

Designer Embodied Carbon (EC) Calculation - Civil & Electrical

Build Table Most Contributing Materials 1%+, Embodied Carbon A1-5

Project Name: Woodley - Romiley Cable Fluid Filled Cable Replacement  
 Project Scope: 33kV Single Circuit 400mm<sup>2</sup> Cu XLPE Route Length 2255m.

Project Embodied Carbon Breakdown and Totals (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)		Calculation Date:	18/09/2024	
Total A1-5w	269.58	Note: Total A1-5w (CO <sub>2</sub> e): Type 1&2 + Type 3&4 = Ans	Project Code:	50011825
A5a	3.15		Project Completed in Financial Year:	FY24
Total A1-5 (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	272.74	Note: Total A1-5 (CO <sub>2</sub> e): Total A1-5w + A5a = Ans	Estimated Cost of Civil Build (€): (To Estimate A5a)	€450,638.00

From	To	UNMADE GROUND IMPORTED MAT. (m)	Road Type 1&2 Imported Material (m)	Road Type 3&4 Imported Material (m)	Total
WOODLEY SUBSTATION	WOODLEY ROAD STREET	40		25	65
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET		83		83
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			156	156
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET		287	47	334
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			128	128
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			110	110
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			150	150
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			34	34
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			66	66
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET		200		200
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			32	32
WOODLEY ROAD STREET	WOODLEY ROAD STREET			50	50
		<b>40</b>	<b>551</b>	<b>1,264</b>	<b>2,255</b>
		0%	0	0	0
			0	0	0

Type 1&2	Low & High Voltage	Cable Type & Excavation	Cable/Duct Number	Units values to input in conversion to tonnes	Conversion to tonnes	Quantity (t)	ECF kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e/kg)				Embodied Carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	Total EC (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	Notes / Comments			
							A1-3	A4	A5w	A1-5w						
		Asphalt, 6% (Blumen) binder content (by mass) weight @ 232kg / m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	38	88.236	0.086	0.005	0.008	7.588296	0.44118	0.50974	8.539215372	Binder/Surface Course layer (Tarmac)	8.539215372	
		Ready mix concrete 32/40: 2350kg / m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	68.47	160.9045	0.132	0.005	0.008	21.239194	0.8045226	1.32191	23.36574697	Base layer (Concrete)	23.36574697	
		Ready Mix Expanding Foam Concrete weight @ 4.5kg / m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	0	0.188	0.005	0.011	0	0	0			
		Engineering MOT		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	79.88	119.82	0.005	0.005	0.001	0.5891	0.17791	1.3701268		Sub-base layer (Aggregate / MOT / DTP)	2.7726728	
		Aggregate, 1500kg/m <sup>3</sup> Note: aggregate density will change per m <sup>3</sup> based on type and mm to dust of material.		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	0	0.005	0.005	0.001	0	0	0			Depth of soil to be calculated @ 50% imported and 50% backfill
		Sand, 1600kg/m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	76	121.6	0.005	0.005	0.001	0.8808	0.808	0.18945	1.3694544			
		Waste material content, 1m <sup>3</sup> = 1.43 tonnes.		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	304.32	435.1776		0.005	0.001	0	2.175888	0.53046	2.7063494			
		Soil assumed 5% cement content, 1m <sup>3</sup> = 1.9 tonnes of clay soil.		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	79.88	151.772		0.005	0.001	0	0.75886	0.18501	0.94387008			
		Cable Ducts PVC weight @ 200mm dia 4.44kg / m	0	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	3.23	0.005	0.172	0	0	0	0			
		Cable Ducts PVC weight @ 150mm dia 3.3kg / m	1	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	951	3.1383	3.23	0.005	0.172	10.136709	0.0156915	0.54107	10.69347166			
		Cable Ducts PVC weight @ 100mm dia 2.16kg / m	1	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	951	2.05416	3.23	0.005	0.172	6.6349368	0.0432708	0.35416	6.99935271			
		Cable 33kV (New) weight @ 5.22kg/m	3	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	951	14.89266	3.81	0.16	0.04	<b>64.413264</b>	2.3882056	0.59359	<b>67.1777948</b>			Util manufacturers ECF values are available the ECF value for New Copper is used for Power Cables.
		Cable 6.6 / 11kV (New) weight @ 1.7kg/m	0	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	3.81	0.032	0.039	0	0	0	0			
														<b>A1-5w (CO<sub>2</sub>e)</b>		115.7382936

Type 3&4	Low & High Voltage	Cable Type & Excavation	Cable/Duct Number	Units values to input in conversion to tonnes	Conversion to tonnes	Quantity (t)	ECF kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e/kg)				Embodied Carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	Total EC (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	Notes / Comments			
							A1-3	A4	A5w	A1-5w						
		Asphalt, 6% (Blumen) binder content (by mass) weight @ 232kg / m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	50.56	117.40032	0.086	0.005	0.008	10.0964275	0.5870916	0.67823	11.36165077	Binder/Surface Course layer (Tarmac)	11.36165077	
		Ready mix concrete 32/40: 2350kg / m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	91	213.85	0.132	0.005	0.008	29.2282	1.06525	1.7679	31.05422775	Base layer (Concrete)	31.05422775	
		Ready Mix Expanding Foam Concrete weight @ 4.5kg / m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	0	0.188	0.005	0.011	0	0	0			
		Engineering MOT		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	106.18	158.27	0.005	0.005	0.001	0.79635	0.79635	0.26336	1.8295668	Sub-base layer (Aggregate / MOT / DTP)	3.68679852	
		Aggregate, 1500kg/m <sup>3</sup> Note: aggregate density will change per m <sup>3</sup> based on type and mm to dust of material.		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	0	0.005	0.005	0.001	0	0	0			Depth of soil to be calculated @ 50% imported and 50% backfill
		Sand, 1600kg/m <sup>3</sup>		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	101.1	161.76	0.005	0.005	0.001	0.8938	0.9398	0.24005	1.8769184			
		Waste material content, 1m <sup>3</sup> = 1.43 tonnes.		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	404.48	578.4064		0.005	0.001	0	2.880332	0.70508	3.59710432			
		Soil assumed 5% cement content, 1m <sup>3</sup> = 1.9 tonnes of clay soil.		input value in m3 (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	106.18	201.742		0.005	0.001	0	1.03871	0.24892	1.28463498			
		Cable Ducts PVC weight @ 200mm dia 4.44kg / m	0	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	3.23	0.005	0.172	0	0	0	0			
		Cable Ducts PVC weight @ 150mm dia 3.3kg / m	1	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	1264	4.1712	3.23	0.005	0.172	13.472976	0.020856	0.71915	14.2128842			
		Cable Ducts PVC weight @ 100mm dia 2.16kg / m	1	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	1264	2.73024	3.23	0.005	0.172	8.818652	0.0198152	0.47072	9.30344348			
		Cable 33kV (New) weight @ 5.22kg/m	3	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	1264	19.79424	3.81	0.16	0.04	<b>75.418344</b>	3.1670784	0.78931	<b>79.3725278</b>			Util manufacturers ECF values are available the ECF value for New Copper is used for Power Cables.
		Cable 6.6 / 11kV (New) weight @ 1.7kg/m	0	input value in meters (in 'conversion to tonnes' cell)	0	0	3.81	0.032	0.039	0	0	0	0			
														<b>A1-5w (CO<sub>2</sub>e)</b>		153.8428858

Important note: All materials calculated in above sheet, includes only imported materials.

Key:	Calculation based on Embodied Carbon Factors (ECF) to Extract & Manufacture the material Calculated as: Tonnes x ECF kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e/kg) = Embodied Carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> e). Sourced from ICE & InteractE
A1-3	Calculation based on kg of CO <sub>2</sub> e produced by Distance travelled in km. ECF based on: Tonnes x ECF kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e/kg) = Embodied Carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> e). Distances referred from ICE: Locally sourced within 50km = 0.05kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e) / Nationally Sourced within 320km = 0.32kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e) / European sourced within 1500km = 0.16kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e). Sourced from ICE & InteractE.
A4	Calculation based on the Waste Factor (WF) of Materials. So brick has a waste factor of 20%, Steel 1% etc. Material WF/(Material ECF x Distance Travelled + Distance travelled for waste material taken to landfill (C2) x C2) used for processing disposal (C3-4) = A5w / Example, assumed waste of concrete is: 0.053 x (A1-3 x A4 x C2 x C3-4) = A5w. Sourced from ICE & InteractE.
A5w	When adding in cable lengths in meters, the calculation must include cable numbers for the table to calculate the embodied carbon factor
S5	Typical assumed costal stage A1-5 of build is 50% so: 700kg(CO <sub>2</sub> e) per £100,000 so: 0.7 x (cost of build ÷ 100,000) = Ans (CO <sub>2</sub> e). Sourced from ICE & InteractE.
Notes:	Please fill in all relevant cells highlighted in GREY - Profile Depths for Type 1&2: Tarmac top layer = 150mm Concrete layer = 180mm MOT = 210mm Backfill = 210mm Sand layer = 200mm (+/-300mm) Material Waste = Estimate 80% of total Excavated material Profile Depths for Type 3&4: Tarmac top layer = 100mm Concrete layer = 100mm MOT = 275mm Backfill = 275mm Sand layer = 200mm (+/- 300mm) Material Waste = Estimate 80% of total Excavated material

Reference note:	Calculations & Embodied Carbon factors for materials used in the table are sourced from the BREE (ICE) & InteractE
Low	Ref for materials Embodied Carbon Factors
Medium	A BSRRA guide: Hammond, G. et al., 'Embodied Carbon', The Inventory of Carbon and Energy, (ICE).
High	Embodied Carbon, The Inventory of Carbon and Energy (ICE) (www.bes.ac.uk)
0	The Institution of Structural Engineers 'How to calculate embodied carbon'
12.5	A brief guide to calculating embodied carbon (structe.org)
25	
37.5	
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Project Photographs / Drawings

