

Electricity North West Limited

Use of System Charging Statement

NOTICE OF CHARGES

Effective from 1st April 2020

Version 3.0

This statement is in a form to be approved by the Gas and Electricity Markets Authority.

Version Control

Version	Date	Description of version and any changes made
V1.0	20/12/2018	Version issued with final charges for 2020/21.
V1.1	20/03/2019	Correction of indexation errors.
V2.0	06/01/2020	Inclusion of Line Loss Factors, additional new sites.
V3.0	13/02/2020	Adjustment to IDNO HV tariffs. See Annex 4 for details.

A change-marked version of this statement can be provided upon request.

Contents

1. Introduction	4
Validity period	5
Contact details	5
2. Charge application and definitions	7
The supercustomer and site-specific billing approaches Supercustomer billing and payment	7 8
Site-specific billing and payment	9
Incorrectly allocated charges	14
Generation charges for pre-2005 designated EHV properties	16
Provision of billing data	16
Out of area use of system charges Licensed distribution network operator charges	17 17
Licence exempt distribution networks	17
3. Schedule of charges for use of the distribution system	20
4. Schedule of line loss factors	21
Role of line loss factors in the supply of electricity	21
Calculation of line loss factors	21
Publication of line loss factors 5. Notes for Designated EHV Proportion	22 23
5. Notes for Designated EHV Properties EDCM LRIC nodal costs	
Charges for new Designated EHV Properties	23 23
Charges for amended Designated EHV Properties	23
Demand-side management	23
6. Electricity distribution rebates	25
7. Accounting and administration services	25
8. Charges for electrical plant provided ancillary to the grant of use of system	25
Appendix 1 - Glossary	26
Appendix 2 - Guidance notes	34
Background	34
Meter point administration	34
Your charges Reducing your charges	36 36
Reactive power and reactive power charges	37
Site-specific EDCM charges	37
Annex 1 - Schedule of charges for use of the distribution system by LV and HV	
Designated Properties	40
Annex 2 - Schedule of charges for use of the distribution system by Designated EHV Properties (including LDNOs with Designated EHV Properties/end-users)	41
Annex 3 - Schedule of charges for use of the distribution system by preserved/additional LLF classes	48
Annex 4 - Charges applied to LDNOs with LV and HV end-users	49
Annex 5 - Schedule of line loss factors	53
Annex 6 - Charges for New or Amended Designated EHV Properties	60

1. Introduction

- 1.1. This statement tells you about our charges and the reasons behind them. It has been prepared consistent with Standard Licence Condition 14 of our Electricity Distribution Licence. The main purpose of this statement is to provide our schedule of charges¹ for the use of our Distribution System and to provide the schedule of Line Loss Factors² that should be applied in Settlement to account for losses from the Distribution System. We have also included guidance notes in Appendix 2 to help improve your understanding of the charges we apply.
- 1.2. Within this statement we use terms such as 'Users' and 'Customers' as well as other terms which are identified with initial capitalisation. These terms are defined in the glossary.
- 1.3. The charges in this statement are calculated using the following methodologies as per the Distribution Connection and Use of System Agreement (DCUSA)³:
 - Common Distribution Charging Methodology (CDCM); for Low Voltage (LV) and High Voltage (HV) Designated Properties as per DCUSA Schedule 16; and
 - Extra High Voltage (EHV) Distribution Charging Methodology (EDCM); for Designated EHV Properties as per DCUSA Schedule 18.
- 1.4. Separate charges are calculated depending on the characteristics of the connection and whether the use of the Distribution System is for demand or generation purposes. Where a generation connection is seen to support the Distribution System the charges will be negative and the Supplier will receive credits for exported energy.
- 1.5. The application of charges to premises can usually be referenced using the Line Loss Factor Class (LLFC) contained in the charge tables. Further information on how to identify and calculate the charge that will apply for your premises is provided in the guidance notes in Appendix 2.

PAGE **4** OF **60**

¹ Charges can be positive or negative.

² Known as adjustment factors in the Distribution Licence and commonly referred to as Loss Adjustment Factors. The schedule of Line Loss Factors will be provided in a revised statement shortly after the Line Loss Factors for the relevant year have been successfully audited by Elexon.

³ The Distribution and Connection Use of System Agreement (DCUSA) available from http://www.dcusa.co.uk/SitePages/Documents/DCUSA-Document.aspx

1.6. All charges in this statement are shown **exclusive** of VAT. Invoices will include

VAT at the applicable rate.

1.7. The annexes that form part of this statement are also available in spreadsheet

format. This spreadsheet contains supplementary information used for charging

purposes and a simple model to assist you to calculate charges. This

spreadsheet can be downloaded from www.enwl.co.uk/about-us/regulatory-

information/use-of-system-charges/current-charging-information/.

Validity period

1.8. This charging statement is valid for services provided from the effective date

stated on the front of the statement and remains valid until updated by a revised

version or superseded by a statement with a later effective date.

1.9. When using this charging statement, care should be taken to ensure that the

relevant statement or statements covering the period that is of interest are

used.

1.10. Notice of any revision to the statement will be provided to Users of our

Distribution System. The latest statements can be downloaded from

www.enwl.co.uk/about-us/regulatory-information/use-of-system-

charges/current-charging-information/.

Contact details

1.11. If you have any questions about this statement please contact us at this

address:

Charging Manager

Electricity North West

304 Bridgewater Place

Birchwood Park

Warrington

WA3 6XG

Email: electricitycommercialpolicy@enwl.co.uk

Telephone: 0843 311 4323

1.12. All enquiries regarding connection agreements and changes to maximum

capacities should be addressed to:

Data Assurance Manager

Electricity North West

Hartington Road

Preston

PR1 8LE

Email: terms&conditions@enwl.co.uk

Telephone: 0843 311 4503

1.13. For all other queries please contact our Customer Contact Centre:

Electricity North West

PO Box 218

Warrington

WA3 6XG

Email: enquiries@enwl.co.uk

Telephone: 0800 195 4141; lines are open 24 hours, 365 days per year.

1.14. You can also find us on Facebook and Twitter.

www.facebook.com/ElectricityNorthWest www.twitter.com/ElectricityNW

2. Charge application and definitions

2.1. The following section details how the charges in this statement are applied and billed to Users of our Distribution System.

The supercustomer and site-specific billing approaches

- 2.2. We utilise two billing approaches depending on the type of metering data received:
 - (a) The 'Supercustomer' approach for Customers for whom we receive aggregated consumption data through Settlement; and
 - (b) The 'Site-specific' approach for Customers for whom we receive sitespecific consumption data through Settlement.
- 2.3. We receive aggregated consumption data through Settlement for:
 - (a) Domestic and non-domestic Customers for whom Non-Half Hourly (NHH)
 metering data is used in Settlement (i.e. Customers with MPANs which are
 registered to Measurement Class A);
 - (b) Customers which are unmetered and are not settled as pseudo Half Hourly (HH) metered (i.e. Customers with MPANs which are registered to Measurement Class B);
 - (c) Domestic Customers for whom HH metering data is used in Settlement (i.e. Customers with MPANs which are registered to Measurement Class F); and
 - (d) Non-domestic Customers for whom HH metering is data is used in Settlement and which have whole current (WC) metering (i.e. Customers with MPANs which are registered to Measurement Class G).
- 2.4. We receive site specific consumption data through Settlement for:
 - (a) Non-domestic Customers for whom HH metering data is used in Settlement and which have current transformer (CT) metering (i.e. Customers with MPANs which are registered to measurement class C or E); and
 - (b) Customers which are unmetered and settled as pseudo HH metered (i.e. Customers with MPANs which are registered to measurement class D).

Supercustomer billing and payment

- 2.5. The Supercustomer approach makes use of aggregated data obtained from Suppliers using the 'Aggregated Distribution Use of System (DUoS) Report' data flow.
- 2.6. Invoices are calculated on a periodic basis and sent to each User for whom we transport electricity through our Distribution System. Invoices are reconciled over a period of approximately 14 months to reflect later and more accurate consumption figures.
- 2.7. The charges are applied on the basis of the LLFC assigned to the MPAN, and the units consumed within the time periods specified in this statement. These time periods are not the same as those indicated by the Time Pattern Regime (TPR) assigned to the Standard Settlement Configuration (SSC). All LLFCs are assigned at our sole discretion, based on the tariff application rules set out in the appropriate charging methodology or elsewhere in this statement. Please refer to the section 'Incorrectly allocated charges' if you believe the allocated LLFC or tariff is incorrect.

Supercustomer charges

- 2.8. Supercustomer charges include the following components:
 - a fixed charge, pence/MPAN/day, there will only be one fixed charge applied to each MPAN; and
 - unit charges, pence/kilowatt-hour (kWh); more than one kWh charge may apply depending on the type of tariff for which the MPAN is registered.
- 2.9. Users who wish to supply electricity to Customers for whom we receive aggregated data through Settlement (see paragraph 2.3) will be allocated the relevant charge structure set out in Annex 1.
- 2.10. Identification of the appropriate charge can be made by cross-reference to the LLFC].
- 2.11. Valid Settlement Profile Class (PC)/Standard Settlement Configuration (SSC)/Meter Timeswitch Code (MTC) combinations for LLFCs where the Metering System is Measurement Class A or B are detailed in Market Domain Data (MDD).

- 2.12. Where an MPAN has an invalid Settlement combination, the 'Domestic Unrestricted' fixed and unit charges will be applied as default until the invalid combination is corrected. Where there are multiple SSC/TPR combinations, the default 'Domestic Unrestricted' fixed and unit charges will be applied for each invalid SSC/TPR combination.
- 2.13. The time periods for unit charges where the Metering System is Measurement Class A or B are as specified by the SSC. To determine the appropriate charge rate for each SSC/TPR a lookup table is provided in the spreadsheet that accompanies this statement⁴.
- 2.14. The time periods for unit charges where the Metering System is Measurement Class F or G are set out in the table 'Time Bands for Half Hourly Metered Properties' in Annex 1.
- 2.15. The 'Domestic Off-Peak' and 'Small Non-Domestic Off-Peak' charges are supplementary to either an unrestricted or a two-rate charge.

Site-specific billing and payment

- 2.16. The site-specific billing and payment approach makes use of HH metering data at premises level received through Settlement.
- 2.17. Invoices are calculated on a periodic basis and sent to each User for whom we transport electricity through our Distribution System. Where an account is based on estimated data, the account shall be subject to any adjustment that may be necessary following the receipt of actual data from the User.
- 2.18. The charges are applied on the basis of the LLFCs assigned to the MPAN (or the (MSID) for Central Volume Allocation (CVA) sites), and the units consumed within the time periods specified in this statement. Where MPANs have not been associated, for example when multiple points of connection fed from different sources are used for a single site, the relevant number of fixed charges will be applied.
- 2.19. All LLFCs are assigned at our sole discretion, based on the tariff application rules set out in the appropriate charging methodology or elsewhere in this statement. Please refer to the section 'Incorrectly allocated charges' if you believe the allocated LLFC or tariff is incorrect.

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⁴ www.enwl.co.uk/about-us/regulatory-information/use-of-system-charges/current-charging-information/

Site-specific billed charges

- 2.20. Site-specific billed charges may include the following components:
 - a fixed charge, pence/MPAN/day or pence/MSID/day;
 - a capacity charge, pence/kilovolt-ampere (kVA)/day, for Maximum Import Capacity (MIC) and/or Maximum Export Capacity (MEC);
 - an excess capacity charge, pence/kVA/day, if a site exceeds its MIC and/or MEC:
 - unit charges, pence/kWh, more than one unit charge may be applied; and
 - an excess reactive power charge, pence/kilovolt-ampere reactive hour (kVArh), for each unit in excess of the reactive charge threshold.
- 2.21. Users who wish to supply electricity to Customers for whom we receive site-specific data through Settlement (see paragraph 2.4) will be allocated the relevant charge structure dependent upon the voltage and location of the Metering Point.
- 2.22. Fixed charges are generally levied on a pence per MPAN/MSID per day basis. Where two or more HH MPANs/MSIDs are located at the same point of connection (as identified in the Connection Agreement), with the same LLFC, and registered to the same Supplier, only one daily fixed charge will be applied.
- 2.23. LV and HV Designated Properties will be charged in accordance with the CDCM and allocated the relevant charge structure set out in Annex 1.
- 2.24. For LV and HV Designated Properties that utilise a combination of Intermittent and Non-Intermittent generation technologies metered through a single MPAN/MSID, we will allocate the tariff based on the dominant technology. The dominant technology will have a higher combined installed capacity as evidenced in ratings contained in the Connection Agreement.
- 2.25. Designated EHV Properties will be charged in accordance with the EDCM and allocated the relevant charge structure set out in Annex 2.
- 2.26. Where LV and HV Designated Properties or Designated EHV Properties have more than one point of connection (as identified in the Connection Agreement) then separate charges will be applied to each point of connection.

2.27. Due to the seasonal nature of charges for Unmetered Supplies, changes between Measurement Classes B and D (or vice versa) shall not be agreed except with effect from 1 April in any charging year.

Time periods

- 2.28. The time periods for the application of unit charges to LV and HV Designated Properties that are HH metered are detailed in Annex 1. We have not issued a notice to change the time bands.
- 2.29. The time periods for the application of unit charges to Designated EHV Properties are detailed in Annex 2. We have not issued a notice to change the time bands.
- 2.30. The time periods for the application of unit charges to Unmetered Supply Exit Points that are pseudo HH metered are detailed in Annex 1. We have not issued a notice to change the time bands.

Application of capacity charges

2.31. The following sections explain the application of capacity charges and exceeded capacity charges.

Chargeable capacity

- 2.32. The chargeable capacity is, for each billing period, the MIC/MEC, as detailed below.
- 2.33. The MIC/MEC will be agreed with us at the time of connection or pursuant to a later change in requirements. Following such an agreement (be it at the time of connection or later) no reduction in MIC/MEC will be allowed for a 12 month period.
- 2.34. Reductions to the MIC/MEC may only be permitted once in a 12 month period. Where the MIC/MEC is reduced the new lower level will be agreed with reference to the level of the Customer's maximum import and/or export demand respectively. The new MIC/MEC will be applied from the start of the next billing period after the date that the request was received. It should be noted that, where a new lower level is agreed, the original capacity may not be available in the future without the need for network reinforcement and associated charges.
- 2.35. In the absence of an agreement, the chargeable capacity, save for error or omission, will be based on the last MIC/MEC that we have previously agreed

for the relevant premises' connection. A Customer can seek to agree or vary the MIC/MEC by contacting us using the contact details in section 0.

Exceeded capacity

2.36. Where a Customer takes additional unauthorised capacity over and above the MIC/MEC, the excess will be classed as exceeded capacity. The exceeded portion of the capacity will be charged at the excess capacity charge p/kVA/day rate, based on the difference between the MIC/MEC and the actual capacity used. This will be charged for the full duration of the billing period in which the breach occurs.

Demand exceeded capacity

Demand exceeded capacity = $max(2 \times \sqrt{AI^2 + max(RI, RE)^2} - MIC, 0)$

Where:

AI = Active import (kWh)

RI = Reactive import (kVArh)

RE = Reactive export (kVArh)

MIC = Maximum import capacity (kVA)

- 2.37. Only reactive import and reactive export values occurring at times of active import are used in the calculation.
- 2.38. This calculation is completed for every half hour and the maximum value from the billing period is applied.

Generation exceeded capacity

Generation exceeded capacity = $max(2 \times \sqrt{AE^2 + max(RI, RE)^2} - MEC, 0)$

Where:

AE = Active export (kWh)

RI = Reactive import (kVArh)

RE = Reactive export (kVArh)

MEC = Maximum export capacity (kVA)

2.39. Only reactive import and reactive export values occurring at times of active export are used in the calculation.

2.40. This calculation is completed for every half hour and the maximum value from the billing period is applied.

Standby capacity for additional security on site

2.41. Where standby capacity charges are applied, the charge will be set at the same rate as that applied to normal MIC. Should a Customer's request for additional security of supply require the provision of capacity from two different sources, we reserve the right to charge for the capacity held at each source.

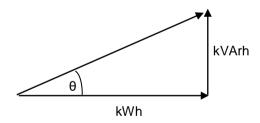
Minimum capacity levels

2.42. There is no minimum capacity threshold.

Application of charges for excess reactive power

- 2.43. When an individual HH metered MPAN's reactive power (measured in kVArh) at LV and HV Designated Properties exceeds 33% of its total active power (measured in kWh) in any given half hour, excess reactive power charges will apply. This threshold is equivalent to an average power factor of 0.95 during that half hour. Any reactive units in excess of the 33% threshold are charged at the rate appropriate to the particular charge.
- 2.44. Power Factor is calculated as follows:

Cos θ = Power Factor



2.45. The chargeable reactive power is calculated as follows:

Demand chargeable reactive power

Demand chargeable kVArh =
$$\max \left(\max(RI,RE) - \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{0.95^2} - 1} \right) \times AI \right) 0$$

Where:

AI = Active import (kWh)

RI = Reactive import (kVArh)

RE = Reactive export (kVArh)

- 2.46. Only reactive import and reactive export values occurring at times of active import are used in the calculation.
- 2.47. The square root calculation will be to two decimal places.
- 2.48. This calculation is completed for every half hour and the values summated over the billing period.

Generation chargeable reactive power

Generation chargeable kVArh = max
$$\left(max(RI,RE) - \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{0.95^2} - 1} \right) \times AE \right), 0 \right)$$

Where:

AE = Active export (kWh)

RI = Reactive import (kVArh)

RE = Reactive export (kVArh)

- 2.49. Only reactive import and reactive export values occurring at times of active export are used in the calculation.
- 2.50. The square root calculation will be to two decimal places.
- 2.51. This calculation is completed for every half hour and the values summated over the billing period.

Incorrectly allocated charges

- 2.52. It is our responsibility to apply the correct charges to each MPAN/MSID. The allocation of charges is based on the voltage of connection, import/export details including multiple MPANs, metering information and, for some tariffs, the metering location. Where an MPAN/MSID is used for export purposes in relation to an LV or HV Designated Property, the type of generation (Intermittent or Non-Intermittent) also determines the allocation of charges.
- 2.53. We are responsible for deciding the voltage of connection. Generally, this is determined by where the metering is located and where responsibility for the electrical equipment transfers from us to the connected Customer.
- 2.54. The Supplier determines and provides us with the metering information and data. This enables us to allocate charges where there is more than one charge per voltage level. The metering information and data is likely to change over

- time if, for example, a Supplier changes from a two rate meter to a single rate meter. When we are notified this has happened we will change the allocation of charges accordingly.
- 2.55. If it has been identified that a charge may have been incorrectly allocated due to the metering information and/or data then a request for investigation should be made to the Supplier.
- 2.56. Where it has been identified that a charge is likely to be incorrectly allocated due to the voltage of connection, import/export details or metering location or a connection may be eligible for LV Substation tariff then a request to investigate the applicable charges should be made to us. Requests from persons other than the Customer or the current Supplier must be accompanied by a Letter of Authority from the Customer; the current Supplier must also acknowledge that they are aware a request has been made. Any request must be supported by an explanation of why it is believed that the current charge should be changed, along with supporting information including, where appropriate, photographs of metering positions or system diagrams. Any request to change the current charge that also includes a request for backdating must include justification as to why it is considered appropriate to backdate the change.
- 2.57. An administration charge (covering our reasonable costs) may be made if a technical assessment or site visit is required, but we will not apply any charge where we agree to the change request.
- 2.58. Where we agree that the current LLFC/charge should be changed, we will then allocate the appropriate set of charges for the connection. Any adjustment will be applied from the date of the request, back to either the date of the incorrect allocation, or the date the connection first became eligible for LV Substation tariff, or; up to the maximum period specified by the Limitation Act (1980) in England and Wales, which covers a six year period from the date of request, and the Prescription and Limitation (Scotland) Act 1973, which covers a five year period from the date of request; whichever is the shorter.
- 2.59. Any credit or additional charge will be issued to the relevant Supplier(s) effective during the period of the change.
- 2.60. Should we reject the request (as per paragraph 2.56) a justification will be provided to the requesting party. We shall not unreasonably withhold or delay

any decision on a request to change the charges applied and would expect to confirm our position on the request within three months of the date of request.

Generation charges for pre-2005 designated EHV properties

- 2.61. Designated EHV Properties that were connected to the Distribution System under a pre-2005 connection charging policy are eligible for exemption from Use of System (UoS) charges for generation unless one of the following criteria has been met:
 - 25 years have passed since their first energisation/connection date (i.e. Designated EHV Properties with Connection Agreements dated prior to 1st April 2005, and for which 25 years has passed since their first energisation/connection date will receive UoS charges for generation from the next charging year following the expiry of their 25 years exemption, (starting 1st April), or
 - the person responsible for the Designated EHV Property has provided notice to us that they wish to opt in to UoS charges for generation.

If a notice to opt in has been provided there will be no further opportunity to opt out.

2.62. Furthermore, if an exempt Customer makes an alteration to its export requirement then the Customer may be liable to be charged for the additional capacity required for energy imported or exported. For example, where a generator increases its export capacity the incremental increase in export capacity will attract UoS charges as with other non-exempt generators.

Provision of billing data

- 2.63. Where HH metering data is required for UoS charging and this is not provided in accordance with the BSC or DCUSA, such metering data shall be provided to us by the User of the system in respect of each calendar month within five working days of the end of that calendar month.
- 2.64. The metering data shall identify the amount of energy conveyed across the Metering System in each half hour of each day and shall separately identify active and reactive import and export. Metering data provided to us shall be consistent with that received through the metering equipment installed.
- 2.65. Metering data shall be provided in an electronic format specified by us from time to time and, in the absence of such specification, metering data shall be

- provided in a comma-separated text file in the format of Master Registration Agreement (MRA) data flow D0275⁵ (as agreed with us). The data shall be emailed to DUOS.Billing@enwl.co.uk.
- 2.66. We require details of reactive power imported or exported to be provided for all Measurement Class C and E sites. It is also required for CVA sites and Exempt Distribution Network boundaries with difference metering. We reserve the right to levy a charge on Users who fail to provide such reactive data. In order to estimate missing reactive data, a power factor of 0.9 lag will be applied to the active consumption in any half hour.

Out of area use of system charges

2.67. We do not operate networks outside our Distribution Services Area.

Licensed distribution network operator charges

- 2.68. Licensed Distribution Network Operator (LDNO) charges are applied to LDNOs who operate Embedded Networks within our Distribution Services Area.
- 2.69. The charge structure for LV and HV Designated Properties embedded in networks operated by LDNOs will mirror the structure of the 'All-the-way' charge and is dependent upon the voltage of connection of each embedded network to our Distribution System. The relevant charge structures are set out in Annex 4.
- 2.70. Where a NHH metered MPAN has an invalid Settlement combination, the 'LDNO HV: Domestic Unrestricted' fixed and unit charges will be applied as default until the invalid combination is corrected. Where there are multiple SSC/TPR combinations, the default 'LDNO HV: Domestic Unrestricted' fixed and unit charges will be applied for each invalid SSC/TPR combination.
- 2.71. The charge structure for Designated EHV Properties embedded in networks operated by LDNOs will be calculated individually using the EDCM. The relevant charge structures are set out in Annex 2.
- 2.72. For Nested Networks the relevant charging principles set out in DCUSA Schedule 21 will apply.

Licence exempt distribution networks

2.73. The Electricity and Gas (Internal Market) Regulations 2011⁶ introduced new obligations on owners of licence exempt distribution networks (sometimes

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⁵ MRA Data Transfer Catalogue available from https://dtc.mrasco.com/

- called private networks) including a duty to facilitate access to electricity and gas suppliers for Customers within those networks.
- 2.74. When Customers (both domestic and commercial) are located within a licence exempt distribution network and require the ability to choose their own Supplier this is called 'third party access'. These embedded Customers will require an MPAN so that they can have their electricity supplied by a Supplier of their choice.
- 2.75. Licence exempt distribution networks owners can provide third party access using either full settlement metering or the difference metering approach.

Full settlement metering

- 2.76. This is where a licence exempt distribution network is set up so that each embedded installation has an MPAN and Metering System and therefore all Customers purchase electricity from their chosen Supplier. In this case there are no Settlement Metering Systems at the boundary between the licensed Distribution System and the licence exempt distribution network.
- 2.77. In this approach our UoS charges will be applied to each MPAN.

Difference metering

2.78. This is where one or more, but not all, Customers on a licence exempt distribution network choose their own Supplier for electricity supply to their premises. Under this approach, the Customers requiring third party access on the licence exempt distribution network will have their own MPAN and must have a HH Metering System.

Net settlement

2.79. Where one of our MPANs (MPAN prefix 16) is embedded within a licence exempt distribution network connected to one of our Distribution Systems, and difference metering is in place for Settlement purposes, and we do <u>not</u> receive gross measurement data for the boundary MPAN, we will charge the boundary MPAN Supplier based on the net measurement for use of our Distribution System. Charges will also be levied directly to the Supplier of the embedded

⁶ The Electricity and Gas (Internal Market) Regulations 2011 available from http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2011/2704/contents/made

- MPAN(s) connected within the licence exempt distribution network based on the actual data received.
- 2.80. The charges applicable for the embedded MPANs are unit charges only. These will be the same values as those at the voltage of connection to the licence exempt distribution network and are shown in Annex n. The fixed charge and capacity charge, at the agreed MIC/MEC of the boundary MPAN, will be charged to the boundary MPAN Supplier.

3. Schedule of charges for use of the distribution system

- 3.1. Tables listing the charges for use of our Distribution System are published in annexes to this document.
- 3.2. These charges are also listed in a spreadsheet which is published with this statement and can be downloaded from www.enwl.co.uk/about-us/regulatory-information/use-of-system-charges/.
- 3.3. Annex 1 contains the charges applied to LV and HV Designated Properties.
- 3.4. Annex 2 contains the charges applied to our Designated EHV Properties and charges applied to LDNOs for Designated EHV Properties connected to their Distribution Systems.
- 3.5. Annex 3 contains details of any preserved and additional charges that are valid at this time. Preserved charges are mapped to an appropriate charge and are closed to new Customers.
- 3.6. Annex 4 contains the charges applied to LDNOs in respect of LV and HV Designated Properties connected to their Distribution Systems.

4. Schedule of line loss factors

Role of line loss factors in the supply of electricity

- 4.1. Electricity entering or exiting our Distribution System is adjusted to take account of energy that is lost⁷ as it is distributed through the network. This adjustment does not affect distribution charges but is used in energy settlement to take metered consumption to a notional Grid Supply Point so that Suppliers' purchases take account of the energy lost on the Distribution System.
- 4.2. We are responsible for calculating the Line Loss Factors (LLFs) and providing these to Elexon. Elexon is the company that manages the BSC.
- 4.3. LLFs are used to adjust the Metering System volumes to take account of losses on the Distribution System.

Calculation of line loss factors

- 4.4. LLFs are calculated in accordance with BSCP128 which sets out the procedure and principles with which our LLF methodology must comply. It also defines the procedure and timetable by which LLFs are reviewed and submitted.
- 4.5. LLFs are calculated for a set number of time periods during the year using either a generic or site-specific method. The generic method is used for sites connected at LV or HV and the site-specific method is used for sites connected at EHV or where a request for site-specific LLFs has been agreed. Generic LLFs will be applied as a default to all new EHV sites until sufficient data is available for a site-specific calculation.
- 4.6. The definition of EHV used for LLF purposes differs from the definition used for defining Designated EHV Properties in the EDCM. The definition used for LLF purposes can be found in our LLF methodology.
- 4.7. The Elexon website⁸ contains more information on LLFs.

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⁷ Energy can be lost for technical and non-technical reasons and losses normally occur by heat dissipation through power flowing in conductors and transformers. Losses can also reduce if a customer's action reduces power flowing in the distribution network. This might happen when a customer generates electricity and the produced energy is consumed locally.

⁸ The following page has links to BSCP128 and to our LLF methodology: http://www.elexon.co.uk/reference/technical-operations/losses/

Publication of line loss factors

- 4.8. The LLFs used in Settlement are published on the Elexon Portal⁹. The website contains the LLFs in standard industry data formats and in a summary form. A user guide with details on registering and using the portal is also available.
- 4.9. BSCP128 sets out the timetable by which LLFs are submitted and audited. The submission and audit occurs between September and December in the year prior to the LLFs becoming effective. Only after the completion of the audit at the end of December and BSC approval are the final LLFs published.
- 4.10. As this statement is published a complete year before the LLFs for the charging year have been produced, Annex 5 is intentionally left blank. This statement will be reissued with Annex 5 populated once the LLFs have been calculated and audited. This should typically be more than three months prior to the statement coming into force.
- 4.11. When using the tables in Annex 5, reference should be made to the LLFC allocated to the MPAN to find the appropriate values.

⁹ The Elexon Portal can be accessed from www.elexonportal.co.uk

5. Notes for Designated EHV Properties

EDCM LRIC nodal costs

- 5.1. A table is provided in the accompanying spreadsheet which shows the underlying Long Run Incremental Cost (LRIC) nodal costs used to calculate the current EDCM charges. This spreadsheet is available to download from our website: www.enwl.co.uk/about-us/regulatory-information/use-of-system-charges/.
- 5.2. These are illustrative of the modelled costs at the time that this statement was published. A new connection will result in changes to current network utilisations, which will then form the basis of future prices. The charge determined in this statement will not necessarily be the charge in subsequent years because of the interaction between new and existing network connections and any other changes made to our Distribution System which may affect charges.

Charges for new Designated EHV Properties

- 5.3. Charges for any new Designated EHV Properties calculated after publication of the current statement will be published on our website in an addendum to that statement as and when necessary. The addendum will include charge information of the type found in Annex 2, and LLFs as found in Annex 5.
- 5.4. The form of the addendum is detailed in Annex 6 to this statement.
- 5.5. The new Designated EHV Properties' charges will be added to Annex 2 in the next full statement released.

Charges for amended Designated EHV Properties

5.6. Where an existing Designated EHV Property is modified and energised in the charging year, we may revise the EDCM charges for the modified Designated EHV Property. If revised charges are appropriate, an addendum will be sent to all relevant parties and published as a revised 'Schedule of Charges and other tables' spreadsheet on our website. The modified Designated EHV Property charges will be added to Annex 2 in the next full statement released.

Demand-side management

5.7. New or existing Designated EHV Property Customers may wish to offer part of their MIC to be interruptible by us (for active network management purposes

- other than normal planned or unplanned outages) in order to benefit from any reduced UoS charges calculated using the EDCM.
- 5.8. Several options exist in which we may agree for some or the entire MIC to be interruptible. Under the EDCM the applicable demand capacity costs would be based on the MIC minus the capacity subject to interruption. Further information is available on our website at: https://www.enwl.co.uk/about-us/regulatory-information/use-of-system-charges/demand-side-management/. This provides more information on the type of arrangement that might be put in place should you request to participate in DSM arrangements.
- 5.9. If you are proactively interested in voluntarily but revocably offering to make some or all of your existing connection's MIC interruptible you should in the first instance contact our Demand Side Response Strategy and Delivery Manager at FutureNetworks@enwl.co.uk.

6. Electricity distribution rebates

6.1. We have neither given nor announced any DUoS rebates to Users in the 12 months preceding the date of publication of this version of the statement.

7. Accounting and administration services

- 7.1. We reserve the right to impose payment default remedies. The remedies are as set out in DCUSA where applicable or else as detailed in the following paragraph.
- 7.2. If any invoices that are not subject to a valid dispute remain unpaid on the due date, late payment interest (calculated at base rate plus 8%) and administration charges may be imposed.
- 7.3. Our administration charges are detailed in the following table. These charges are set at a level which is in line with the Late Payment of Commercial Debts Act:

Size of Unpaid Debt	Late Payment Fee
Up to £999.99	£40.00
£1,000 to £9,999.99	£70.00
£10,000 or more	£100.00

8. Charges for electrical plant provided ancillary to the grant of use of system

8.1. We do not have a schedule of the charges which may be made (i) for providing and installing any electrical plant at Entry Points or Exit Points, where such provision and installation are ancillary to the grant of Use of System, and (ii) for maintaining such plant.

Appendix 1 - Glossary

1.1. The following definitions, which can extend to grammatical variations and cognate expressions, are included to aid understanding:

Term	Definition
All-the-way Charge	A charge that is applicable to an end user rather than an LDNO. An end user in this context is a Supplier/User who has a registered MPAN or MSID and is using the Distribution System to transport energy on behalf of a Customer.
Balancing and Settlement Code (BSC)	The BSC contains the governance arrangements for electricity balancing and settlement in Great Britain. An overview document is available from www.elexon.co.uk/ELEXON Documents/trading_arrangements.pdf .
Balancing and Settlement Code Procedure (BSCP)	A document of that title, as established or adopted and from time to time modified by the Panel in accordance with The Code, setting out procedures to be complied with (by Parties, Party Agents, BSC Agents, BSCCo, the Panel and others) in, and other matters relating to, the implementation of The Code;
Common Distribution Charging Methodology (CDCM)	The CDCM used for calculating charges to Designated Properties as required by standard licence condition 13A of the Electricity Distribution Licence.
Connection Agreement	An agreement between an LDNO and a Customer which provides that that Customer has the right for its connected installation to be and remain directly or indirectly connected to that LDNO's Distribution System
Central Volume Allocation (CVA)	As defined in the BSC.
_	A person to whom a User proposes to supply, or for the time being supplies, electricity through an exit point, or from who, a User or any relevant exempt supplier, is entitled to recover charges, compensation or an account of profits in respect of electricity supplied through an exit point;
Customer	Or
	A person from whom a User purchases, or proposes to purchase, electricity, at an entry point (who may from time to time be supplied with electricity as a Customer of that User (or another electricity supplier) through an exit point).
Designated EHV Properties	As defined in standard condition 13B of the Electricity Distribution Licence.

Term	Definition
Designated Properties	As defined in standard condition 13A of the Electricity Distribution Licence.
Distribution Connection and Use of System Agreement	The DCUSA is a multi-party contract between the licensed electricity distributors, suppliers, generators and Offshore Transmission Owners of Great Britain.
(DCUSA)	It is a requirement that all licensed electricity distributors and suppliers become parties to the DCUSA.

Term	Definition		
	MPAI	e are unique IDs that can be on the land of the land of the land of the land on their we have can be found on their we	charges for other network
	ID	Distribution Service Area	Company
	10	East of England	UK Power Networks
	11	East Midlands	Western Power Distribution
	12	London	UK Power Networks
	13	Merseyside and North Wales	Scottish Power
	14	Midlands	Western Power Distribution
	15	Northern	Northern Powergrid
	16	North Western	Electricity North West
	17	Scottish Hydro Electric (and embedded networks in other areas)	Scottish Hydro Electric Power Distribution plc
	18	South Scotland	Scottish Power
	19	South East England	UK Power Networks
	20	Southern Electric (and embedded networks in other areas)	Southern Electric Power Distribution plc
Distributor IDs	21	South Wales	Western Power Distribution
	22	South Western	Western Power Distribution
	23	Yorkshire	Northern Powergrid
	24	All	Independent Power Networks
	25	All	ESP Electricity
	26	All	Energetics Electricity Ltd
	27	All	The Electricity Network Company Ltd
	29	All	Harlaxton Energy Networks
	30	All	Peel Electricity Networks Ltd
	31	All	UK Power Distribution Ltd
	32	All	Energy Assets Networks Limited
	33	All	Eclipse Power Networks Ltd
	34	All	Murphy Power Distribution Ltd
	35	All	Fulcrum Electricity Assets Ltd
	36	All	Vattenfall Networks Ltd

Term	Definition
Distribution Network Operator (DNO)	An electricity distributor that operates one of the 14 distribution services areas and in whose Electricity Distribution Licence the requirements of Section B of the standard conditions of that licence have effect.
Distribution Services Area	The area specified by the Gas and Electricity Markets Authority within which each DNO must provide specified distribution services.
	The system consisting (wholly or mainly) of electric lines owned or operated by an authorised distributor that is used for the distribution of electricity from: • Grid Supply Points or generation sets or other entry
	points to the points of delivery to:
Distribution System	Customers or Users or any transmission licensee in its capacity as operator of that licensee's transmission system or the Great Britain (GB) transmission system and includes any remote transmission assets (owned by a transmission licensee within England and Wales)
	that are operated by that authorised distributor and any electrical plant, electricity meters, and metering equipment owned or operated by it in connection with the distribution of electricity, but does not include any part of the GB transmission system.
EHV Distribution Charging Methodology (EDCM)	The EDCM used for calculating charges to Designated EHV Properties as required by standard licence condition 13B of the Electricity Distribution Licence.
Electricity Distribution Licence	The Electricity Distribution Licence granted or treated as granted pursuant to section 6(1) of the Electricity Act 1989.
Electricity Distributor	Any person who is authorised by an Electricity Distribution Licence to distribute electricity.
Embedded Network	An electricity Distribution System operated by an LDNO and embedded within another Distribution System.
Engineering Recommendation P2/6	A document of the Energy Networks Association, which defines planning standards for security of supply and is referred to in Standard Licence Condition 24 of our Electricity Distribution Licence.
Entry Point	A boundary point at which electricity is exported onto a Distribution System from a connected installation or from another Distribution System, not forming part of the total system (boundary point and total system having the meaning given to those terms in the BSC).

Term	Definition	
Exit Point	A point of connection at which a supply of electricity may flow from the Distribution System to the Customer's installation or User's installation or the Distribution System of another person.	
Extra High Voltage (EHV)	Nominal voltages of 22kV and above.	
Gas and Electricity Markets Authority (GEMA)	As established by the Utilities Act 2000.	
Grid Supply Point (GSP)	A metered connection between the National Grid Electricity Transmission system and the licensee's distribution system at which electricity flows to or from the Distribution System.	
GSP group	A distinct electrical system that is supplied from one or more GSPs for which total supply into the GSP group can be determined for each half hour.	
High Voltage (HV)	Nominal voltages of at least 1kV and less than 22kV.	
Intermittent Generation	Defined in DCUSA Schedule 16 as a generation plant where the energy source of the prime mover cannot be made available on demand, in accordance with the definitions in Engineering Recommendation P2/6.	
Invalid Settlement Combination	A Settlement combination that is not recognised as a valid combination in market domain data - see https://www.elexonportal.co.uk/MDDVIEWER .	
kVA	Kilovolt ampere.	
kVArh	Kilovolt ampere reactive hour.	
kW	Kilowatt.	
kWh	Kilowatt hour (equivalent to one "unit" of electricity).	
Licensed Distribution Network Operator (LDNO)	The holder of a Licence to distribute electricity.	
Line Loss Factor (LLF)	The factor that is used in Settlement to adjust the metering system volumes to take account of losses on the distribution system.	
Line Loss Factor Class (LLFC)	An identifier assigned to an SVA metering system which is used to assign the LLF and use of system charges.	
Load Factor	$= \frac{annual\ consumption\ (kWh)}{maximum\ demand\ (kW) \times hours\ in\ year}$	
Low Voltage (LV)	Nominal voltages below 1kV.	

Term	Definition
Market Domain Data (MDD)	MDD is a central repository of reference data available to all Users involved in Settlement. It is essential to the operation of SVA trading arrangements.
Maximum Export Capacity (MEC)	The MEC of apparent power expressed in kVA that has been agreed can flow through the entry point to the Distribution System from the Customer's installation as specified in the connection agreement.
Maximum Import Capacity (MIC)	The MIC of apparent power expressed in kVA that has been agreed can flow through the exit point from the Distribution System to the Customer's installation as specified in the connection agreement.
Measurement Class	 A classification of Metering Systems used in the BSC which indicates how consumption is measured, i.e.: Measurement Class A – non-half hourly metering equipment; Measurement Class B – non-half hourly unmetered supplies; Measurement Class C – half hourly metering equipment at or above 100kW premises; Measurement Class D – half hourly unmetered supplies; Measurement Class E – half hourly metering equipment below 100kW premises with CT; Measurement Class F – half hourly metering equipment at below 100kW premises with CT or whole current, and at domestic premises; and Measurement Class G – half hourly metering equipment at below 100kW premises with whole current and not at domestic premises.
Meter Timeswitch Code (MTC)	MTCs are three digit codes allowing suppliers to identify the metering installed in Customers' premises. They indicate whether the meter is single or multi-rate, pre-payment or credit, or whether it is 'related' to another meter. Further information can be found in MDD.
Metering Point	The point at which electricity that is exported to or imported from the licensee's Distribution System is measured, is deemed to be measured, or is intended to be measured and which is registered pursuant to the provisions of the MRA. For the purposes of this statement, GSPs are not 'Metering Points'.
Metering Point Administration Number (MPAN)	A number relating to a Metering Point under the MRA.
Metering System	Particular commissioned metering equipment installed for the purposes of measuring the quantities of exports and/or imports at the exit point or entry point.

Term	Definition
Metering System Identifier (MSID)	MSID is a term used throughout the BSC and its subsidiary documents and has the same meaning as MPAN as used under the MRA.
Master Registration Agreement (MRA)	The Master Registration Agreement (MRA) provides a governance mechanism to manage the processes established between electricity suppliers and distribution companies to enable electricity suppliers to transfer customers. It includes terms for the provision of Metering Point Administration Services (MPAS) Registrations.
Nested Networks	This refers to a situation where there is more than one level of Embedded Network and therefore nested Distribution Systems between LDNOs (e.g. host DNO→primary nested DNO→ secondary nested DNO→customer).
Non-Intermittent Generation	Defined in DCUSA Schedule 16 as a generation plant where the energy source of the prime mover can be made available on demand, in accordance with the definitions in Engineering Recommendation P2/6.
Ofgem	Office of Gas and Electricity Markets – Ofgem is governed by GEMA and is responsible for the regulation of the distribution companies.
Profile Class (PC)	A categorisation applied to NHH MPANs and used in settlement to group customers with similar consumption patterns to enable the calculation of consumption profiles.
Settlement	The determination and settlement of amounts payable in respect of charges (including reconciling charges) in accordance with the BSC.
Settlement Class (SC)	The combination of Profile Class, Line Loss Factor Class, Time Pattern Regime and Standard Settlement Configuration, by Supplier within a GSP group and used for Settlement.
Standard Settlement Configuration (SSC)	A standard metering configuration relating to a specific combination of Time Pattern Regimes.
Supercustomer	The method of billing Users for use of system on an aggregated basis, grouping together consumption and standing charges for all similar NHH metered Customers or aggregated HH metered Customers.
Supercustomer DUoS Report	A report of profiled data by Settlement Class providing counts of MPANs and units consumed.
Supplier	An organisation with a supply licence responsible for electricity supplied to and/or exported from a metering point.
Supplier Volume Allocation (SVA)	As defined in the BSC.

Term	Definition
Time Pattern Regime (TPR)	The pattern of switching behaviour through time that one or more meter registers follow.
Unmetered Supplies	Exit points deemed to be suitable as unmetered supplies as permitted in the Electricity (Unmetered Supply) Regulations 2001 and where operated in accordance with BSC procedure 520 ¹⁰ .
Use of System Charges	Charges which are applicable to those parties which use the Distribution System.
User	Someone that has a use of system agreement with the DNO e.g. a supplier, generator or other LDNO.

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¹⁰ Balancing and Settlement Code Procedures are available from http://www.elexon.co.uk/pages/bscps.aspx

Appendix 2 - Guidance notes¹¹

Background

- 1.1. The electricity bill from your Supplier contains an element of charge to cover electricity distribution costs. This distribution charge covers the cost of operating and maintaining a safe and reliable Distribution System that forms the 'wires' that transport electricity between the national transmission system and end users such as homes and businesses. Our Distribution System includes overhead lines, underground cables, as well as substations and transformers.
- 1.2. In most cases, your Supplier is invoiced for the distribution charge and this is normally part of your total bill. In some cases, for example business users, the Supplier may pass through the distribution charge as an identifiable line item on the electricity bill.
- 1.3. Where electricity is generated at a premises your Supplier may receive a credit for energy that is exported on to the Distribution System. These credits are intended to reflect that the exported generation may reduce the need for traditional demand led reinforcement of the Distribution System.
- 1.4. Understanding your distribution charges could help you reduce your costs and increase your credits. This is achieved by understanding the components of the charge to help you identify whether there may be opportunities to change the way you use the Distribution System.

Meter point administration

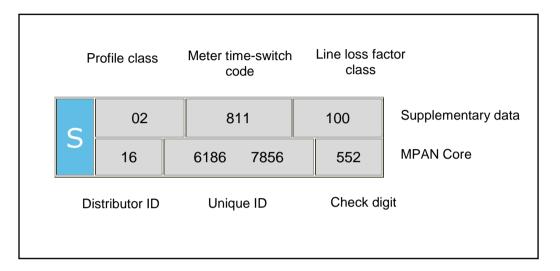
- 1.5. We are responsible for managing the electricity supply points that are connected to our Distribution System. Typically, every supply point is identified by a Meter Point Administration Number (MPAN). A few supply points may have more than one MPAN depending on the metering configuration (e.g. a school which may have an MPAN for the main supply and an MPAN for catering).
- 1.6. The full MPAN is a 21 digit number, preceded by an 'S' and includes supplementary data. The MPAN applicable to a supply point is found on the electricity bill from your Supplier. This number enables you to establish who your electricity distributor is, details of the characteristics of the supply and importantly the distribution charges that are applicable to your premises.

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¹¹ These guidance notes are provided for additional information and do not form part of the application of charges.

1.7. The 21-digit number is normally presented in two sections as shown in the following diagram. The top section is supplementary data which gives information about the characteristics of supply, while the bottom 'core' is the unique identifier.

Full MPAN diagram



- 1.8. Generally, you will only need to know the Distributor ID and LLFC to identify the distribution charges for your premises. However, there are some premises where charges are specific to that site. In these instances, the charges are identified by the MPAN core. The Distributor ID for Electricity North West is [16]. Other Distributor IDs can be referenced in the glossary.
- 1.9. Additionally it can be useful to understand the profile class provided in the supplementary data. The profile class will be a number between 00 and 08. The following list provides details of the allocation of profile classes to types of customers:
 - '01' Domestic customers with unrestricted supply
 - '02' Domestic customers with restricted load, for example off-peak heating
 - '03' Non-domestic customers with unrestricted supply
 - '04' Non-domestic customers with restricted load, for example off-peak heating
 - '05' Non-domestic maximum demand customers with a Load Factor of less than 20%
 - '06' Non-domestic maximum demand customers with a Load Factor between 20% and 30%

- '07' Non-domestic maximum demand customers with a Load Factor between 30% and 40%
- '08' Non-domestic maximum demand customers with a Load Factor over 40% or non-half hourly metered generation customers
- '00' Half-hourly metered demand and generation customers
- 1.10. Unmetered Supplies will be allocated to profile class 01, 08 or 00 depending on the type of load or the measurement method of the load.
- 1.11. The allocation of the profile class will affect your charges. If you feel that you have been allocated the wrong profile class, please contact your Supplier as they are responsible for this.

Your charges

- 1.12. All distribution charges that relate to our Distributor ID 16 are provided in this statement.
- 1.13. You can identify your charges by referencing your LLFC, from Annex 1. If the MPAN is for a Designated EHV Property, then the charges will be found in Annex 2. In a few instances, the charges may be contained in Annex 3 or Annex 6. When identifying charges in Annex 2, please note that some LLFCs have more than one charge. In this instance you will need to select the correct charge by cross referencing with the MPAN core provided in the table.
- 1.14. Once you have identified which charge structure applies to your MPAN then you will be able to calculate an estimate of your distribution charge using the calculator provided in the spreadsheet 'Schedule of charges and other tables' found in the sheet called 'Charge Calculator'. This spreadsheet can be downloaded from www.enwl.co.uk/about-us/regulatory-information/use-of-system-charges/.

Reducing your charges

1.15. The most effective way to reduce your energy charges is to reduce your consumption by switching off or using more energy efficient appliances. However, there are also other potential opportunities to reduce your distribution charges; for example, it may be beneficial to shift demand or generation to a better time period. Demand use is likely to be cheaper outside peak periods and generation credits more beneficial during peak periods, although the ability to directly benefit will be linked to the structure of your supply charges.

1.16. The calculator mentioned above provides the opportunity to establish a forecast of the change in distribution charges that could be achieved if you are able to change any of the consumption related inputs.

Reactive power and reactive power charges

- 1.17. Reactive power is a separately charged component of connections that are half hourly metered. Reactive power charges are generally avoidable if 'best practice' design of the properties' electrical installation has been provided in order to maintain a power factor between 0.95 and unity at the Metering Point.
- 1.18. Reactive Power (kVArh) is the difference between working power (active power measured in kW) and total power consumed (apparent power measured in kVA). Essentially it is a measure of how efficiently electrical power is transported through an electrical installation or a Distribution System.
- 1.19. Power flowing with a power factor of unity results in the most efficient loading of the Distribution System. Power flowing with a power factor of less than 0.95 results in much higher losses in the Distribution System, a need to potentially provide higher capacity electrical equipment and consequently a higher bill for you the consumer. A comparatively small improvement in power factor can bring about a significant reduction in losses since losses are proportional to the square of the current.
- 1.20. Different types of electrical equipment require some 'reactive power' in addition to 'active power' in order to work effectively. Electric motors, transformers and fluorescent lighting, for example, may produce poor power factors due to the nature of their inductive load. However, if good design practice is applied then the poor power factor of appliances can be corrected as near as possible to source. Alternatively, poor power factor can be corrected centrally near to the meter.
- 1.21. There are many advantages that can be achieved by correcting poor power factor. These include: reduced energy bills through lower reactive charges, lower capacity charges and reduced power consumption and reduced voltage drop in long cable runs.

Site-specific EDCM charges

1.22. A site classified as a Designated EHV Property is subject to a locational-based charging methodology (referred to as EDCM) for higher voltage network users. Distributors use one of two approved approaches: Long Run Incremental Cost

- (LRIC) or Forward Cost Pricing (FCP); we use the LRIC. The EDCM will apply to Customers connected at Extra High Voltage or connected at High Voltage and metered at a high voltage substation.
- 1.23. EDCM charges and credits are site-specific, reflecting the degree to which the local and higher voltage networks have the capacity to serve more demand or generation without the need to upgrade the electricity infrastructure. The charges also reflect the networks specifically used to deliver the electricity to the site as well as the usage at the site. Generators with non-intermittent output and deemed to be providing beneficial support to our networks may qualify to receive credit.
- 1.24. The charges under the EDCM comprise of the following individual components:
 - a) **Fixed charge (pence/MPAN/day)** This charge recovers operational costs associated with those connection assets that are provided for the 'sole' use of the customer. The value of these assets is used as a basis to derive the charge.
 - b) Capacity charge (pence/kVA/day) This charge comprises the relevant LRIC component, the National Grid Electricity Transmission cost and other regulated costs.

Capacity charges are levied on the MIC, MEC, and any exceeded capacity. You may wish to review your MIC or MEC periodically to ensure it remains appropriate for your needs as you may be paying for more capacity than you require. If you wish to make changes contact us via the details in paragraph 1.12

The LRIC cost is locational and reflects our assessment of future network reinforcement necessary at the voltage of connection (local) and beyond at all higher voltages (remote) relevant to the customer's connection. This results in the allocation of higher costs in more capacity congested parts of the network reflecting the greater likelihood of future reinforcement in these areas, and the allocation of lower costs in less congested parts of the network. The local LRIC cost is included in the capacity charge.

Our regulated costs include direct and indirect operational costs and a residual amount to ensure recovery of our regulated allowed revenue. The capacity charge recovers these costs using the customer usage profile and the relevant assets being used to transport electricity between the source substation and customer's Metering Point.

- c) Super-red unit charge (pence/kWh) This charge recovers the remote LRIC component. The charge is positive for import and negative for export which means you can either reduce your charges by minimising consumption or increasing export at those times. The charge is applied to consumption during the Super-red time period as detailed in Annex 2.
- 1.25. Future charge rates may be affected by consumption during the Super-red period, therefore reducing consumption in the Super-red time period may be beneficial.
- 1.26. Reactive Power The EDCM does not include a separate charge component for any reactive power flows (kVAr) for either demand or generation. However, the EDCM charges do reflect the effect on the network of the customer's power factor, for example unit charges can increase if your site power factor is poor (lower than 0.95). Improving your site's power factor will also reduce the maximum demand (kVA) for the same power consumed in kW thus providing scope to reduce your agreed capacity requirements.

Annex 1 - Schedule of charges for use of the distribution system by LV and HV Designated Properties

Electricity North West Limited - Effective from 1 April 2020 - Final LV and HV charges

Time Bands for Hal	f Hourly Meter	red Properties	
Time periods	Red Time Band	Amber Time Band	Green Time Band
Monday to Friday (Including Bank Holidays) All Year	16:00 to 19:00	09:00 to 16:00 19:00 to 20:30	00.00 - 09.00 20.30 - 24.00
Saturday and Sunday All Year		16:00 to 19:00	00.00 - 16.00 19.00 - 24.00
Notes	All the above times a	are in UK Clock time	

Time Bands for H	alf Hourly Unn	netered Prope	erties
	Black Time Band	Yellow Time Band	Green Time Band
Monday to Friday (Including Bank Holidays) March to October Inclusive		09.00 - 20.30	00.00 - 09.00 20.30 - 24.00
Monday to Friday (Including Bank Holidays) November to February Inclusive	16:00 to 19:00	09:00 - 16.00 19.00 - 20.30	00.00 - 09.00 20.30 - 24.00
Saturday and Sunday All year		16:00 to 19:00	00.00 - 16.00 19.00 - 24.00
Notes	All the above times a	are in UK Clock time	

Tariff name	Open LLFCs	PCs	Unit charge 1 (NHH) or red/black charge (HH) p/kWh	Unit charge 2 (NHH) or amber/yellow charge (HH) p/kWh	Green charge(HH) p/kWh	Fixed charge p/MPAN/day	Capacity charge p/kVA/day	Exceeded capacity charge p/kVA/day	Reactive power charge p/kVArh	Closed LLFCs
Domestic Unrestricted	011, 041, 441, 511	1	2.192			3.92				
Domestic Two Rate	031, 051, 061, 451, 531	2	2.615	0.685		3.92				
Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	081, 581	2	0.733							
Small Non Domestic Unrestricted	131, 191, 631	3	2.318			3.92				
Small Non Domestic Two Rate	161, 171, 661	4	2.424	0.664		3.92				
Small Non Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	091, 591	4	0.669							
LV Medium Non-Domestic	241, 431, 481, 751	5-8	2.186	0.631		22.25				
LV Sub Medium Non-Domestic	242, 432, 482, 752	5-8	1.854	0.599		70.07				
HV Medium Non-Domestic	483, 753	5-8	1.351	0.547		235.40				
LV Network Domestic	821, 851	0	9.681	1.930	0.659	3.92				
LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT	831, 861	0	10.158	2.005	0.669	3.92				
LV HH Metered	801, 841	0	7.432	1.500	0.607	15.61	3.41	5.17	0.161	
LV Sub HH Metered	802, 842	0	5.924	1.218	0.572	50.10	3.46	6.08	0.121	
HV HH Metered	803, 843	0	4.219	0.914	0.534	110.17	3.13	5.97	0.081	
NHH UMS category A	761	8	3.482							
NHH UMS category B	771	1	3.596							
NHH UMS category C	781	1	4.414							
NHH UMS category D	791	1	3.434							
LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	811	0	21.893	3.621	2.536					
LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	901, 961	8&0	-0.989			0.00				
LV Sub Generation NHH	962	8	-0.788			0.00				
LV Generation Intermittent	971	0	-0.989			0.00			0.131	
LV Generation Intermittent no RP charge		0	-0.989			0.00				
LV Generation Non-Intermittent	981	0	-6.686	-1.059	-0.137	0.00			0.131	
LV Generation Non-Intermittent no RP charge		0	-6.686	-1.059	-0.137	0.00				
LV Sub Generation Intermittent	972	0	-0.788			0.00			0.110	
LV Sub Generation Intermittent no RP charge		0	-0.788			0.00				
LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent	982	0	-5.436	-0.816	-0.107	0.00			0.110	
LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent no RP charge		0	-5.436	-0.816	-0.107	0.00				
HV Generation Intermittent	973	0	-0.568			7.42			0.087	
HV Generation Intermittent no RP charge		0	-0.568			7.42				
HV Generation Non-Intermittent	983	0	-4.089	-0.541	-0.074	7.42			0.087	
HV Generation Non-Intermittent no RP charge		0	-4.089	-0.541	-0.074	7.42				

Annex 2 - Schedule of charges for use of the distribution system by Designated EHV Properties (including LDNOs with Designated EHV Properties/end-users)

Time Periods for Design	gnated EHV Properties
Time periods	Super Red Time Band
Monday to Friday (Including Bank Holidays) November to February Inclusive	16:00 - 19:00
Notes	All the above times are in UK Clock time

Import Unique Identifier	LLFC	Import MPANs/MSIDs	Export Unique Identifier	LLFC	Export MPANs/MSIDs	Name	Import Super Red unit charge (p/kWh)	Import fixed charge (p/day)	Import capacity charge (p/kVA/day)	Import exceeded capacity charge (p/kVA/day)	Export Super Red unit charge (p/kWh)	Export fixed charge (p/day)	Export capacity charge (p/kVA/day)	Export exceeded capacity charge (p/kVA/day)
Import Tariff 001	610	1600000132063				Tariff 001	0.004	14696.11	3.18	3.18				
Import Tariff 002						Tariff 002*	0.227	1366.38	3.22	3.22				
Import Tariff 003	650	1600000139069				Tariff 003	0.184	910.92	2.93	2.93				
Import Tariff 004	660	1600000138836				Tariff 004	0.916	3174.55	2.83	2.83				
Import Tariff 005	640	1600000138766				Tariff 005	0.830	2544.83	8.96	8.96				
Import Tariff 006	700	1600000138845				Tariff 006	0.957	3965.05	3.62	3.62				
Import Tariff 007	900	1620000595780, 1620000595805				Tariff 007	1.181	910.92	6.17	6.17				
Import Tariff 008	670	1600000176734, 1600000176743	Export Tariff 008	217	1640000519728	Tariff 008	0.229	1706.25	7.71	7.71	0.000	489.62	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 009	320	1630000239738, 1630000239747				Tariff 009	0.000	24004.78	1.93	1.93				

Import Tariff 010	850	1600000138650, 1620000847420				Tariff 010	0.606	910.92	6.45	6.45				
Import Tariff 011	450	1620001195216, 1620001198068				Tariff 011	4.764	7323.97	7.67	7.67				
Import Tariff 012	460	1620001102912, 1620001102921	Export Tariff 012	470	1620001102930, 1620001102940	Tariff 012	0.000	662.85	0.97	0.97	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 013	680	1600000135019, 1620000386808	Export Tariff 013	690	1620000193245	Tariff 013	0.236	211.08	1.87	1.87	-0.545	458.52	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 014	520	1620000398404	Export Tariff 014	730	1620000366670, 1630000403060	Tariff 014	0.394	3416.60	3.74	3.74	0.000	569.43	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 015	510	1620000145890, 1620000398399	Export Tariff 015	720	1620000366661, 1630000408148, 1630000408166	Tariff 015	0.000	6293.74	2.45	2.45	0.000	1678.33	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 016	530	1620000145881, 1620000398440	Export Tariff 016	770	1620000366713, 1630000402252, 1630000402261	Tariff 016	0.000	16202.06	4.51	4.51	0.000	3888.50	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 017	540	1620000273477, 1620000398413	Export Tariff 017	740	1620000366680, 1630000402299, 1630000402304	Tariff 017	1.003	6377.65	4.02	4.02	0.000	1594.41	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 018	550	1620000145915, 1620000398422	Export Tariff 018	750	1620000366699, 1630000403070, 1630000403089	Tariff 018	0.783	7015.42	4.80	4.80	0.000	956.65	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 019	810	1620000622316	Export Tariff 019	820	1620000622325	Tariff 019	0.260	1487.84	5.91	5.91	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 020	830	1620000828143	Export Tariff 020	840	1620000828134	Tariff 020	0.000	16.69	2.55	2.55	-1.580	2682.12	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 021	960	1620000388390	Export Tariff 021	970	1620000388406	Tariff 021	0.012	320.91	1.05	1.05	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 022	370	1630000165174	Export Tariff 022	360	1630000165183	Tariff 022	0.180	2.23	3.51	3.51	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 023	410	1620001681340	Export Tariff 023	420	1620001681359	Tariff 023	0.725	3.00	2.83	2.83	-2.576	1033.89	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 024	430	1620001638558	Export Tariff 024	440	1620001638567	Tariff 024	0.318	1.84	2.32	2.32	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 025	340	1630000215620	Export Tariff 025	350	1630000215630	Tariff 025	0.290	10.58	2.43	2.43	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 026	480	1620000703611	Export Tariff 026	490	1620000703620	Tariff 026	0.812	2.03	3.05	3.05	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 027	600	1620000297228	Export Tariff 027	590	1620000297237, 1620000297237	Tariff 027	0.043	20.39	1.91	1.91	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00

Import Tariff 028	980	1620000390840	Export Tariff 028	990	1620000390850	Tariff 028	0.067	1.72	1.98	1.98	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 029	280	1630000474610	Export Tariff 029	290	1630000474683	Tariff 029	0.000	53.78	1.48	1.48	0.000	13983.96	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 030	260	1630000799836	Export Tariff 030	270	1630000799845	Tariff 030	0.329	6.32	2.12	2.12	0.000	627.22	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 031	180	1640000177307	Export Tariff 031	190	1640000177316	Tariff 031	1.322	132.28	1.70	1.70	0.000	8098.48	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 032	200	1640000063195	Export Tariff 032	210	1640000063200	Tariff 032	0.000	5211.94	0.93	0.93	0.000	6727.11	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 033	140	1640000082620	Export Tariff 033	150	1640000082630	Tariff 033	0.310	4.83	2.12	2.12	0.000	723.76	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 034	160	1640000082286	Export Tariff 034	170	1640000082295	Tariff 034	0.675	10.65	2.23	2.23	0.000	980.14	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 035	950	1620000279707				Tariff 035	0.044	31024.97	4.36	4.36				
Import Tariff 036	910	1600000169151				Tariff 036	0.299	199.45	8.51	8.51				
Import Tariff 037	109	163000015567, 163000015576, 163000015585, 163000015594, 163000015609, 163000015619, 163000015628, 163000015637, 1630000187372, 1630000187372,				Tariff 037	2.597	1994.50	10.18	10.18				
Import Tariff 038	119	1630000031105, 1630000031114, 1640000183347				Tariff 038	2.574	598.35	11.15	11.15				
Import Tariff 039	129	1600000148383, 1600000148392				Tariff 039	0.129	398.90	3.66	3.66				
Import Tariff 040	139	1600000136244, 1620001287727				Tariff 040	1.354	398.90	6.79	6.79				
Import Tariff 041	149	1620001231510, 1620001236332				Tariff 041	1.664	3274.56	7.95	7.95				
Import Tariff 042	419	1600000138108				Tariff 042	3.069	398.90	7.83	7.83				
Import Tariff 043	169	1600000132620, 1600000132630				Tariff 043	1.887	1196.70	6.09	6.09				

Import Tariff 044	179	1620000531564, 1620000531582, 1620000531591				Tariff 044	5.850	598.35	8.95	8.95				
Import Tariff 045	189	1600000137841, 1600000137850				Tariff 045	1.697	7997.26	4.08	4.08				
Import Tariff 046	199	1600000134831, 1600000134840				Tariff 046	0.412	10162.65	4.74	4.74				
Import Tariff 047	209	1600000134901, 1600000134910				Tariff 047	0.562	997.25	11.22	11.22				
Import Tariff 048	219	1600000155460				Tariff 048	0.223	1652.48	2.09	2.09				
Import Tariff 049	229	1600000132392				Tariff 049	1.129	398.90	3.19	3.19				
Import Tariff 050	239	1600000134850				Tariff 050	0.279	398.90	12.07	12.07				
Import Tariff 051	249	1600000137318				Tariff 051	0.539	398.90	3.22	3.22				
Import Tariff 052	259	1600000137674				Tariff 052	2.946	199.45	13.72	13.72				
Import Tariff 053	369	1600000137823				Tariff 053	2.003	398.90	6.96	6.96				
Import Tariff 054	289	1600000138516				Tariff 054	2.531	199.45	2.87	2.87				
Import Tariff 055	299	1600000134822				Tariff 055	0.430	10147.21	7.20	7.20				
Import Tariff 056	309	1600000134984				Tariff 056	7.683	5099.48	4.00	4.00				
Import Tariff 057	319	1600000133856				Tariff 057	2.138	199.45	7.95	7.95				
Import Tariff 058	329	1600000138924				Tariff 058	1.314	398.90	10.31	10.31				
Import Tariff 059	339	1600000135064				Tariff 059	4.108	398.90	10.11	10.11				
Import Tariff 060	349	1600000132036				Tariff 060	2.324	9680.65	6.34	6.34				
Import Tariff 061	359	1600000132045				Tariff 061	0.135	5176.49	5.80	5.80				
Import Tariff 062	269	1600000138311				Tariff 062	0.668	7032.28	6.52	6.52				
Import Tariff 063	529	1600000177747, 1600000177756				Tariff 063	2.941	398.90	14.72	14.72				
Import Tariff 064	389	1600000139087	Export Tariff 064	499	1620000174048	Tariff 064	1.844	50.18	9.82	9.82	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 065	439	1620000418238	Export Tariff 065	479	1620000366875	Tariff 065	2.341	1.58	2.09	2.09	0.000	197.87	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 066	159	1620000370375, 1620000401378	Export Tariff 066	489	1620000370366	Tariff 066	0.310	1407.40	2.91	2.91	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 067	110	1640000199737	Export Tariff 067	120	1640000199746	Tariff 067	1.059	29.16	3.32	3.32	0.000	1420.49	0.05	0.05

Import Tariff 068	220	1640000264119	Export Tariff 068	230	1640000264128	Tariff 068	0.475	20.41	3.83	3.83	0.000	544.30	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 069	080	1640000264146	Export Tariff 069	090	1640000264155	Tariff 069	0.290	47.57	1.91	1.91	0.000	899.52	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 070	040	1640000295385	Export Tariff 070	050	1640000295394	Tariff 070	0.671	22.79	2.42	2.42	0.000	1743.68	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 071	060	1640000319177	Export Tariff 071	070	1640000319159	Tariff 071	0.627	7.10	2.56	2.56	0.000	448.36	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 072	068	1640000319186	Export Tariff 072	078	1640000319168	Tariff 072	0.627	7.10	2.44	2.44	0.000	448.36	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 073	020	1640000408836	Export Tariff 073	030	1640000408845	Tariff 073	0.420	117.46	1.62	1.62	0.000	14212.91	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 074	010	1640000478026	Export Tariff 074	100	1640000478035	Tariff 074	0.769	26.02	3.30	3.30	0.000	6984.52	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 075	088	1640000458483	Export Tariff 075	098	1640000458517	Tariff 075	0.302	10.25	4.40	4.40	0.000	1537.72	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 076	237	1640000618819	Export Tariff 076	227	1640000618828	Tariff 076	0.255	62.49	2.62	2.62	0.000	3124.26	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 077	257	1640000553612	Export Tariff 077	247	1640000553621	Tariff 077	0.078	21.52	1.85	1.85	0.000	3711.48	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 078	277	1640000541148	Export Tariff 078	267	1640000541157	Tariff 078	0.769	34.18	3.95	3.95	0.000	2187.75	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 079	297	1640000541166	Export Tariff 079	287	1640000541175, 1640000582320	Tariff 079	1.725	75.91	4.15	4.15	0.000	379.55	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 080	187	1640000541732	Export Tariff 080	177	1640000541741	Tariff 080	0.753	5.20	4.32	4.32	0.000	450.26	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 081	207	1640000605243	Export Tariff 081	197	1640000605252	Tariff 081	0.624	10.17	2.39	2.39	0.000	445.30	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 082	MSID 7039, 7040	MSID 7039, 7040	Export Tariff 082	MSID 7039, 7040	MSID 7039, 7040	Tariff 082	0.000	2822.42	3.38	3.38	-0.173	13484.89	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 083	MSID 7107	MSID 7107	Export Tariff 083	MSID 7107	MSID 7107	Tariff 083	0.000	1266.22	1.37	1.37	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 084	MSID 7252	MSID 7252	Export Tariff 084	MSID 7252	MSID 7252	Tariff 084	0.000	35.76	1.23	1.23	0.000	2682.12	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 085	MSID 7249	MSID 7249	Export Tariff 085	MSID 7249	MSID 7249	Tariff 085	0.000	29.38	1.15	1.15	0.000	2688.50	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 086	MSID 7241, 7242	MSID 7241, 7242	Export Tariff 086	MSID 7241, 7242	MSID 7241, 7242	Tariff 086	0.004	37.85	1.62	1.62	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 087	MSID 7244	MSID 7244	Export Tariff 087	MSID 7244	MSID 7244	Tariff 087	0.000	12.57	1.14	1.14	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
Import Tariff 088	MSID 2037, 2038	MSID 2037, 2038				Tariff 088	4.383	0.00	6.29	6.29				
Import Tariff 089	MSID 7156	MSID 7156				Tariff 089	0.369	0.00	2.22	2.22				
Import Tariff 090	MSID 0437	MSID 0437				Tariff 090	0.299	0.00	7.05	7.05				
Import Tariff 091	IDNO1 (PENL870)	IDNO1 (PENL870)				Tariff 091	0.050	1805.03	2.95	2.95				
Import Tariff 092	IDNO2 (PENL869)	IDNO2 (PENL869)				Tariff 092	0.050	4230.55	2.54	2.54				
Import Tariff 093	307	1640000565627	Export Tariff 093	317	1640000565636, 1640000612668	Tariff 093	0.188	43.08	1.93	1.93	-0.506	1723.39	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 094	327	1640000565645	Export Tariff 094	337	1640000565654	Tariff 094	0.180	11.11	1.77	1.77	-0.255	444.35	0.05	0.05

Import Tariff 095	347	1640000546261, 1640000612659	Export Tariff 095	357	1640000546270	Tariff 095	0.004	11.11	4.20	4.20	-0.114	444.35	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 096	367	1640000565478	Export Tariff 096	377	1640000565487	Tariff 096	5.043	13.80	2.24	2.24	-5.424	441.66	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 097	387	1640000565501	Export Tariff 097	397	1640000565510	Tariff 097	5.043	15.71	2.18	2.18	-5.424	439.76	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 098	437	1640000598205	Export Tariff 098	427	1640000598214	Tariff 098	0.620	155.62	2.04	2.04	0.000	19328.01	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 099	457	1640000580634, 1640000603050	Export Tariff 099	-		Tariff 099	0.241	910.92	5.56	5.56				
Import Tariff 100	417	1640000625036	Export Tariff 100	407	1640000625045	Tariff 100	0.765	21.11	3.99	3.99	0.000	950.02	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 101	467	1640000639298	Export Tariff 101	477	1640000639312	Tariff 101	2.761	23.62	3.09	3.09	-4.933	704.97	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 102	108	1640000671751	Export Tariff 102	118	1640000671770	Tariff 102	2.761	32.36	3.09	3.09	-4.933	772.71	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 103						Tariff 103*	2.437	12238.18	1.99	1.99				
Import Tariff 104	549	1640000624636, 1640000626545				Tariff 104	1.775	11213.15	4.15	4.15				
Import Tariff 105	128	1640000612659	Export Tariff 105	138	1640000612668	Tariff 105	0.004	6.24	1.82	1.82	-0.161	449.22	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 106	599	tbc	Export Tariff 106	609	tbc	Tariff 106	2.039	356.16	2.17	2.17	-2.306	42.74	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 107	579	1640000603060, 1640000603079	Export Tariff 107	589	1640000603088, 1640000603097	Tariff 107	0.625	4288.00	2.95	2.95	0.000	3375.07	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 108	487	1640000695390	Export Tariff 108	497	1640000695441	Tariff 108	0.180	537.40	1.49	1.49	-0.216	537.40	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 109	517	1640000701732	Export Tariff 109	527	1640000701723	Tariff 109	0.643	12.14	2.26	2.26	0.000	497.94	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 110	tbc	tbc	Export Tariff 110	tbc	tbc	Tariff 110	0.247	309.67	2.66	2.66	-1.608	309.67	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 111	MSID 7358, 7359	MSID 7358, 7359	Export Tariff 111	MSID 7358, 7359	MSID 7358, 7359	Tariff 111	1.192	18.57	2.57	2.57	-2.424	436.90	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 112	tbc	tbc	Export Tariff 112	tbc	tbc	Tariff 112	0.188	9.82	1.93	1.93	-0.502	975.51	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 113	148	1640000796628	Export Tariff 113	158	1640000796637	Tariff 113	2.592	5.62	3.33	3.33	-4.914	449.84	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 114	tbc	tbc	Export Tariff 114	tbc	tbc	Tariff 114	0.176	215.61	3.09	3.09	-2.149	4937.66	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 115	MSID 7362, 7363	MSID 7362, 7363	Export Tariff 115	MSID 7362, 7363	MSID 7362, 7363	Tariff 115	0.631	18.57	2.61	2.61	-1.914	436.90	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 116	MSID 7364, 7365	MSID 7364, 7365	Export Tariff 116	MSID 7364, 7365	MSID 7364, 7365	Tariff 116	0.145	31.03	1.85	1.85	-0.408	730.33	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 117	tbc	tbc	Export Tariff 117	tbc	tbc	Tariff 117	0.000	1384.10	1.89	1.89	-0.459	1384.10	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 118	308		Export Tariff 118	318		Tariff 118	1.910	43.08	2.57	2.57	-3.137	1723.39	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 119	208	1640000796585	Export Tariff 119	218	1640000796619	Tariff 119	0.067	25.09	2.89	2.89	-1.945	1672.45	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 120	288		Export Tariff 120	298		Tariff 120	0.247	25.00	2.66	2.66	-1.608	1249.85	0.05	0.05

Import Tariff 121	tbc	tbc	Export Tariff 121	tbc	tbc	Tariff 121	2.318	828.61	2.21	2.21	-3.024	828.61	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 122	188	1640000795410	Export Tariff 122	198	1640000814427	Tariff 122	0.000	773.99	1.66	1.66	0.000	773.99	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 123	248		Export Tariff 123	258		Tariff 123	2.761	470.81	3.23	3.23	-4.933	470.81	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 124	268		Export Tariff 124	278		Tariff 124	0.000	21.78	3.84	3.84	-3.039	1089.19	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 125	MSID 7350	MSID 7350	Export Tariff 125	MSID 7350	MSID 7350	Tariff 125	0.000	0.00	1.55	1.55	-0.094	0.00	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 126	228	1640000815625	Export Tariff 126	238	1640000817622	Tariff 126	1.118	227.73	2.52	2.52	-2.271	227.73	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 127	168	1640000796804	Export Tariff 127	178	1640000796813	Tariff 127	0.000	16.92	2.03	2.03	-0.459	676.71	0.05	0.05
Import Tariff 128	tbc	tbc	Export Tariff 128	tbc	tbc	Tariff 128	2.329	148.90	2.93	2.93	-4.075	2382.34	0.05	0.05

^{*} Tariff withdrawn as site now has an export connection, revised tariffs are shown in Annex 6

	d/additional	LLF class	ses		
None.					

Annex 4 - Charges applied to LDNOs with LV and HV end-users

	Electricity No	rth West Lim	ited - Effective
Time Band	s for Half Hourly Metered Pr	operties	
Time periods	Red Time Band	Amber Time Band	Green Time Band
Monday to Friday (Including Bank Holidays) All Year	16:00 to 19:00	09:00 to 16:00 19:00 to 20:30	00.00 - 09.00 20.30 - 24.00
Saturday and Sunday All Year		16:00 to 19:00	00.00 - 16.00 19.00 - 24.00
Notes	All the ab	ove times are in UK	Clock time

Time Bands for Half Hourly Unmetered Properties							
	Black Time Band	Yellow Time Band	Green Time Band				
Monday to Friday (Including Bank Holidays) March to October Inclusive		09.00 - 20.30	00.00 - 09.00 20.30 - 24.00				
Monday to Friday (Including Bank Holidays) November to February Inclusive	16:00 to 19:00	09:00 - 16.00 19.00 - 20.30	00.00 - 09.00 20.30 - 24.00				
Saturday and Sunday All year		16:00 to 19:00	00.00 - 16.00 19.00 - 24.00				
Notes	All the above times are in UK Clock time						

Tariff name	Unique billing identifier	PCs	Unit charge 1 (NHH) or red/black charge (HH) p/kWh	Unit charge 2 (NHH) or amber/yellow charge (HH) p/kWh	Green charge(HH) p/kWh	Fixed charge p/MPAN/day	Capacity charge p/kVA/day	Exceeded capacity charge p/kVA/day	Reactive power charge p/kVArh
LDNO LV: Domestic Unrestricted	LV010 (L01)	1	1.410			2.52			
LDNO LV: Domestic Two Rate	LV020 (L03)	2	1.683	0.441		2.52			
LDNO LV: Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	LV030	2	0.472						
LDNO LV: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted	LV040 (L02)	3	1.491			2.52			
LDNO LV: Small Non Domestic Two Rate	LV050 (L04)	4	1.560	0.427		2.52			
LDNO LV: Small Non Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	LV060	4	0.430						
LDNO LV: LV Medium Non-Domestic	LV070 (L07)	5-8	1.407	0.406		14.32			
LDNO LV: LV Network Domestic	LV100	0	6.229	1.242	0.424	2.52			
LDNO LV: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT	LV110	0	6.536	1.290	0.430	2.52			
LDNO LV: LV HH Metered	LV120	0	4.782	0.965	0.391	10.04	2.19	3.33	0.104
LDNO LV: NHH UMS category A	LV150	8	2.240						
LDNO LV: NHH UMS category B	LV160	1	2.314						
LDNO LV: NHH UMS category C	LV170	1	2.840						
LDNO LV: NHH UMS category D	LV180	1	2.210						
LDNO LV: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	LV190	0	14.087	2.330	1.632				
LDNO LV: LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	LV200 (L09)	8&0	-0.989			0.00			
LDNO LV: LV Generation Intermittent	LV220	0	-0.989			0.00			0.131
LDNO LV: LV Generation Non-Intermittent	LV230	0	-6.686	-1.059	-0.137	0.00			0.131

LDNO HV tariffs have been amended from the opriginal publication following the granting of derogations by Ofgem: www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2020/02/202021_duos_charges_-_decision_and_direction_v2.pdf

				Unit charge 1	Unit charge 2					
1968 1968 1969	Tariff name		PCs	(NHH) or red/black charge (HH)	(NHH) or amber/yellow charge (HH)				charge	charge
	LDNO HV: Domestic Unrestricted	HV010 (H01)	1		priceri		1.74			
Company Comp	LDNO HV: Domestic Two Rate	HV020 (H03)	2	1.162	0.304		1.74			
1989 1989	LDNO HV: Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	HV030	2	0.326						
	LDNO HV: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted	HV040 (H02)	3	1.030			1.74			
	LDNO HV: Small Non Domestic Two Rate	HV050 (H04)			0.295					
Common C	LDNO HV: Small Non Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)		4	0.297						
Common C	LDNO HV: LV Medium Non-Domestic	HV070 (H07)	5-8	0.972	0.280		9.89			
Common Common Name Common	LDNO HV: LV Network Domestic					0.293				
Control Cont	LDNO HV: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT									
CROP INT LY Did NºT Mercerd	LDNO HV: LV HH Metered		0	3.303		0.270	6.94	1.52	2.30	0.072
1900 PM 1900	LDNO HV: LV Sub HH Metered	HV130	0	4.171	0.858	0.403	35.28		4.28	0.085
Company Comp	LDNO HV: HV HH Metered									
Company Comp	LDNO HV: NHH UMS category A									
Company Comp		HV160	1							
March Marc										
1.000 Nr. LV UNES (Pascols NH Maternal)										
LINDO HY LLY Communication Nivert or Aggregate Hel	LDNO HV: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)				1,609	1,127				
LONG HP. LY Sub-Generation NNH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					21	0.00			
DECO PRY. LY Concentration Note Instruction No. 1972 0										
DEDIT Nº L'IV Generation Non-intermittent Nº 1/20		, ,								0.424
LINDO Wy. LV Sub Generation Internations					4.050	0.407				
LIND OF IVE LY Sub-Generation Non-Intermittent					-1.059	-0.137				
LDIO IN: IN' Generation Intermittent						0.400				
LDNO Hybris Domestic Unrestricted HP020 1 0.805 LDNO Hybris Domestic Unrestricted HP020 2 0.060 0.052 LDNO Hybris Domestic Two Rate HP020 2 0.060 0.051 LDNO Hybris Small Non Domestic Unrestricted HP020 3 0.061 LDNO Hybris Small Non Domestic Unrestricted HP020 4 0.080 0.081 LDNO Hybris Small Non Domestic Unrestricted HP020 4 0.080 0.081 LDNO Hybris Small Non Domestic Unrestricted HP020 4 0.080 0.244 1.44 LDNO Hybris Small Non Domestic Unrestricted HP020 5 8 0.000 0.222 8.17 LDNO Hybris LV State Medium Non-Domestic HP020 5 8 0.000 0.232 8.17 LDNO Hybris LV State Medium Non-Domestic HP020 5 8 0.000 0.232 1.500 LDNO Hybris LV State Medium Non-Domestic HP020 5 8 0.000 0.232 1.500 LDNO Hybris LV State Non-Domestic HP020 5 8 0.000 0.232 1.500 LDNO Hybris LV State Non-Domestic HP020 0 3.355 0.700 0.242 1.44 LDNO Hybris LV State Non-Domestic Non-Domestic HP020 0 3.355 0.700 0.242 1.44 LDNO Hybris LV State Non-Domestic Non-Domestic HP100 0 3.370 0.370 0.370 0.381 0.381 1.500 LDNO Hybris LV State Non-Domestic Non-Domesti					-0.816	-0.107				
LDNO Hypius: Dementic Three Rate						0.004				
LDNO Hyplus: Demestic Two Rate					-0.541	-0.074				0.087
LDNO Hyplus: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted										
LDNO Hyplus: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted					0.252		1.44			
LDNO Hyplus: Small Non Domestic Two Rate										
LDNO HVplus: Vs but Medium Non-Domestic HP070 5-8 0.803 0.232 8.17										
LDNO HVplus: LV Medium Non-Domestic					0.244		1.44			
LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Medium Non-Domestic										
LDNO HVplus: LV Network Domestic										
LDNO HVplus: LV Network Domestic HP100 0 3.555 0.709 0.242 1.44										
LDNO HVplus: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT HP110 0 3.730 0.736 0.246 1.44										
LDNO HVplus: LV HM Metered HP120 0 2.729 0.551 0.223 5.73 1.25 1.90 0.059 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub HH Metered HP130 0 3.353 0.689 0.324 28.36 1.96 3.44 0.068 LDNO HVplus: HV HH Metered HP140 0 2.796 0.606 0.354 73.01 2.07 3.96 0.054 LDNO HVplus: NH UMS category A HP150 8 1.279										
LDNO HVplus: LV Sub HH Metered HP130 0 3.353 0.689 0.324 28.36 1.96 3.44 0.068 LDNO HVplus: HV HH Metered HP140 0 2.796 0.606 0.354 73.01 2.07 3.96 0.054 LDNO HVplus: NHH UMS category A HP150 8 1.279	LDNO HVplus: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT									
LDNO HVplus: NH UMS category A HP150 8 1.279										
LDNO HVplus: NHH UMS category A	•									
LDNO HVplus: NHH UMS category B					0.606	0.354	73.01	2.07	3.96	0.054
LDNO HVplus: NHH UMS category C										
LDNO HVplus: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	LDNO HVplus: NHH UMS category B		1							
LDNO HVplus: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	LDNO HVplus: NHH UMS category C									
LDNO HVplus: LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	LDNO HVplus: NHH UMS category D	HP180	1							
LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation NHH HP210 8 -0.522 0.00 0.074 LDNO HVplus: LV Generation Intermittent HP220 0 -0.560 0.00 0.074 LDNO HVplus: LV Generation Non-Intermittent HP230 0 -3.785 -0.599 -0.078 0.00 0.074 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Intermittent HP240 0 -0.522 0.00 0.073 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent HP250 0 -3.602 -0.541 -0.071 0.00 0.073	LDNO HVplus: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)		0		1.330	0.931				
LDNO HVplus: LV Generation Intermittent HP220 0 -0.560 0.00 0.074 LDNO HVplus: LV Generation Non-Intermittent HP230 0 -3.785 -0.599 -0.078 0.00 0.074 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Intermittent HP240 0 -0.522 0.00 0.073 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent HP250 0 -3.602 -0.541 -0.071 0.00 0.073	LDNO HVplus: LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	HP200	8	-0.560			0.00			
LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent HP240 0 -3.785 -0.599 -0.078 0.00 0.074 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Intermittent HP240 0 -0.522 0.00 0.073 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent HP250 0 -3.602 -0.541 -0.071 0.00 0.073	LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation NHH	HP210	8	-0.522			0.00			
LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Intermittent HP240 0 -0.522 0.00 0.073 LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent HP250 0 -3.602 -0.541 -0.071 0.00 0.073	LDNO HVplus: LV Generation Intermittent	HP220	0	-0.560			0.00			0.074
LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent HP250 0 -3.602 -0.541 -0.071 0.00 0.073	LDNO HVplus: LV Generation Non-Intermittent	HP230	0	-3.785	-0.599	-0.078	0.00			0.074
	LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Intermittent	HP240	0	-0.522			0.00			0.073
LDNO HVplus: HV Generation Intermittent HP260 0 -0.568 7.42 0.087	LDNO HVplus: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent	HP250	0	-3.602	-0.541	-0.071	0.00			0.073
	LDNO HVplus: HV Generation Intermittent	HP260	0	-0.568			7.42			0.087
LDNO HVplus: HV Generation Non-Intermittent HP270 0 -4.089 -0.541 -0.074 7.42 0.087	LDNO HVplus: HV Generation Non-Intermittent	HP270	0	-4.089	-0.541	-0.074	7.42			0.087

Tariff name	Unique billing identifier	PCs	Unit charge 1 (NHH) or red/black charge (HH)	Unit charge 2 (NHH) or amber/yellow charge (HH)	Green charge(HH) p/kWh	Fixed charge p/MPAN/day	Capacity charge p/kVA/day	Exceeded capacity charge p/kVA/day	Reactive power charge p/kVArh
LDNO EHV: Domestic Unrestricted	EH010 (E01)	1	p/kWh 0.637	p/kWh		1.14			
LDNO EHV: Domestic Two Rate	EH020 (E03)	2	0.760	0.199		1.14			
LDNO EHV: Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	EH030	2	0.213	0.133		1.14			
,									
LDNO EHV: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted	EH040 (E02)	3	0.673			1.14			
LDNO EHV: Small Non Domestic Two Rate	EH050 (E04)	4	0.704	0.193		1.14			
LDNO EHV: Small Non Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	EH060	4	0.194						
LDNO EHV: LV Medium Non-Domestic	EH070 (E07)	5-8	0.635	0.183		6.46			
LDNO EHV: LV Sub Medium Non-Domestic	EH080	5-8	0.830	0.268		31.39			
LDNO EHV: HV Medium Non-Domestic	EH090	5-8	0.708	0.287		123.44			
LDNO EHV: LV Network Domestic	EH100	0	2.813	0.561	0.191	1.14			
LDNO EHV: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT	EH110	0	2.951	0.583	0.194	1.14			
LDNO EHV: LV HH Metered	EH120	0	2.159	0.436	0.176	4.54	0.99	1.50	0.047
LDNO EHV: LV Sub HH Metered	EH130	0	2.653	0.546	0.256	22.44	1.55	2.72	0.054
LDNO EHV: HV HH Metered	EH140	0	2.212	0.479	0.280	57.77	1.64	3.13	0.042
LDNO EHV: NHH UMS category A	EH150	8	1.012						
LDNO EHV: NHH UMS category B	EH160	1	1.045						
LDNO EHV: NHH UMS category C	EH170	1	1.282						
LDNO EHV: NHH UMS category D	EH180	1	0.998						
LDNO EHV: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	EH190	0	6.361	1.052	0.737				
LDNO EHV: LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	EH190	8	-0.443	1.002	0.737	0.00			
LDNO EHV: LV Sub Generation NHH	EH210 (E10)	8	-0.413			0.00			
LDNO EHV: LV Generation Intermittent	EH220	0	-0.443			0.00			0.059
LDNO EHV: LV Generation Non-Intermittent	EH230	0	-2.995	-0.474	-0.061	0.00			0.059
LDNO EHV: LV Sub Generation Intermittent	EH240	0	-0.413			0.00			0.058
LDNO EHV: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent	EH250	0	-2.851	-0.428	-0.056	0.00			0.058
LDNO EHV: HV Generation Intermittent	EH260	0	-0.449			5.87			0.069
LDNO EHV: HV Generation Non-Intermittent	EH270	0	-3.235	-0.428	-0.059	5.87			0.069
LDNO 132kV/EHV: Domestic Unrestricted	KE010	1	0.532			0.95			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: Domestic Two Rate	KE020	2	0.635	0.166		0.95			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	KE030	2	0.178						
LDNO 132kV/EHV: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted	KE040	3	0.563			0.95			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: Small Non Domestic Two Rate	KE050	4	0.588	0.161		0.95			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: Small Non Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	KE060	4	0.162						
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Medium Non-Domestic	KE070	5-8	0.531	0.153		5.40			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Sub Medium Non-Domestic	KE080	5-8	0.694	0.224		26.22			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: HV Medium Non-Domestic	KE090	5-8	0.592	0.240		103.13			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Network Domestic	KE100	0	2.350	0.468	0.160	0.95			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT	KE100	0	2.466	0.468	0.160	0.95			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV HH Metered							0.03	1.25	0.020
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV HH Metered LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Sub HH Metered	KE120	0	1.804	0.364	0.147	3.79	0.83	1.25	0.039
	KE130	0	2.217	0.456	0.214	18.75	1.29	2.28	0.045
LDNO 132kV/EHV: HV HH Metered	KE140	0	1.848	0.400	0.234	48.27	1.37	2.62	0.035
LDNO 132kV/EHV: NHH UMS category A	KE150	8	0.845						
LDNO 132kV/EHV: NHH UMS category B	KE160	1	0.873						
LDNO 132kV/EHV: NHH UMS category C	KE170	1	1.071						
LDNO 132kV/EHV: NHH UMS category D	KE180	1	0.834						
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	KE190	0	5.314	0.879	0.616				
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	KE200	8	-0.370			0.00			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Sub Generation NHH	KE210	8	-0.345			0.00			
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Generation Intermittent	KE220	0	-0.370			0.00			0.049
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Generation Non-Intermittent	KE230	0	-2.502	-0.396	-0.051	0.00			0.049
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Sub Generation Intermittent	KE240	0	-0.345			0.00			0.048
LDNO 132kV/EHV: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent	KE250	0	-2.382	-0.357	-0.047	0.00			0.048
LDNO 132kV/EHV: HV Generation Intermittent	KE260	0	-0.375			4.91			0.058
LDNO 132kV/EHV: HV Generation Non-Intermittent	KE270	0	-2.703	-0.358	-0.049	4.91			0.058
			2.103	0.000	0.045				0.000

Tariff name	Unique billing identifier	PCs	Unit charge 1 (NHH) or red/black charge (HH)	Unit charge 2 (NHH) or amber/yellow charge (HH)	Green charge(HH) p/kWh	Fixed charge p/MPAN/day	Capacity charge p/kVA/day	Exceeded capacity charge p/kVA/day	Reactive power charge p/kVArh
LDNO 132kV: Domestic Unrestricted	KV010	1	p/kWh 0.401	p/kWh		0.72			
LDNO 132kV: Domestic Two Rate	KV020	2	0.478	0.125		0.72			
LDNO 132kV: Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	KV030	2	0.134	0.123		0.72			
LDNO 132kV: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted	KV040	3	0.424			0.72			
	KV050	4	0.424	0.121		0.72			
LDNO 132kV: Small Non Domestic Two Rate				0.121		0.72			
LDNO 132kV: Small Non Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	KV060	4	0.122						
LDNO 132kV: LV Medium Non-Domestic	KV070	5-8	0.400	0.115		4.07			
LDNO 132kV: LV Sub Medium Non-Domestic	KV080	5-8	0.522	0.169		19.74			
LDNO 132kV: HV Medium Non-Domestic	KV090	5-8	0.446	0.180		77.65			
LDNO 132kV: LV Network Domestic	KV100	0	1.769	0.353	0.120	0.72			
LDNO 132kV: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT	KV110	0	1.857	0.366	0.122	0.72			
LDNO 132kV: LV HH Metered	KV120	0	1.358	0.274	0.111	2.85	0.62	0.94	0.029
LDNO 132kV: LV Sub HH Metered	KV130	0	1.669	0.343	0.161	14.12	0.97	1.71	0.034
LDNO 132kV: HV HH Metered	KV140	0	1.392	0.302	0.176	36.34	1.03	1.97	0.027
LDNO 132kV: NHH UMS category A	KV150	8	0.636						
LDNO 132kV: NHH UMS category B	KV160	1	0.657						
LDNO 132kV: NHH UMS category C	KV170	1	0.807						
LDNO 132kV: NHH UMS category D	KV180	1	0.628						
LDNO 132kV: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	KV190	0	4.001	0.662	0.464				
LDNO 132kV: LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	KV200	8	-0.279			0.00			
LDNO 132kV: LV Sub Generation NHH	KV210	8	-0.260			0.00			
LDNO 132kV: LV Generation Intermittent	KV220	0	-0.279			0.00			0.037
LDNO 132kV: LV Generation Non-Intermittent	KV230	0	-1.884	-0.298	-0.039	0.00			0.037
LDNO 132kV: LV Sub Generation Intermittent	KV240	0	-0.260			0.00			0.036
LDNO 132kV: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent	KV250	0	-1.793	-0.269	-0.035	0.00			0.036
LDNO 132kV: HV Generation Intermittent	KV260	0	-0.283			3.69			0.043
LDNO 132kV: HV Generation Non-Intermittent	KV270	0	-2.035	-0.269	-0.037	3.69			0.043
LDNO 0000: Domestic Unrestricted	ZZ010	1	0.142			0.25			
LDNO 0000: Domestic Two Rate	ZZ020	2	0.170	0.045		0.25			
LDNO 0000: Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	ZZ030	2	0.048						
LDNO 0000: Small Non Domestic Unrestricted	ZZ040	3	0.151			0.25			
LDNO 0000: Small Non Domestic Two Rate	ZZ050	4	0.158	0.043		0.25			
LDNO 0000: Small Non Domestic Off Peak (related MPAN)	ZZ060	4	0.043						
LDNO 0000: LV Medium Non-Domestic	ZZ070	5-8	0.142	0.041		1.45			
LDNO 0000: LV Sub Medium Non-Domestic	ZZ080	5-8	0.186	0.060		7.02			
LDNO 0000: HV Medium Non-Domestic	ZZ090	5-8	0.159	0.064		27.62			
LDNO 0000: LV Network Domestic	ZZ100	0	0.629	0.125	0.043	0.25			
LDNO 0000: LV Network Non-Domestic Non-CT	ZZ110	0	0.660	0.130	0.043	0.25			
LDNO 0000: LV HH Metered	ZZ120	0	0.483	0.098	0.039	1.01	0.22	0.34	0.010
LDNO 0000: LV Sub HH Metered	ZZ130	0	0.594	0.122	0.057	5.02	0.35	0.61	0.012
LDNO 0000: HV HH Metered	ZZ140	0	0.495	0.107	0.063	12.93	0.37	0.70	0.010
LDNO 0000: NHH UMS category A	ZZ150	8	0.226						
LDNO 0000: NHH UMS category B	ZZ160	1	0.234						
LDNO 0000: NHH UMS category C	ZZ170	1	0.234						
	ZZ170 ZZ180	1	0.287						
LDNO 0000: NHH UMS category D				0.005	0.165				
LDNO 0000: LV UMS (Pseudo HH Metered)	ZZ190	0	1.423	0.235	0.165	0.00			
LDNO 0000: LV Generation NHH or Aggregate HH	ZZ200	8	-0.099			0.00			
LDNO 0000: LV Sub Generation NHH	ZZ210	8	-0.092			0.00			
LDNO 0000: LV Generation Intermittent	ZZ220	0	-0.099			0.00			0.013
LDNO 0000: LV Generation Non-Intermittent	ZZ230	0	-0.670	-0.106	-0.014	0.00			0.013
LDNO 0000: LV Sub Generation Intermittent	ZZ240	0	-0.092			0.00			0.013
LDNO 0000: LV Sub Generation Non-Intermittent	ZZ250	0	-0.638	-0.096	-0.013	0.00			0.013
LDNO 0000: HV Generation Intermittent	ZZ260	0	-0.101			1.31			0.015
LDNO 0000: HV Generation Non-Intermittent	ZZ270	0	-0.724	-0.096	-0.013	1.31			0.015

Annex 5 - Schedule of line loss factors

These line loss factors are illustrative based on the latest calculated values and are published in good faith. However, the line loss factors that are approved by the BSC Panel for the applicable year and consequently published on the Elexon website will take precedence and be used in Settlement if they differ from these values.

Electricity	Electricity North West Limited - Illustrative LLFs for year beginning 1 April 2020								
Time periods	Period 1	Period 1 Period 2		Period 4					
Time perious	Winter Peak	Winter Daytime	Night	Other					
Monday to Friday March to October			00:00 - 07:00	07:00 - 00:00					
Monday to Friday November to February	16:00 – 19:00	07:00 - 16:00 19:00 - 00:00	00:00 - 07:00						
Saturday and Sunday All Year			00:00 - 07:00	07:00 - 00:00					
Notes	All the above times are in UK	Clock time							

	Generic demand and generation LLFs									
	Metered voltage, respective periods and associated LLFCs									
Metered voltage	Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Associated LLFC					
Low-voltage network	1.108	1.098	1.079	1.089	11, 31, 41, 51, 61, 81, 91, 131, 161, 171, 191, 241, 431, 441, 451, 481, 511, 531, 581, 591, 631, 661, 751, 761, 771, 781, 791, 801, 811, 821, 831, 841, 851, 861, 901, 961, 971, 981					
Low-voltage substation	1.052	1.049	1.048	1.047	242, 432, 482, 752, 802, 842, 962, 972, 982					
High-voltage network	1.038	1.035	1.029	1.032	483, 753, 803, 843, 973, 983					
High-voltage substation	1.026	1.025	1.022	1.023	109, 119, 129, 139, 149, 159, 169, 179, 189, 199, 209, 219, 229, 239, 249, 259, 269, 289, 299, 309, 319, 329, 339, 349, 359, 369, 379, 389, 419, 439, 459, 469, 479, 489, 499, 509, 519, 529, 539, 549, 579, 589, 599, 609, 619, 629, 639, 649, 659, 669, 679, 689, 699, 709, 719, 729, 739, 749, 759, 809					
33kV generic	1.021	1.019	1.016	1.018						
132kV to 33kV generic	1.015	1.014	1.011	1.012						
132kV generic	1.009	1.009	1.006	1.007						

EHV site specific LLFs								
		Der	mand					
Site	Site Period 1 Period 2 Period 3 Period 4 Associated LLFC							
Tariff 001	1.027	1.027	1.027	1.027	610			
Tariff 002	1.003	1.003	1.003	1.003	500			

Tariff 003	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.002	650
Tariff 004	1.054	1.054	1.054	1.054	660
Tariff 005	1.030	1.030	1.030	1.030	640
Tariff 006	1.016	1.016	1.016	1.016	700
Tariff 007	1.013	1.013	1.013	1.013	900
Tariff 008	1.003	1.003	1.003	1.003	670
Tariff 009	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	320
Tariff 010	1.019	1.019	1.019	1.019	850
Tariff 011	1.014	1.014	1.014	1.014	450
Tariff 012	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	460
Tariff 013	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	680
Tariff 014	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	520
Tariff 015	1.073	1.073	1.073	1.073	510
Tariff 016	1.018	1.018	1.018	1.018	530
Tariff 017	1.019	1.019	1.019	1.019	540
Tariff 018	1.125	1.125	1.125	1.125	550
Tariff 019	1.007	1.007	1.007	1.007	810
Tariff 020	1.011	1.011	1.011	1.011	830
Tariff 021	1.003	1.003	1.003	1.003	960
Tariff 022	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	370
Tariff 023	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	410
Tariff 024	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	430
Tariff 025	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	340
Tariff 026	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	480
Tariff 027	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	600
Tariff 028	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	980
Tariff 029	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	280
Tariff 030	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	260
Tariff 031	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	180

Tariff 032	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	200
Tariff 033	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	140
Tariff 034	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	160
Tariff 035	1.008	1.008	1.008	1.008	950
Tariff 036	1.008	1.008	1.008	1.008	910
Tariff 067	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	110
Tariff 068	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	220
Tariff 069	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	80
Tariff 070	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	40
Tariff 071	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	60
Tariff 072	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	68
Tariff 073	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	20
Tariff 074	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	10
Tariff 075	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	88
Tariff 076	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	237
Tariff 077	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	257
Tariff 078	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	277
Tariff 079	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	297
Tariff 080	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	187
Tariff 081	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	207
Tariff 082	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	MSID 7039, MSID 7040
Tariff 083	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	MSID 7107
Tariff 088	1.012	1.012	1.012	1.012	MSID 2037, MSID 2038
Tariff 089	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	MSID 7156
Tariff 090	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	MSID 0437
Tariff 093	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	307
Tariff 094	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	327
Tariff 095	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	347
Tariff 096	1.008	1.008	1.008	1.008	367

Tariff 097	1.008	1.008	1.008	1.008	387
Tariff 098	1.014	1.014	1.014	1.014	437
Tariff 099	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.002	457
Tariff 100	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	417
Tariff 101	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	467
Tariff 102	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	108
Tariff 105	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	128
Tariff 108	1.020	1.020	1.020	1.020	487
Tariff 109	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	517
Tariff 111	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	MSID 7358
Tariff 113	1.011	1.011	1.011	1.011	148
Tariff 115	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	MSID 7362
Tariff 116	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997	MSID 7364
Tariff 118	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	308
Tariff 119	1.003	1.003	1.003	1.003	208
Tariff 120	1.007	1.007	1.007	1.007	288
Tariff 122	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.001	188
Tariff 123	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	248
Tariff 124	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	268
Tariff 125	0.994	0.994	0.994	0.994	MSID 7350
Tariff 126	1.011	1.011	1.011	1.011	228
Tariff 127	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.001	168

EHV site specific LLFs										
Generation										
Site	Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Associated LLFC					
Tariff 008	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	217					
Tariff 012	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	470					
Tariff 013	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	690					

Tariff 014	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	730
Tariff 015	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	720
Tariff 016	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	770
Tariff 017	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.001	740
Tariff 018	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.001	750
Tariff 019	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.001	820
Tariff 020	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.001	840
Tariff 021	0.995	0.995	0.995	0.995	970
Tariff 022	0.993	0.993	0.993	0.993	360
Tariff 023	0.992	0.992	0.992	0.992	420
Tariff 024	0.991	0.991	0.991	0.991	440
Tariff 025	0.977	0.977	0.977	0.977	350
Tariff 026	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997	490
Tariff 027	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	590
Tariff 028	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	990
Tariff 029	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	290
Tariff 030	0.993	0.993	0.993	0.993	270
Tariff 031	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	190
Tariff 032	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	210
Tariff 033	0.991	0.991	0.991	0.991	150
Tariff 034	1.013	1.013	1.013	1.013	170
Tariff 067	1.001	1.001	1.001	1.001	120
Tariff 068	1.013	1.013	1.013	1.013	230
Tariff 069	0.982	0.982	0.982	0.982	90
Tariff 070	1.013	1.013	1.013	1.013	50
Tariff 071	0.996	0.996	0.996	0.996	70
Tariff 072	0.996	0.996	0.996	0.996	78
Tariff 073	0.992	0.992	0.992	0.992	30
Tariff 074	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	100

Tariff 075	0.984	0.984	0.984	0.984	98
Tariff 076	0.995	0.995	0.995	0.995	227
Tariff 077	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	247
Tariff 078	0.991	0.991	0.991	0.991	267
Tariff 079	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	287
Tariff 080	0.995	0.995	0.995	0.995	177
Tariff 081	0.992	0.992	0.992	0.992	197
Tariff 082	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	MSID 7039, MSID 7040
Tariff 083	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	MSID 7107
Tariff 088	1.012	1.012	1.012	1.012	MSID 2037, MSID 2038
Tariff 089	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	MSID 7156
Tariff 090	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	MSID 0437
Tariff 093	0.995	0.995	0.995	0.995	317
Tariff 094	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997	337
Tariff 095	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997	357
Tariff 096	0.942	0.942	0.942	0.942	377
Tariff 097	0.941	0.941	0.941	0.941	397
Tariff 098	0.987	0.987	0.987	0.987	427
Tariff 100	0.995	0.995	0.995	0.995	407
Tariff 101	0.996	0.996	0.996	0.996	477
Tariff 102	0.994	0.994	0.994	0.994	118
Tariff 105	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997	138
Tariff 108	0.977	0.977	0.977	0.977	497
Tariff 109	0.990	0.990	0.990	0.990	527
Tariff 111	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	MSID 7359
Tariff 113	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	158
Tariff 115	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	MSID 7363
Tariff 116	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997	MSID 7365
Tariff 118	0.995	0.995	0.995	0.995	318

Tariff 119	0.994	0.994	0.994	0.994	218
Tariff 120	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	298
Tariff 122	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	198
Tariff 123	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998	258
Tariff 124	0.996	0.996	0.996	0.996	278
Tariff 125	0.994	0.994	0.994	0.994	MSID 7350
Tariff 126	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.999	238
Tariff 127	0.996	0.996	0.996	0.996	178

Annex 6 - Charges for New or Amended Designated EHV Properties

	Electricity North West Limited - Effective from 1 April 2020 - Final (v3) new designated EHV charges														
Effective from date	Import Unique Identifier	LLFC	Import MPANs/MSIDs	Export Unique Identifier	LLFC	Export MPANs/MSIDs	Name	Import Super Red unit charge (p/kWh)	Import fixed charge (p/day)	Import capacity charge (p/kVA /day)	Import exceeded capacity charge (p/kVA/ day)	Export Super Red unit charge (p/kWh)	Export fixed charge (p/day)	Export capacity charge (p/kVA/day)	Export exceeded capacity charge (p/kVA/ day)
1/4/20	EDCM import 1	500	1620000772484	EDCM export 1	507	1640000719215	Tariff 129	0.290	650.05	3.15	3.15	(1.101)	715.06	0.05	0.05
1/4/20	EDCM import 2	539	164000565041, 164000565097, 164000565102, 164000565111	EDCM export 2	629	1640000565050, 1640000565088	Tariff 130	2.466	11,460.26	1.95	1.95	(2.438)	766.52	0.05	0.05
1/4/20	EDCM import 3	368	1640000905093	EDCM export 3	378	1640000905109	Tariff 131	0.016	27.35	1.83	1.83	(0.430)	4,375.51	0.05	0.05
1/4/20	EDCM import 4	328	1640000892754	EDCM export 4	338	1640000892763	Tariff 132		2,528.88	1.83	1.83	(0.415)	2,528.88	0.05	0.05
1/4/20	EDCM import 5	348	1640000904921	EDCM export 5	358	1640000904930	Tariff 133	1.407	104.90	2.98	2.98	(3.256)	1,678.37	0.05	0.05

Elec	Electricity North West Limited - Effective from 1 April 2020 - Final (v3) new designated EHV line loss factors														
Effective from date	Import Unique Identifier	LLFC	Import MPANs/MSIDs	Export Unique Identifier	LLFC	Export MPANs/MSIDs	Name	Import LLF period 1	Import LLF period 2	Import LLF period 3	Import LLF period 4	Export LLF period 1	Export LLF period 2	Export LLF period 3	Export LLF period 4
1/4/20	EDCM Import 1	500	1620000772484	EDCM Export 1	507	1640000719215	Tariff 129	1.003	1.003	1.003	1.003	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998
1/4/20	EDCM Import 2	539	1640000565041, 1640000565097, 1640000565102, 1640000565111	EDCM Export 2	629	1640000565050, 1640000565088	Tariff 130	1.026	1.025	1.022	1.023	1.026	1.025	1.022	1.023
1/4/20	EDCM Import 3	368	1640000905093	EDCM Export 3	378	1640000905109	Tariff 131	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997
1/4/20	EDCM Import 4	328	1640000892754	EDCM Export 4	338	1640000892763	Tariff 132	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.002	0.998	0.998	0.998	0.998
1/4/20	EDCM Import 5	348	1640000904921	EDCM Export 5	358	1640000904930	Tariff 133	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.997	0.997	0.997	0.997