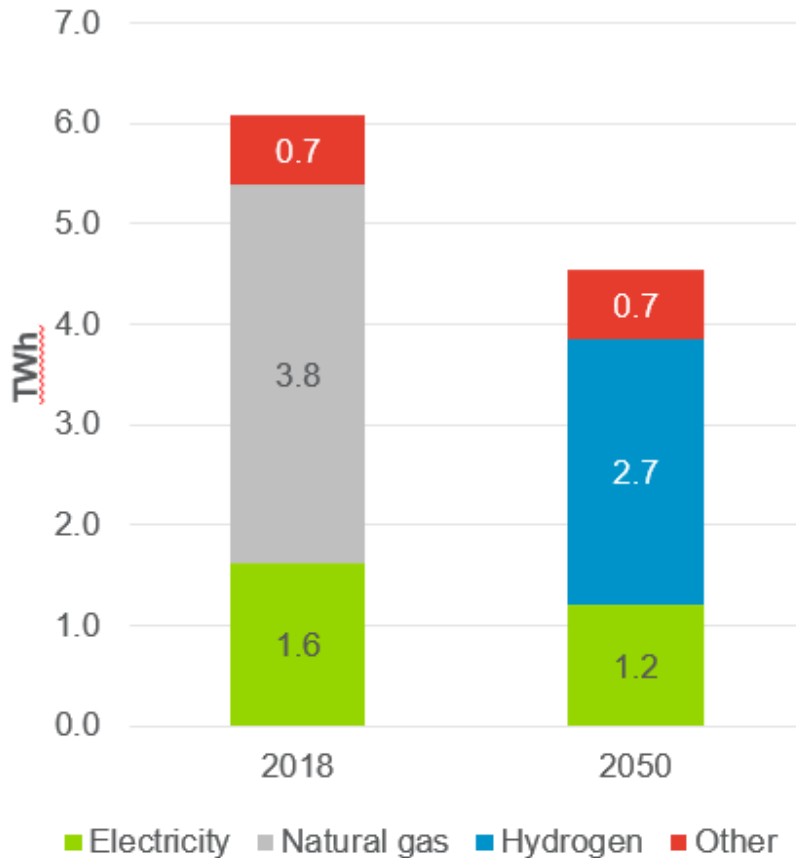
- Total demand drops to 22TWh
- Buildings > to 51%
- Transport < to 21%

- Large potential for on and offshore wind
- From mid-2030s can produce significant amount of green hydrogen

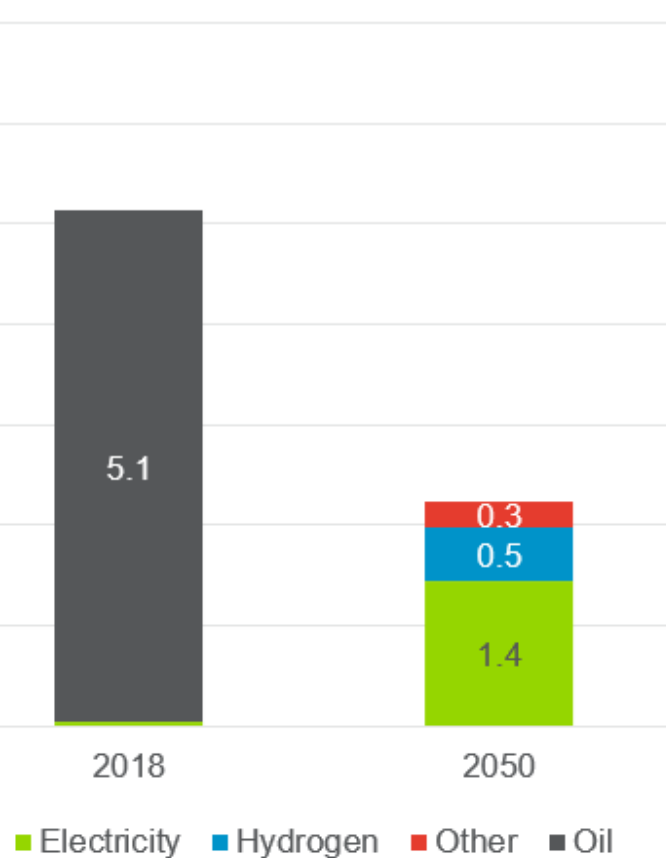
Cumbria energy master plan



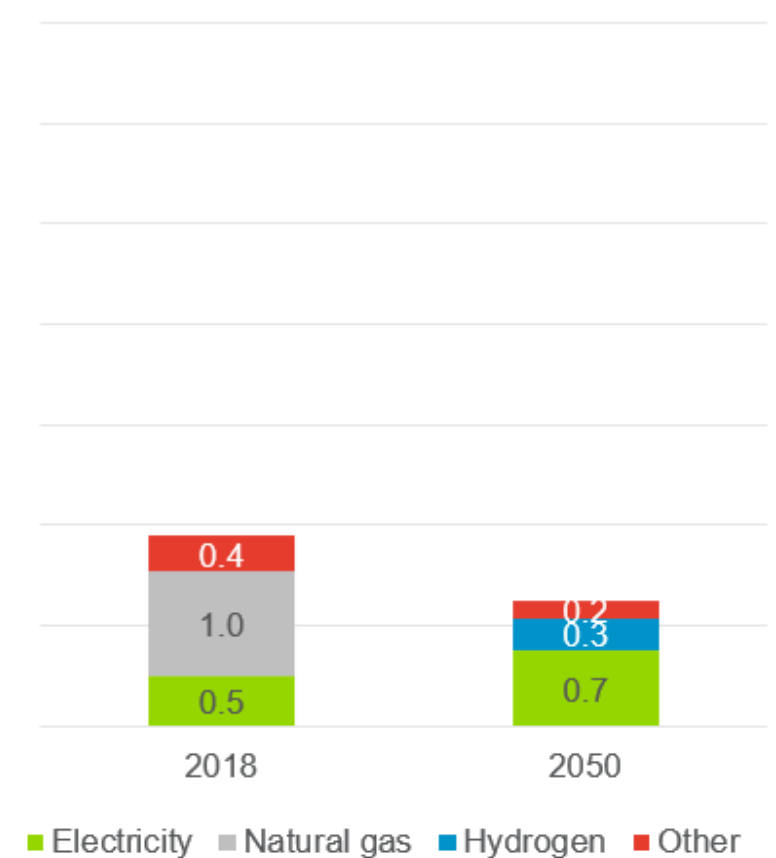
Buildings



Transport



Industry



- By 2050 demand falls to 9.5TWh due to energy efficiency

- Buildings > to 47% of demand
- Transport < to 23% of demand
- Hydrogen will reach Cumbria later than GM

62 actions for GMCA and its key stakeholders make up the Pathway



Pathway actions illustrate the need for GMCA to act now to achieve its decarbonisation target by 2038

| | 2021-2025 | 2026-2030 | 2031-2035 | 2036-2038 |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| | S1: Shorten planning processes | | | |
| | D25: Create incentives for EE in industry | | | |
| | D14: Create incentives to switch buses to BEV | | | |
| | D13: Implement the Bee Network | | | |
| | D2: Promote H2-ready devices | | | |
| | D1: Enforce mandatory building codes | | | |
| | K8: Conduct detailed building stock inventory | | | |
| | K7: Form a shared planning and monitoring hub | | | |
| | K3: Leverage policy sandboxes | | | |
| | K2: Decarbonise GMCA's own operations | | | |
| | K1: Make ambition part of GM's identity | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | S4: Incentivize rooftop PV | S17: Include H2 storage in spatial planning | S11: Manage impact NG imports |
| | | D18: Stimulate shift to sustainable public transport | S8: Assess options offsetting NG imports | D24: Ensure the zero-emission zone for HGVs |
| | | D5: Enforce all-electric ready for new buildings | S7: Realize full potential local generation | |
| | | | D21: Introduce a scrappage scheme ICE vehicles | |
| | K4: Influence national policy development | K10: Plan with BEIS for long-term supply of biofuels | D8: Expand large-scale upgrading of buildings | D11: Complete upgrading of building stock |
| | K5: Establish innovation and scale-up agency | D6: Start large-scale upgrading building stock | D22: Complete public EV charging network | S12: Accelerate conversion Carrington |
| | K6: Build-out transition workforce | D19: Expand the EV charging network | D23: Ensure whole bus fleet is decarbonised | D12: Continue switching devices to 100% H2 |
| | K9: Create detail gas network planning for H2 | D20: Decarbonise at least 50% of bus fleet | S9: Coordinate procurement smart solutions | D33: Capture remaining emissions from industry |
| | D3: Execute large-scale building upgrade trials | S5: Expand behind-the-meter storage | S18: H2 switching residential gas grid | S13: Continue network reinforcement |
| | D15: Coordinate development of bus charging | S15: Coordinate switching industry to H2 | D9: Start converting H2-ready device to H2 | S19: Move green H2 production to demand centres |
| | D16: Plan network of 100K public EV chargers | S16: Plan for H2 storage capacities | D10: Expand use of demand side technologies | |
| | D17: Assess refuelling/charging needs for HGVs | D7: Start deployment of B2G and V2G | D31: Accelerate H2 switching in industry | |
| | S2: Trial Local Energy Markets | D28: Supply industry with H2 from HyNet | D32: Continue industrial equipment replacement | |
| | S14: Coordinate H2 supply with HyNet | D29: Make industry H2-ready | S10: Continue network reinforcement | |
| | D4: Pilot BEMS for in-home optimisation | D30: Continue electrification in industry | | |
| | D26: Select decarb. options for industry | S6: Enable Demand Response at scale | | |
| | D27: Start electrification of industry | | | |
| | S3: Expand LV monitoring | | | |

- Led by, or under the responsibility of, GMCA
- GMCA to influence/collaborate with key stakeholders
- GMCA to monitor/be aware of

*) Descriptions of pathway actions have been shortened. See full report for more details.

Key messages for SMEs in our region



- Research for five SME sectors into 'Top 5 things to do now to decarbonise'
- Supporting research underway into sustainability credentials' affect on consumers' views
- Engagement campaign launch in Spring 21:
 - Existing business networks
 - GMCA's 'Nature at the heart of...' engagement campaign
- 'You and your business' section on our website with online connections guides
- Creation of online information hub – Launch Dec



Barriers to adoption of PV and EVs by big businesses

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Benefits

ROI expected over 5-7 years
Counter to rising electricity costs
Part of carbon reduction strategy
Positive reputational impact
Efficient use of roof space/unused land
Increase in sustainable procurement
Opportunity for positive PR



Barriers

Planning process
Lack of trusted information and case studies
Landlord consent
Roof strength/reinforcement costs
Uncertainty over financing options
Myths and uncertainty over ROI and amount of sunlight needed



Benefits

Supports positive cultural change
Financial benefits if fleet is electrified
Business miles savings
Part of carbon reduction strategy – brand halo
Positive impact on employer brand – attracting and retaining talent



Barriers

Lack of trusted information over choice of chargers
Possible network reinforcement costs
Lack of awareness over EV owners' charging patterns
Lack of current EV demand

How can ENWL help?



ENWL online information hub

Exemplars and case studies

Signposts to possible funding

Available financing options

Framework of suppliers

Engagement on regional net zero targets

Supporting research



Business to business engagement campaign

Engage LAs to remove barriers

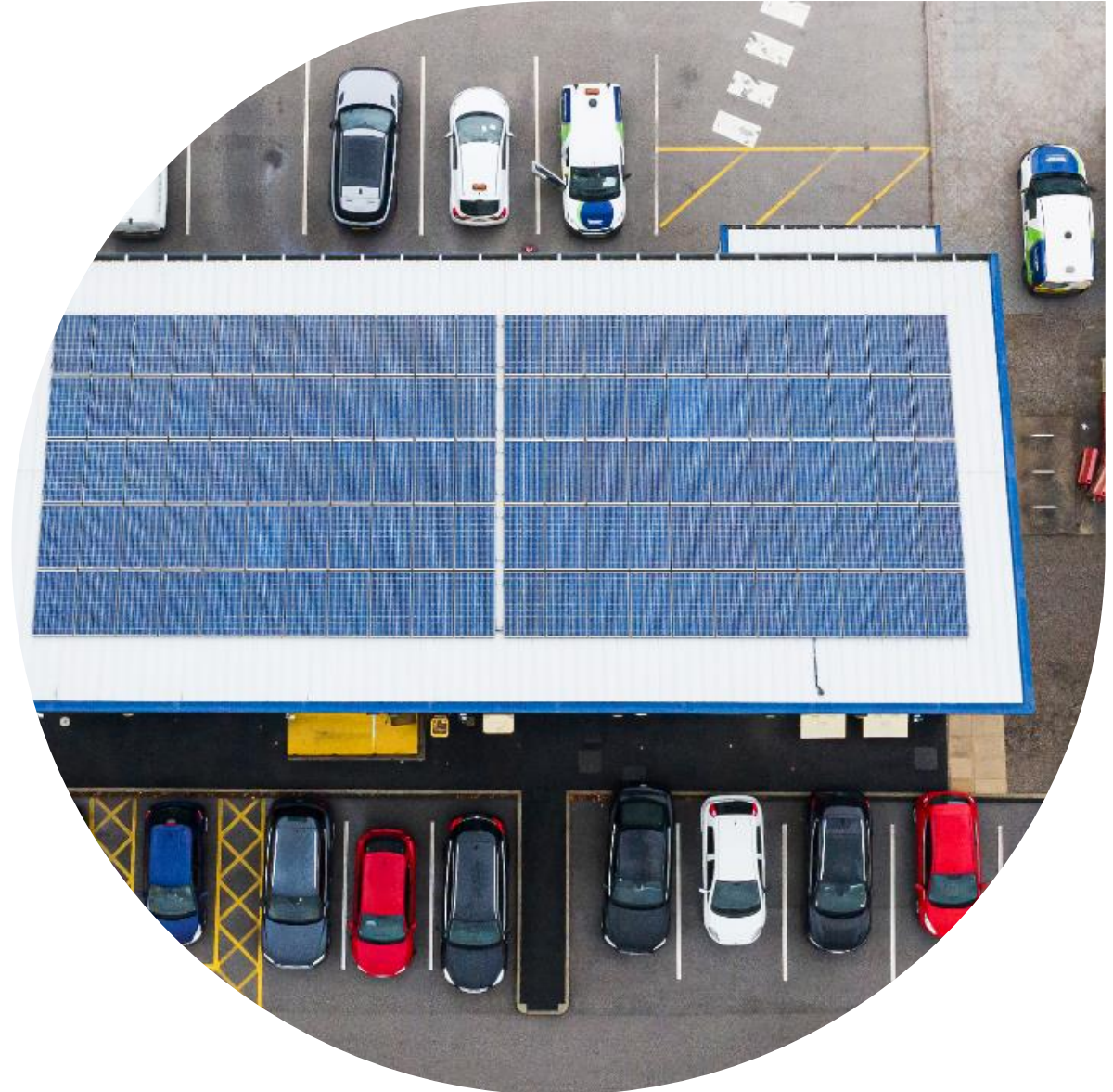


Informs our RIIO ED2 plan

How can you help?



- Case Studies
- Encouraging businesses to follow
- zerocarbon@enwl.co.uk





Wrap up and Close

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- Please give us your honest feedback either email [ICE](#) or leave your feedback in the chat



- Presentation slides will be available via our [website](#) shortly.



- Future events, including webinars are available [here](#)
- Don't forget to get in touch with us at ICE@enwl.co.uk
- Thank you for your attendance.